GRAZ Engineering, LLC 323 West Lake Road • Fitzwilliam, NH 03447 • Telephone (603) 585-6959 • Fax (603) 585-6960

Doyle Avenue, Winchendon, MA - A-N-R Development (Part-2) Owner/Applicant: Asher Construction, LLC; 77 Nashua Road, Sharon, NH 03458 Engineer: GRAZ Engineering, LLC; 323 W. Lake Road; Fitzwilliam, NH 03447

Project Narrative

The proposed project consists of the continuation of a subdivision of two parcels, one on the east side of Doyle Ave, and one on the west side of Doyle Ave, into six and ten lots, respectively. This submittal will focus on the southern section of development on both lots (the six southernmost lots on the western side of Doyle, and the three southernmost lots on the eastern side of Doyle. All lots to be subdivided are A-N-R Single Family House Lots. Per Winchendon's Stormwater Bylaw, a Stormwater Permit is required because of the total disturbance on the lot to develop these houses (5 acres) is over the maximum allowable disturbance without a Stormwater Permit (1.0 Acre). To achieve the requirements of the Stormwater Bylaw, we have designed several infiltration systems to reduce the flow onto each street that abut the lots. These infiltration systems have been designed to retain a 1 inch x impervious area, which is adequate to treat stormwater to a 90% TSS and 60% TP standard per Winchendon Stormwater Management Regulations Section 8.(D)(1)(b).

These lots are large in size and consist of several wetland areas/intermittent streams throughout the wetland. These lots will all be serviced by private water and septic systems, which resulted in the houses being proposed away from the wetlands near the roadway. The topography slopes moderately to the south-southwest to a very large swamp. From the swamp, water flows along a stream into Lake Dennison.

Test pits were conducted for the on-site septic systems on January 24, 2022, March 7, 2022, and November 21, 2022 by GRAZ Engineering. These test pits were dug to depths of 6'+/- with refusals only in the southwest corner of the development on Lot-245. Estimated seasonal high-water table was reported at 18" at the lowest, 40" at the highest. The soils were Fine & Loamy Sand/ Granular Sandy Loam. WebSoilSurvey reports that the soil is consistent throughout the site as a 908C – Becket-skerry association – extremely stony, with a pocket of 351B – Becket Fine Sandy Loam. Further soil testing was conducted on July 20, 2023 to determine seasonal high groundwater elevations underneath all of the infiltration practices. Further soil testing is to be conducted for septic systems on lots-246, 247, and a new proposed lot between the two (Proposed Lot-A on the A-N-R submitted herewith).

Although the infiltration basin to groundwater separation is two feet in all of the proposed basins, mounding analyses were not conducted as recharge has been omitted in the hydrology model, and it is not being used to attenuate the 10-year storm.

Hydrology Report Narrative

For the Hydrology Model, we analyzed the peak flow at four analysis points, which are 34R, where the southwest corner of Lot-245 sheds to Hitchcock Road, 2R, the large swamp that all drainage within the development typically drains to, 4P, the culvert under Doyle Ave, and 35R, the wetland area to the southeast of the development that flows to Hitchcock Road. These analyses were conducted for the 2, 10, 25, 50 and 100-year storms events. The rainfall data was obtained from NOAA Atlas 14.

The enclosed analyses document the 'pre' and 'post' development stormwater runoff for the 2, 10, 25, 50 and 100-year storm events. The peak flowrates of runoff are compared as follows (cfs):

	<u>2 year</u>	10 year	25 year	50 year	<u>100 year</u>
34R–Hitchcock Road (West) Pre	0.49	1.40	2.05	2.56	3.12
34R–Hitchcock Road (West) Post	0.32	1.21	1.75	2.13	2.55
2R–Wetland Pre	21.40	59.50	86.46	107.67	131.59
2R–Wetland Post	20.91	57.04	83.47	104.59	128.47
4P–Doyle Ave Culvert Pre	17.64	48.60	70.73	88.09	107.59
4P–Doyle Ave Culvert Post	16.96	45.95	66.64	82.81	100.92
35R–Hitchcock Road (East) Pre	6.76	18.89	27.65	34.50	42.20
35R–Hitchcock Road (East) Post	6.60	18.43	26.93	33.61	41.12

The volumes of runoff are compared as follows (acre-feet):

	<u>2 year</u>	10 year	25 year	50 year	<u>100 year</u>
34R–Hitchcock Road (West) Pre	0.034	0.084	0.120	0.149	0.181
34R–Hitchcock Road (West) Post	0.037	0.088	0.123	0.150	0.180
2R–Wetland Pre	6.648	16.060	22.816	28.130	34.128
2R–Wetland Post	6.802	16.359	23.188	28.550	34.595
4P–Doyle Ave Culvert Pre	4.774	11.533	16.384	20.200	24.507
4P–Doyle Ave Culvert Post	4.840	11.657	16.536	20.370	24.694
35R–Hitchcock Road (East) Pre	0.947	2.338	3.345	4.139	5.038
35R–Hitchcock Road (East) Post	0.943	2.329	3.332	4.124	5.020

A full stormwater report containing the full HydroCAD analysis, sizing calculations, etc. is attached.



United States Department of the Interior

FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE New England Ecological Services Field Office 70 Commercial Street, Suite 300 Concord, NH 03301-5094 Phone: (603) 223-2541 Fax: (603) 223-0104



In Reply Refer To: Project Code: 2023-0008243 Project Name: Doyle Ave A-N-R Development October 25, 2022

Subject: List of threatened and endangered species that may occur in your proposed project location or may be affected by your proposed project

To Whom It May Concern:

Please review this letter each time you request an Official Species List, we will continue to update it with additional information and links to websites may change.

About Official Species Lists

The purpose of the Act is to provide a means whereby threatened and endangered species and the ecosystems upon which they depend may be conserved. Federal and non-Federal project proponents have responsibilities under the Act to consider effects on listed species.

The enclosed species list identifies threatened, endangered, proposed, and candidate species, as well as proposed and final designated critical habitat, that may occur within the boundary of your proposed project and/or may be affected by your proposed project. The species list fulfills the requirements of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Service) under section 7(c) of the Endangered Species Act (Act) of 1973, as amended (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.).

New information based on updated surveys, changes in the abundance and distribution of species, changed habitat conditions, or other factors could change this list. Please note that under 50 CFR 402.12(e) of the regulations implementing section 7 of the Act, the accuracy of this species list should be verified after 90 days. The Service recommends that verification be completed by visiting the ECOS-IPaC website at regular intervals during project planning and implementation for updates to species lists and information. An updated list may be requested by returning to an existing project's page in IPaC.

Endangered Species Act Project Review

Please visit the **"New England Field Office Endangered Species Project Review and Consultation**" website for step-by-step instructions on how to consider effects on listed

species and prepare and submit a project review package if necessary:

https://www.fws.gov/office/new-england-ecological-services/endangered-species-project-review

NOTE Please <u>do not</u> use the **Consultation Package Builder** tool in IPaC except in specific situations following coordination with our office. Please follow the project review guidance on our website instead and reference your **Project Code** in all correspondence.

Northern Long-eared Bat Update - Additionally, please note that on March 23, 2022, the Service published a proposal to reclassify the northern long-eared bat (NLEB) as endangered under the Endangered Species Act. The U.S. District Court for the District of Columbia has ordered the Service to complete a new final listing determination for the NLEB by November 2022 (Case 1:15-cv-00477, March 1, 2021). The bat, currently listed as threatened, faces extinction due to the range-wide impacts of white-nose syndrome (WNS), a deadly fungal disease affecting cave-dwelling bats across the continent. The proposed reclassification, if finalized, would remove the current 4(d) rule for the NLEB, as these rules may be applied only to threatened species. Depending on the type of effects a project has on NLEB, the change in the species' status may trigger the need to re-initiate consultation for any actions that are not completed and for which the Federal action agency retains discretion once the new listing determination becomes effective (anticipated to occur by December 30, 2022). If your project may result in incidental take of NLEB after the new listing goes into effect this will first need to be addressed in an updated consultation that includes an Incidental Take Statement. If your project may require re-initiation of consultation, please contact our office for additional guidance.

Additional Info About Section 7 of the Act

Under section 7(a)(2) of the Act and its implementing regulations (50 CFR 402 et seq.), Federal agencies are required to determine whether projects may affect threatened and endangered species and/or designated critical habitat. If a Federal agency, or its non-Federal representative, determines that listed species and/or designated critical habitat may be affected by the proposed project, the agency is required to consult with the Service pursuant to 50 CFR 402. In addition, the Federal agency also may need to consider proposed species and proposed critical habitat in the consultation. 50 CFR 402.14(c)(1) specifies the information required for consultation under the Act regardless of the format of the evaluation. More information on the regulations and procedures for section 7 consultation, including the role of permit or license applicants, can be found in the "Endangered Species Consultation Handbook" at:

https://www.fws.gov/service/section-7-consultations

In addition to consultation requirements under Section 7(a)(2) of the ESA, please note that under sections 7(a)(1) of the Act and its implementing regulations (50 CFR 402 et seq.), Federal agencies are required to utilize their authorities to carry out programs for the conservation of threatened and endangered species. Please contact NEFO if you would like more information.

Candidate species that appear on the enclosed species list have no current protections under the

ESA. The species' occurrence on an official species list does not convey a requirement to consider impacts to this species as you would a proposed, threatened, or endangered species. The ESA does not provide for interagency consultations on candidate species under section 7, however, the Service recommends that all project proponents incorporate measures into projects to benefit candidate species and their habitats wherever possible.

Migratory Birds

In addition to responsibilities to protect threatened and endangered species under the Endangered Species Act (ESA), there are additional responsibilities under the Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA) and the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act (BGEPA) to protect native birds from project-related impacts. Any activity, intentional or unintentional, resulting in take of migratory birds, including eagles, is prohibited unless otherwise permitted by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (50 C.F.R. Sec. 10.12 and 16 U.S.C. Sec. 668(a)). For more information regarding these Acts see:

https://www.fws.gov/program/migratory-bird-permit

https://www.fws.gov/library/collections/bald-and-golden-eagle-management

Please feel free to contact us at **newengland@fws.gov** with your **Project Code** in the subject line if you need more information or assistance regarding the potential impacts to federally proposed, listed, and candidate species and federally designated and proposed critical habitat.

Attachment(s): Official Species List

Attachment(s):

Official Species List

Official Species List

This list is provided pursuant to Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act, and fulfills the requirement for Federal agencies to "request of the Secretary of the Interior information whether any species which is listed or proposed to be listed may be present in the area of a proposed action".

This species list is provided by:

New England Ecological Services Field Office 70 Commercial Street, Suite 300

Concord, NH 03301-5094 (603) 223-2541

Project Summary

Project Code:	2023-0008243
Project Name:	Doyle Ave A-N-R Development
Project Type:	Residential Construction
Project Description:	The project is located on both sides of Doyle Avenue in the sketch shown.
	Overall, the project will be the consruction of 15 single family homes,
	broken out into two phases. The first phase is the 7 northernmost lots to
	be permitted first, then approvals will be sought after for the rest of the
	development at a later date. On average, each lot will consist of 30,000
	S.F. of disturbance.

Project Location:

Approximate location of the project can be viewed in Google Maps: <u>https://</u>www.google.com/maps/@42.658896049999996,-72.06471831983612,14z



Counties: Worcester County, Massachusetts

Endangered Species Act Species

There is a total of 2 threatened, endangered, or candidate species on this species list.

Species on this list should be considered in an effects analysis for your project and could include species that exist in another geographic area. For example, certain fish may appear on the species list because a project could affect downstream species.

IPaC does not display listed species or critical habitats under the sole jurisdiction of NOAA Fisheries¹, as USFWS does not have the authority to speak on behalf of NOAA and the Department of Commerce.

See the "Critical habitats" section below for those critical habitats that lie wholly or partially within your project area under this office's jurisdiction. Please contact the designated FWS office if you have questions.

1. <u>NOAA Fisheries</u>, also known as the National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), is an office of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration within the Department of Commerce.

Mammals

NAME	STATUS
Northern Long-eared Bat <i>Myotis septentrionalis</i> No critical habitat has been designated for this species. Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/9045</u>	Threatened
Insects NAME	STATUS
Monarch Butterfly <i>Danaus plexippus</i> No critical habitat has been designated for this species. Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/9743</u>	Candidate

Critical habitats

THERE ARE NO CRITICAL HABITATS WITHIN YOUR PROJECT AREA UNDER THIS OFFICE'S JURISDICTION.

IPaC User Contact Information

Agency:Graz EngineeringName:Trevor FletcherAddress:323 W Lake RoadCity:FitzwilliamState:NHZip:03447Emailtrevorfletcher91@yahoo.comPhone:6035856959

EPA NeT CGP Coverage Status: Active: Doyle Ave A-N-R Development, NPDES ID: MAR1004C1

From: no-reply@epacdx.net

Date: Tuesday, November 8, 2022 at 10:31 AM EST

2022-11-08

Dear NeT User,

Coverage status has changed for a project / site under the CGP.

NPDES ID	Form Type	Coverage Status	Operator	Project/Site Name	EPA Commen t
MAR1004C1	NOI	Active	Asher Construction, LLC	Doyle Ave A-N-R Development	

Your Notice of Intent (NOI) requesting coverage under EPA's Construction General Permit (CGP) has been accepted and authorization to discharge under the CGP became effective on 11/08/2022 and will expire on 02/16/2027.

Please note that this email does not represent a determination by EPA regarding the validity of the information you provided in your NOI or LEW. Your eligibility for coverage under this permit is based on the validity of the certification you provided. Your electronic signature on the NOI or LEW form certifies that you have read, understood, and are implementing all of the applicable requirements. An important aspect of this certification requires that you have correctly determined whether you are eligible for coverage under this permit.

The CGP requires you to have developed a Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) prior to submitting your NOI. The CGP also includes specific requirements for erosion and sediment controls, pollution prevention controls, conducting self-inspections, taking corrective actions, and conducting staff training. You must comply with any state, tribal, or territory-specific requirements in Part 9 (see https://www.epa.gov/npdes/stormwater-discharges-construction-activities#cgp).

A copy of the submission can be found here.

If you have questions about this email or about NeT CGP, please refer to <u>NeT Support</u> or e-mail NPDESereporting@epa.gov for assistance.

This is an automated notification; please do not reply to this email.



Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection Bureau of Resource Protection - Wetlands Program Checklist for Stormwater Report

B. Stormwater Checklist and Certification

The following checklist is intended to serve as a guide for applicants as to the elements that ordinarily need to be addressed in a complete Stormwater Report. The checklist is also intended to provide conservation commissions and other reviewing authorities with a summary of the components necessary for a comprehensive Stormwater Report that addresses the ten Stormwater Standards.

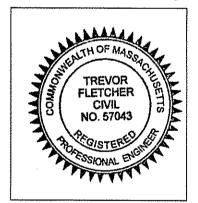
Note: Because stormwater requirements vary from project to project, it is possible that a complete Stormwater Report may not include information on some of the subjects specified in the Checklist. If it is determined that a specific item does not apply to the project under review, please note that the item is not applicable (N.A.) and provide the reasons for that determination.

A complete checklist must include the Certification set forth below signed by the Registered Professional Engineer who prepared the Stormwater Report.

Registered Professional Engineer's Certification

I have reviewed the Stormwater Report, including the soil evaluation, computations, Long-term Pollution Prevention Plan, the Construction Period Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan (if included), the Longterm Post-Construction Operation and Maintenance Plan, the Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement (if included) and the plans showing the stormwater management system, and have determined that they have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Stormwater Management Standards as further elaborated by the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook. I have also determined that the information presented in the Stormwater Checklist is accurate and that the information presented in the Stormwater Report accurately reflects conditions at the site as of the date of this permit application.

Registered Professional Engineer Block and Signature



Signature and Date

Checklist

Project Type: Is the application for new development, redevelopment, or a mix of new and redevelopment?

New development

Redevelopment

Mix of New Development and Redevelopment

Stormwater Checklist • 04/01/08



LID Measures: Stormwater Standards require LID measures to be considered. Document what environmentally sensitive design and LID Techniques were considered during the planning and design of the project:

	No disturbance to any Wetland Resource Areas
	Site Design Practices (e.g. clustered development, reduced frontage setbacks)
	Reduced Impervious Area (Redevelopment Only)
	Minimizing disturbance to existing trees and shrubs
	LID Site Design Credit Requested:
	Credit 1
	Credit 2
	Credit 3
\boxtimes	Use of "country drainage" versus curb and gutter conveyance and pipe
	Bioretention Cells (includes Rain Gardens)
	Constructed Stormwater Wetlands (includes Gravel Wetlands designs)
	Treebox Filter
	Water Quality Swale
	Grass Channel
	Green Roof
	Other (describe):

Standard 1: No New Untreated Discharges

No new untreated discharges

- Outlets have been designed so there is no erosion or scour to wetlands and waters of the Commonwealth
- Supporting calculations specified in Volume 3 of the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook included.



Standard 2: Peak Rate Attenuation

- Standard 2 waiver requested because the project is located in land subject to coastal storm flowage and stormwater discharge is to a wetland subject to coastal flooding.
- Evaluation provided to determine whether off-site flooding increases during the 100-year 24-hour storm.

Calculations provided to show that post-development peak discharge rates do not exceed predevelopment rates for the 2-year and 10-year 24-hour storms. If evaluation shows that off-site flooding increases during the 100-year 24-hour storm, calculations are also provided to show that post-development peak discharge rates do not exceed pre-development rates for the 100-year 24hour storm.

Standard 3: Recharge

Soil Analysis provide	d.
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- Required Recharge Volume calculation provided.
- Required Recharge volume reduced through use of the LID site Design Credits.
- Sizing the infiltration, BMPs is based on the following method: Check the method used.

Static	Simple D	ynamic
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Dynamic Field¹

- \boxtimes Runoff from all impervious areas at the site discharging to the infiltration BMP.
- Runoff from all impervious areas at the site is *not* discharging to the infiltration BMP and calculations are provided showing that the drainage area contributing runoff to the infiltration BMPs is sufficient to generate the required recharge volume.
- Recharge BMPs have been sized to infiltrate the Required Recharge Volume.
- Recharge BMPs have been sized to infiltrate the Required Recharge Volume *only* to the maximum extent practicable for the following reason:
 - $\hfill\square$ Site is comprised solely of C and D soils and/or bedrock at the land surface
 - M.G.L. c. 21E sites pursuant to 310 CMR 40.0000
 - Solid Waste Landfill pursuant to 310 CMR 19.000
 - Project is otherwise subject to Stormwater Management Standards only to the maximum extent practicable.
- \boxtimes Calculations showing that the infiltration BMPs will drain in 72 hours are provided.

Property includes a M.G.L. c. 21E site or a solid waste landfill and a mounding analysis is included.

¹ 80% TSS removal is required prior to discharge to infiltration BMP if Dynamic Field method is used.



Standard 3: Recharge (continued)

- The infiltration BMP is used to attenuate peak flows during storms greater than or equal to the 10year 24-hour storm and separation to seasonal high groundwater is less than 4 feet and a mounding analysis is provided.
- Documentation is provided showing that infiltration BMPs do not adversely impact nearby wetland resource areas.

Standard 4: Water Quality

The Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan typically includes the following:

- Good housekeeping practices;
- · Provisions for storing materials and waste products inside or under cover;
- Vehicle washing controls;
- Requirements for routine inspections and maintenance of stormwater BMPs;
- Spill prevention and response plans;
- Provisions for maintenance of lawns, gardens, and other landscaped areas;
- Requirements for storage and use of fertilizers, herbicides, and pesticides;
- Pet waste management provisions;
- Provisions for operation and management of septic systems;
- Provisions for solid waste management;
- Snow disposal and plowing plans relative to Wetland Resource Areas;
- Winter Road Salt and/or Sand Use and Storage restrictions;
- Street sweeping schedules;
- Provisions for prevention of illicit discharges to the stormwater management system;
- Documentation that Stormwater BMPs are designed to provide for shutdown and containment in the event of a spill or discharges to or near critical areas or from LUHPPL;
- Training for staff or personnel involved with implementing Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan;
- List of Emergency contacts for implementing Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan.
- A Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan is attached to Stormwater Report and is included as an attachment to the Wetlands Notice of Intent.
- Treatment BMPs subject to the 44% TSS removal pretreatment requirement and the one inch rule for calculating the water quality volume are included, and discharge:
 - is within the Zone II or Interim Wellhead Protection Area
 - is near or to other critical areas
 - is within soils with a rapid infiltration rate (greater than 2.4 inches per hour) (Only IB-245)
 - involves runoff from land uses with higher potential pollutant loads.
- The Required Water Quality Volume is reduced through use of the LID site Design Credits.
- Calculations documenting that the treatment train meets the 80% TSS removal requirement and, if applicable, the 44% TSS removal pretreatment requirement, are provided.



Standard 4: Water Quality (continued)				
\boxtimes The BMP is sized (and calculations provided) based on:				
\boxtimes The ½" or 1" Water Quality Volume or				
The equivalent flow rate associated with the Water Quality Volume and documentation is provided showing that the BMP treats the required water quality volume.				
The applicant proposes to use proprietary BMPs, and documentation supporting use of proprietary BMP and proposed TSS removal rate is provided. This documentation may be in the form of the propriety BMP checklist found in Volume 2, Chapter 4 of the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook and submitting copies of the TARP Report, STEP Report, and/or other third party studies verifying performance of the proprietary BMPs.				
A TMDL exists that indicates a need to reduce pollutants other than TSS and documentation showing that the BMPs selected are consistent with the TMDL is provided.				
Standard 5: Land Uses With Higher Potential Pollutant Loads (LUHPPLs)				
 The NPDES Multi-Sector General Permit covers the land use and the Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) has been included with the Stormwater Report. The NPDES Multi-Sector General Permit covers the land use and the SWPPP will be submitted <i>prior</i> to the discharge of stormwater to the post-construction stormwater BMPs. 				
The NPDES Multi-Sector General Permit does <i>not</i> cover the land use.				
LUHPPLs are located at the site and industry specific source control and pollution prevention measures have been proposed to reduce or eliminate the exposure of LUHPPLs to rain, snow, snow melt and runoff, and been included in the long term Pollution Prevention Plan.				
All exposure has been eliminated.				
All exposure has <i>not</i> been eliminated and all BMPs selected are on MassDEP LUHPPL list.				
The LUHPPL has the potential to generate runoff with moderate to higher concentrations of oil and grease (e.g. all parking lots with >1000 vehicle trips per day) and the treatment train includes an oil grit separator, a filtering bioretention area, a sand filter or equivalent.				
Standard 6: Critical Areas				
The discharge is near or to a critical area and the treatment train includes only BMPs that MassDEP has approved for stormwater discharges to or near that particular class of critical area.				

Critical areas and BMPs are identified in the Stormwater Report.



Standard 7: Redevelopments and Other Projects Subject to the Standards only to the maximum extent practicable

The project is subject to the Stormwater Management Standards only to the maximum Extent Practicable as a: (Only east of Doyle Ave - 6 lots east of Doyle, 10 lots west of Doyle)

Limited Projec	t
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- Small Residential Projects: 5-9 single family houses or 5-9 units in a multi-family development provided there is no discharge that may potentially affect a critical area.
- Small Residential Projects: 2-4 single family houses or 2-4 units in a multi-family development with a discharge to a critical area
- Marina and/or boatyard provided the hull painting, service and maintenance areas are protected from exposure to rain, snow, snow melt and runoff
- Bike Path and/or Foot Path
- Redevelopment Project

Redevelopment portion of mix of new and redevelopment.

Certain standards are not fully met (Standard No. 1, 8, 9, and 10 must always be fully met) and an explanation of why these standards are not met is contained in the Stormwater Report.

☐ The project involves redevelopment and a description of all measures that have been taken to improve existing conditions is provided in the Stormwater Report. The redevelopment checklist found in Volume 2 Chapter 3 of the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook may be used to document that the proposed stormwater management system (a) complies with Standards 2, 3 and the pretreatment and structural BMP requirements of Standards 4-6 to the maximum extent practicable and (b) improves existing conditions.

Standard 8: Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control

A Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan must include the following information:

- Narrative;
- Construction Period Operation and Maintenance Plan;
- Names of Persons or Entity Responsible for Plan Compliance;
- Construction Period Pollution Prevention Measures;
- Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan Drawings;
- Detail drawings and specifications for erosion control BMPs, including sizing calculations;
- Vegetation Planning;
- Site Development Plan;
- Construction Sequencing Plan;
- Sequencing of Erosion and Sedimentation Controls;
- Operation and Maintenance of Erosion and Sedimentation Controls;
- Inspection Schedule;
- Maintenance Schedule;
- Inspection and Maintenance Log Form.

A Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan containing the information set forth above has been included in the Stormwater Report.



Standard 8: Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control (continued)

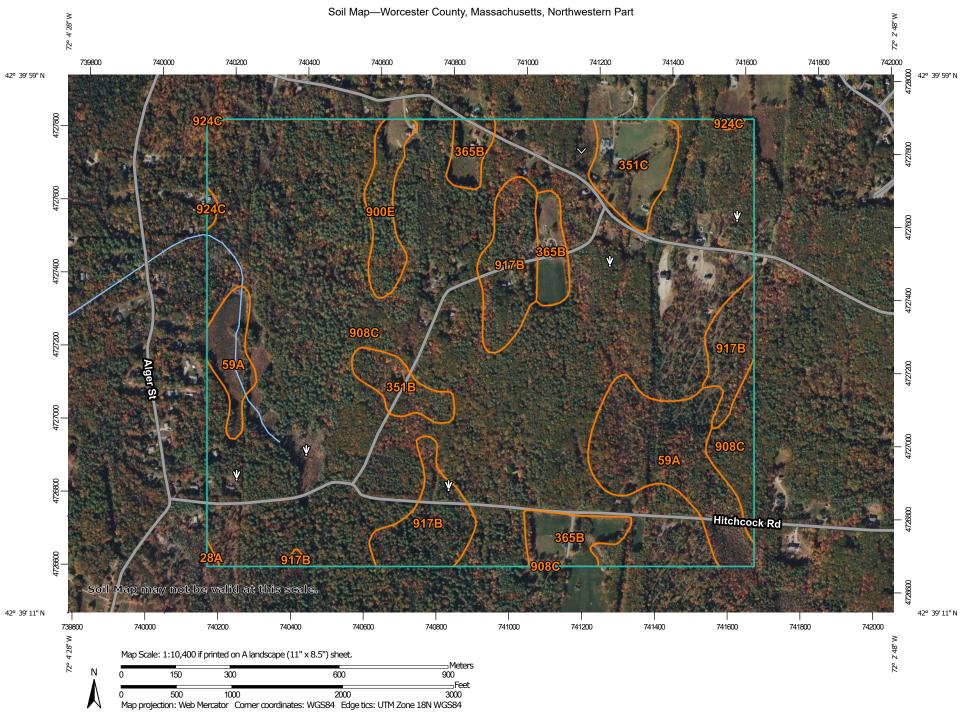
- ☐ The project is highly complex and information is included in the Stormwater Report that explains why it is not possible to submit the Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan with the application. A Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control has *not* been included in the Stormwater Report but will be submitted *before* land disturbance begins.
- The project is *not* covered by a NPDES Construction General Permit.
- The project is covered by a NPDES Construction General Permit and a copy of the SWPPP is in the Stormwater Report.
- The project is covered by a NPDES Construction General Permit but no SWPPP been submitted. The SWPPP will be submitted BEFORE land disturbance begins.

Standard 9: Operation and Maintenance Plan

- The Post Construction Operation and Maintenance Plan is included in the Stormwater Report and includes the following information:
 - Name of the stormwater management system owners;
 - Party responsible for operation and maintenance;
 - Schedule for implementation of routine and non-routine maintenance tasks;
 - Plan showing the location of all stormwater BMPs maintenance access areas;
 - Description and delineation of public safety features;
 - Estimated operation and maintenance budget; and
 - Operation and Maintenance Log Form.
- The responsible party is *not* the owner of the parcel where the BMP is located and the Stormwater Report includes the following submissions:
 - A copy of the legal instrument (deed, homeowner's association, utility trust or other legal entity) that establishes the terms of and legal responsibility for the operation and maintenance of the project site stormwater BMPs;
 - A plan and easement deed that allows site access for the legal entity to operate and maintain BMP functions.

Standard 10: Prohibition of Illicit Discharges

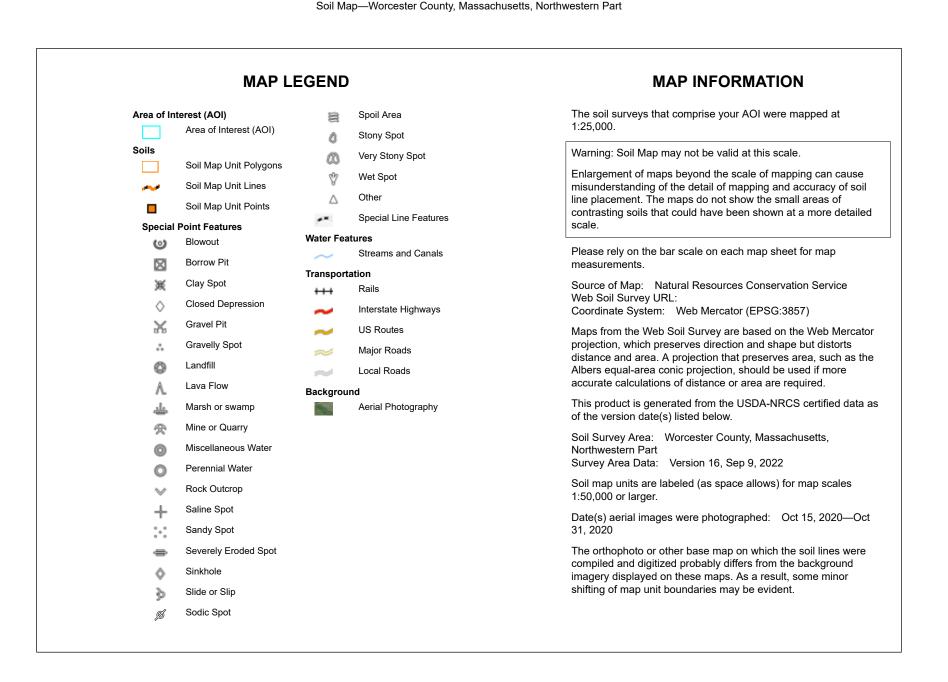
- The Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan includes measures to prevent illicit discharges;
- An Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement is attached;
- NO Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement is attached but will be submitted *prior to* the discharge of any stormwater to post-construction BMPs.



USDA Natural Resources

Conservation Service

10/24/2022 Page 1 of 3





Map Unit Legend

Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
28A Searsport loamy sand, 0 to 3 percent slopes		0.3	0.1%
59A Bucksport and Wonsqueak mucks, 0 to 2 percent slopes		36.4	8.0%
351B Becket fine sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes		7.3	1.6%
351C	Becket fine sandy loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes	13.2	2.9%
365B Skerry fine sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes		18.8	4.1%
900E Becket-Monadnock association, 15 to 45 percent slopes, extremely stony		9.5	2.1%
908C	Becket-Skerry association, 0 to 15 percent slopes, extremely stony	334.3	73.2%
917B	Pillsbury-Peacham association, 0 to 8 percent slopes, extremely stony	35.8	7.8%
924C	Tunbridge-Lyman-Berkshire association, 3 to 15 percent slopes, extremely stony	1.0	0.2%
Totals for Area of Interest		456.6	100.0%

Worcester County, Massachusetts, Northwestern Part

351B—Becket fine sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 2w9pk Elevation: 230 to 1,380 feet Mean annual precipitation: 31 to 65 inches Mean annual air temperature: 36 to 52 degrees F Frost-free period: 90 to 160 days Farmland classification: All areas are prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Becket and similar soils: 85 percent Minor components: 15 percent Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Becket

Setting

Landform: Mountains, hills

Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit, shoulder, backslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Mountainbase, interfluve,

nose slope, side slope Down-slope shape: Convex

Across-slope shape: Convex

Parent material: Loamy lodgment till derived from granite and gneiss and/or schist over sandy lodgment till derived from granite and gneiss and/or schist

Typical profile

Ap - 0 to 7 inches: fine sandy loam Bs1 - 7 to 14 inches: fine sandy loam Bs2 - 14 to 24 inches: gravelly sandy loam BC - 24 to 33 inches: gravelly sandy loam Cd - 33 to 65 inches: gravelly loamy sand

Properties and qualities

Slope: 3 to 8 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: 20 to 39 inches to densic material
Drainage class: Well drained
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water
(Ksat): Moderately low to moderately high (0.01 to 1.42 in/hr)
Depth to water table: More than 80 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Maximum salinity: Nonsaline (0.0 to 1.9 mmhos/cm)
Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Low (about 4.9 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

JSDA

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 2e Hydrologic Soil Group: C Ecological site: F144BY501ME - Loamy Slope (Northern Hardwoods) Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Skerry

Percent of map unit: 6 percent Landform: Mountains, hills Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope, footslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Mountainbase, interfluve, nose slope, side slope Microfeatures of landform position: Closed depressions, closed depressions Down-slope shape: Convex, concave Across-slope shape: Linear, concave Hydric soil rating: No

Pillsbury

Percent of map unit: 4 percent Landform: Mountains, hills Landform position (two-dimensional): Footslope, toeslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Mountainbase, interfluve, nose slope, side slope Microfeatures of landform position: Closed depressions, closed depressions Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Concave Hydric soil rating: Yes

Tunbridge

Percent of map unit: 3 percent Landform: Hills, mountains Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit, shoulder, backslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Mountainbase, interfluve, nose slope, side slope Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex Hydric soil rating: No

Monadnock

Percent of map unit: 2 percent Landform: Hills, mountains Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit, shoulder, backslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Mountainbase, interfluve, nose slope, side slope Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex

USDA

Hydric soil rating: No

Data Source Information

Soil Survey Area: Worcester County, Massachusetts, Northwestern Part Survey Area Data: Version 16, Sep 9, 2022



Worcester County, Massachusetts, Northwestern Part

351C—Becket fine sandy loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 2w9pl Elevation: 200 to 1,380 feet Mean annual precipitation: 31 to 65 inches Mean annual air temperature: 36 to 52 degrees F Frost-free period: 90 to 160 days Farmland classification: Farmland of statewide importance

Map Unit Composition

Becket and similar soils: 85 percent Minor components: 15 percent Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Becket

Setting

Landform: Mountains, hills

Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit, shoulder, backslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Mountainflank,

mountainbase, interfluve, nose slope, side slope

Down-slope shape: Convex

Across-slope shape: Convex

Parent material: Loamy lodgment till derived from granite and gneiss and/or schist over sandy lodgment till derived from granite and gneiss and/or schist

Typical profile

Ap - 0 to 7 inches: fine sandy loam Bs1 - 7 to 14 inches: fine sandy loam Bs2 - 14 to 24 inches: gravelly sandy loam BC - 24 to 33 inches: gravelly sandy loam Cd - 33 to 65 inches: gravelly loamy sand

Properties and qualities

Slope: 8 to 15 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: 20 to 39 inches to densic material
Drainage class: Well drained
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water
(Ksat): Moderately low to moderately high (0.01 to 1.42 in/hr)
Depth to water table: More than 80 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Maximum salinity: Nonsaline (0.0 to 1.9 mmhos/cm)
Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Low (about 4.9 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

USDA

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 3e Hydrologic Soil Group: C Ecological site: F144BY501ME - Loamy Slope (Northern Hardwoods) Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Skerry

Percent of map unit: 6 percent Landform: Mountains, hills Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope, footslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Mountainflank, mountainbase, interfluve, nose slope, side slope Microfeatures of landform position: Open depressions, closed depressions, closed depressions, open depressions Down-slope shape: Convex, concave Across-slope shape: Linear, concave Hydric soil rating: No

Tunbridge

Percent of map unit: 4 percent Landform: Hills, mountains Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit, shoulder, backslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Mountainflank, mountainbase, interfluve, nose slope, side slope Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex Hydric soil rating: No

Pillsbury

Percent of map unit: 3 percent Landform: Mountains, hills Landform position (two-dimensional): Footslope, toeslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Mountainflank, mountainbase, interfluve, nose slope, side slope Microfeatures of landform position: Open depressions, closed depressions, closed depressions, open depressions Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Concave Hydric soil rating: Yes

Monadnock

Percent of map unit: 2 percent Landform: Hills, mountains Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit, shoulder, backslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Mountainflank, mountainbase, interfluve, nose slope, side slope Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex

USDA

Hydric soil rating: No

Data Source Information

Soil Survey Area: Worcester County, Massachusetts, Northwestern Part Survey Area Data: Version 16, Sep 9, 2022



Worcester County, Massachusetts, Northwestern Part

365B—Skerry fine sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 2w9p8 Elevation: 260 to 1,210 feet Mean annual precipitation: 31 to 65 inches Mean annual air temperature: 36 to 52 degrees F Frost-free period: 90 to 160 days Farmland classification: All areas are prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Skerry and similar soils: 85 percent Minor components: 15 percent Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Skerry

Setting

Landform: Mountains, hills

Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope, footslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Mountainbase, interfluve Down-slope shape: Convex

Across-slope shape: Linear

Parent material: Loamy lodgment till derived from granite and gneiss and/or schist over sandy lodgment till derived from granite and gneiss and/or schist

Typical profile

Ap - 0 to 6 inches: fine sandy loam Bs1 - 6 to 20 inches: gravelly fine sandy loam Bs2 - 20 to 25 inches: gravelly fine sandy loam Cd1 - 25 to 34 inches: gravelly loamy sand Cd2 - 34 to 65 inches: gravelly loamy sand

Properties and qualities

Slope: 3 to 8 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: 21 to 43 inches to densic material
Drainage class: Moderately well drained
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water
(Ksat): Moderately low to moderately high (0.01 to 1.42 in/hr)
Depth to water table: About 18 to 30 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Maximum salinity: Nonsaline (0.0 to 1.9 mmhos/cm)
Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Low (about 3.9 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 2w

JSDA

Hydrologic Soil Group: C/D Ecological site: F144BY501ME - Loamy Slope (Northern Hardwoods) Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Colonel

Percent of map unit: 6 percent Landform: Mountains, hills Landform position (two-dimensional): Footslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Mountainbase, interfluve Microfeatures of landform position: Closed depressions, closed depressions Down-slope shape: Linear, concave Across-slope shape: Concave Hydric soil rating: No

Becket

Percent of map unit: 4 percent Landform: Mountains, hills Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit, shoulder, backslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Mountainbase, interfluve Microfeatures of landform position: Rises, rises Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex Hydric soil rating: No

Brayton

Percent of map unit: 3 percent Landform: Mountains, hills Landform position (two-dimensional): Footslope, toeslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Mountainbase, interfluve Microfeatures of landform position: Closed depressions, closed depressions Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Concave Hydric soil rating: Yes

Hermon

Percent of map unit: 2 percent Landform: Mountains, hills Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit, shoulder, backslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Mountainbase, interfluve Microfeatures of landform position: Rises, rises Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex

JSDA

Hydric soil rating: No

Data Source Information

Soil Survey Area: Worcester County, Massachusetts, Northwestern Part Survey Area Data: Version 16, Sep 9, 2022



Worcester County, Massachusetts, Northwestern Part

900E—Becket-Monadnock association, 15 to 45 percent slopes, extremely stony

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 2x9q3 Elevation: 750 to 1,280 feet Mean annual precipitation: 36 to 65 inches Mean annual air temperature: 36 to 52 degrees F Frost-free period: 90 to 160 days Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Becket, extremely stony, and similar soils: 45 percent Monadnock, extremely stony, and similar soils: 40 percent Minor components: 15 percent Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Becket, Extremely Stony

Setting

Landform: Mountains, hills

Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit, shoulder, backslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Mountainflank, nose slope, side slope

Down-slope shape: Convex

Across-slope shape: Convex

Parent material: Loamy lodgment till derived from granite and gneiss and/or schist over sandy lodgment till derived from granite and gneiss and/or schist

Typical profile

Oi - 0 to 2 inches: slightly decomposed plant material

E - 2 to 4 inches: fine sandy loam

Bhs - 4 to 5 inches: fine sandy loam

Bs1 - 5 to 7 inches: fine sandy loam

Bs2 - 7 to 14 inches: fine sandy loam

Bs3 - 14 to 24 inches: gravelly sandy loam

BC - 24 to 33 inches: gravelly sandy loam

Cd - 33 to 65 inches: gravelly loamy sand

Properties and qualities

Slope: 15 to 45 percent Surface area covered with cobbles, stones or boulders: 6.0 percent Depth to restrictive feature: 21 to 43 inches to densic material Drainage class: Well drained Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water

(Ksat): Moderately low to moderately high (0.01 to 1.42 in/hr) Depth to water table: More than 80 inches Frequency of flooding: None

JSDA

Frequency of ponding: None *Maximum salinity:* Nonsaline (0.0 to 1.9 mmhos/cm) *Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches:* Low (about 5.0 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 7s Hydrologic Soil Group: C Ecological site: F144BY501ME - Loamy Slope (Northern Hardwoods) Hydric soil rating: No

Description of Monadnock, Extremely Stony

Setting

Landform: Hills, mountains

Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit, shoulder, backslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Mountainflank, nose slope, side slope

Down-slope shape: Convex

Across-slope shape: Convex

Parent material: Loamy supraglacial meltout till derived from granite and gneiss and/or mica schist and/or phyllite over sandy and gravelly supraglacial meltout till derived from granite and gneiss and/or mica schist and/or phyllite

Typical profile

Oe - 0 to 3 inches: moderately decomposed plant material

E - 3 to 8 inches: fine sandy loam

Bs1 - 8 to 10 inches: fine sandy loam

Bs2 - 10 to 12 inches: fine sandy loam

Bs3 - 12 to 22 inches: gravelly fine sandy loam

BC - 22 to 25 inches: gravelly fine sandy loam

2C1 - 25 to 45 inches: gravelly loamy sand

2C2 - 45 to 65 inches: gravelly loamy sand

Properties and qualities

Slope: 15 to 45 percent Surface area covered with cobbles, stones or boulders: 6.0 percent Depth to restrictive feature: 18 to 36 inches to strongly contrasting textural stratification

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water

(Ksat): Moderately low to high (0.14 to 14.17 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None

Frequency of ponding: None

Maximum salinity: Nonsaline (0.0 to 1.9 mmhos/cm)

Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Low (about 4.3 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 7s Hydrologic Soil Group: B

JSDA

Ecological site: F144BY505ME - Loamy over Sandy *Hydric soil rating:* No

Minor Components

Skerry, extremely stony

Percent of map unit: 8 percent Landform: Mountains, hills Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope, footslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Mountainflank, nose slope, side slope Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex Hydric soil rating: No

Lyman, extremely stony

Percent of map unit: 3 percent Landform: Hills, mountains Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit, shoulder, backslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Mountaintop, mountainflank, side slope, crest Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex Hydric soil rating: No

Peacham, extremely stony

Percent of map unit: 2 percent Landform: Mountains, hills Landform position (two-dimensional): Footslope, toeslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Mountainbase, interfluve, base slope Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Concave Hydric soil rating: Yes

Pillsbury, extremely stony

Percent of map unit: 2 percent Landform: Mountains, hills Landform position (two-dimensional): Footslope, toeslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Mountainflank, mountainbase, interfluve, nose slope, side slope Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Concave Hydric soil rating: Yes

Data Source Information

Soil Survey Area: Worcester County, Massachusetts, Northwestern Part Survey Area Data: Version 16, Sep 9, 2022

Worcester County, Massachusetts, Northwestern Part

908C—Becket-Skerry association, 0 to 15 percent slopes, extremely stony

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 2x9ny Elevation: 820 to 1,280 feet Mean annual precipitation: 36 to 65 inches Mean annual air temperature: 36 to 52 degrees F Frost-free period: 90 to 160 days Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Becket, extremely stony, and similar soils: 45 percent Skerry, extremely stony, and similar soils: 35 percent Minor components: 20 percent Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Becket, Extremely Stony

Setting

Landform: Mountains, hills

Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit, shoulder, backslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Mountainflank,

mountainbase, interfluve, nose slope, side slope

Down-slope shape: Convex

Across-slope shape: Convex

Parent material: Loamy lodgment till derived from granite and gneiss and/or schist over sandy lodgment till derived from granite and gneiss and/or schist

Typical profile

Oi - 0 to 2 inches: slightly decomposed plant material

E - 2 to 4 inches: fine sandy loam

Bhs - 4 to 5 inches: fine sandy loam

Bs1 - 5 to 7 inches: fine sandy loam

Bs2 - 7 to 14 inches: fine sandy loam

Bs3 - 14 to 24 inches: gravelly sandy loam

BC - 24 to 33 inches: gravelly sandy loam

Cd - 33 to 65 inches: gravelly loamy sand

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 15 percent Surface area covered with cobbles, stones or boulders: 6.0 percent Depth to restrictive feature: 21 to 43 inches to densic material Drainage class: Well drained Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water

(Ksat): Moderately low to moderately high (0.01 to 1.42 in/hr) Depth to water table: More than 80 inches Frequency of flooding: None



Frequency of ponding: None *Maximum salinity:* Nonsaline (0.0 to 1.9 mmhos/cm) *Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches:* Low (about 5.0 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 7s Hydrologic Soil Group: C Ecological site: F144BY501ME - Loamy Slope (Northern Hardwoods) Hydric soil rating: No

Description of Skerry, Extremely Stony

Setting

Landform: Mountains, hills

Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope, footslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Mountainflank,

mountainbase, interfluve, nose slope, side slope

Down-slope shape: Convex

Across-slope shape: Linear

Parent material: Loamy lodgment till derived from granite and gneiss and/or schist over sandy lodgment till derived from granite and gneiss and/or schist

Typical profile

Oa - 0 to 2 inches: highly decomposed plant material

E - 2 to 4 inches: fine sandy loam

Bhs - 4 to 6 inches: fine sandy loam

Bs1 - 6 to 20 inches: gravelly fine sandy loam

Bs2 - 20 to 25 inches: gravelly fine sandy loam

Cd1 - 25 to 34 inches: gravelly loamy sand

Cd2 - 34 to 65 inches: gravelly loamy sand

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 15 percent

Surface area covered with cobbles, stones or boulders: 6.0 percent Depth to restrictive feature: 21 to 43 inches to densic material Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water

(Ksat): Moderately low to moderately high (0.01 to 1.42 in/hr)

Depth to water table: About 19 to 34 inches

Frequency of flooding: None

Frequency of ponding: None

Maximum salinity: Nonsaline (0.0 to 1.9 mmhos/cm)

Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Low (about 4.2 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 7s Hydrologic Soil Group: C/D Ecological site: F144BY501ME - Loamy Slope (Northern Hardwoods) Hydric soil rating: No

JSDA

Minor Components

Pillsbury, extremely stony

Percent of map unit: 6 percent Landform: Mountains, hills Landform position (two-dimensional): Footslope, toeslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Mountainflank, mountainbase, interfluve, nose slope, side slope Microfeatures of landform position: Closed depressions, open depressions, open depressions, closed depressions Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Concave Hydric soil rating: Yes

Monadnock, extremely stony

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Landform: Hills, mountains Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit, shoulder, backslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Mountainflank, mountainbase, interfluve, nose slope, side slope Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex Hydric soil rating: No

Berkshire, extremely stony

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Landform: Mountains, hills Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit, shoulder, backslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Mountainflank, mountainbase, interfluve, nose slope, side slope Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex Hydric soil rating: No

Tunbridge, extremely stony

Percent of map unit: 4 percent Landform: Mountains, hills Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit, shoulder, backslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Mountainflank, mountainbase, interfluve, nose slope, side slope Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex Hydric soil rating: No

Data Source Information

Soil Survey Area: Worcester County, Massachusetts, Northwestern Part Survey Area Data: Version 16, Sep 9, 2022

Worcester County, Massachusetts, Northwestern Part

917B—Pillsbury-Peacham association, 0 to 8 percent slopes, extremely stony

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 9c0q Elevation: 0 to 2,100 feet Mean annual precipitation: 39 to 55 inches Mean annual air temperature: 39 to 45 degrees F Frost-free period: 120 to 240 days Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Pillsbury and similar soils: 45 percent Peacham and similar soils: 35 percent Minor components: 20 percent Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Pillsbury

Setting

Landform: Depressions Landform position (two-dimensional): Toeslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Rise Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Concave Parent material: Friable coarse-loamy eolian deposits over dense coarse-loamy lodgment till derived from granite and gneiss

Typical profile

A - 0 to 4 inches: gravelly fine sandy loam Bg - 4 to 14 inches: gravelly fine sandy loam Bw - 14 to 24 inches: gravelly fine sandy loam Cd - 24 to 65 inches: gravelly fine sandy loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 8 percent Surface area covered with cobbles, stones or boulders: 9.0 percent Depth to restrictive feature: 15 to 35 inches to densic material Drainage class: Poorly drained Runoff class: Very high Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low to moderately high (0.06 to 0.20 in/hr) Depth to water table: About 0 to 18 inches Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Very low (about 3.0 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

USDA

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 7s Hydrologic Soil Group: C/D Ecological site: F144BY305ME - Wet Loamy Flat, F144BY301ME -Loamy Till Swamp Hydric soil rating: Yes

Description of Peacham

Setting

Landform: Depressions Landform position (two-dimensional): Toeslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Dip Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Concave

Parent material: Highly-decomposed herbaceous organic material over dense coarse-loamy lodgment till derived from granite and gneiss

Typical profile

Oi - 0 to 2 inches: slightly decomposed plant material

- Oa 2 to 11 inches: highly decomposed plant material
- Bg 11 to 14 inches: fine sandy loam

Cd - 14 to 18 inches: fine sandy loam

Cd - 18 to 65 inches: gravelly fine sandy loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 3 percent

Surface area covered with cobbles, stones or boulders: 9.0 percent Depth to restrictive feature: 6 to 18 inches to densic material Drainage class: Very poorly drained

Runoff class: Negligible

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water

(Ksat): Moderately low to moderately high (0.06 to 0.20 in/hr)

Depth to water table: About 0 inches

Frequency of flooding: None

Frequency of ponding: Frequent

Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Low (about 4.3 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 7s Hydrologic Soil Group: D Ecological site: F144BY301ME - Loamy Till Swamp Hydric soil rating: Yes

Minor Components

Peru

Percent of map unit: 10 percent Landform: Hills Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex

USDA

Hydric soil rating: No

Wonsqueak

Percent of map unit: 6 percent Landform: Bogs Landform position (two-dimensional): Toeslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Dip Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Concave Hydric soil rating: Yes

Chocorua

Percent of map unit: 4 percent Landform: Bogs Landform position (two-dimensional): Toeslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Dip Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Concave Hydric soil rating: Yes

Data Source Information

Soil Survey Area: Worcester County, Massachusetts, Northwestern Part Survey Area Data: Version 16, Sep 9, 2022

Precipitation Frequency Data Server



USA* Latitude: 42.6566°, Longitude: -72.0649° Elevation: 1000.38 ft** * source: ESRI Maps ** source: USGS



POINT PRECIPITATION FREQUENCY ESTIMATES

Sanja Perica, Sandra Pavlovic, Michael St. Laurent, Carl Trypaluk, Dale Unruh, Orlan Wilhite

NOAA, National Weather Service, Silver Spring, Maryland

PF_tabular | PF_graphical | Maps_&_aerials

PF tabular

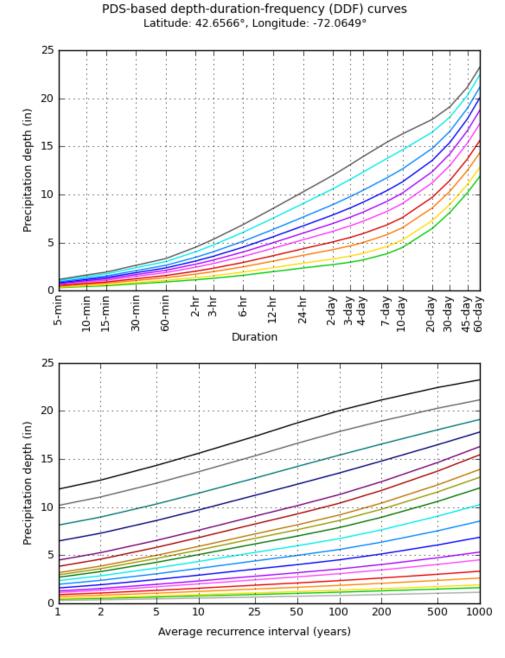
PDS-	PDS-based point precipitation frequency estimates with 90% confidence intervals (in inches) ¹									
Duration	Average recurrence interval (years)									
Duration	1	2	5	10	25	50	100	200	500	1000
5-min	0.309 (0.250-0.384)	0.367 (0.297-0.457)	0.463 (0.373-0.578)	0.542 (0.433-0.681)	0.652 (0.501-0.858)	0.735 (0.551-0.990)	0.821 (0.593-1.15)	0.915 (0.623-1.32)	1.05 (0.682-1.57)	1.15 (0.730-1.77)
10-min	0.438 (0.354-0.543)	0.521 (0.420-0.647)	0.657 (0.529-0.820)	0.769 (0.614-0.966)	0.924 (0.709-1.22)	1.04 (0.780-1.40)	1.16 (0.839-1.63)	1.30 (0.883-1.87)	1.48 (0.966-2.22)	1.63 (1.03-2.50)
15-min	0.515 (0.416-0.639)	0.612 (0.495-0.762)	0.772 (0.621-0.963)	0.904 (0.723-1.14)	1.09 (0.835-1.43)	1.23 (0.918-1.65)	1.37 (0.988-1.91)	1.53 (1.04-2.20)	1.75 (1.14-2.61)	1.92 (1.22-2.95)
30-min	0.712 (0.576-0.885)	0.844 (0.682-1.05)	1.06 (0.853-1.32)	1.24 (0.990-1.56)	1.49 (1.14-1.96)	1.67 (1.25-2.25)	1.87 (1.35-2.61)	2.08 (1.42-3.00)	2.38 (1.55-3.57)	2.63 (1.66-4.03)
60-min	0.910 (0.736-1.13)	1.08 (0.869-1.34)	1.35 (1.09-1.68)	1.57 (1.26-1.98)	1.89 (1.45-2.48)	2.12 (1.59-2.86)	2.36 (1.71-3.31)	2.64 (1.80-3.80)	3.02 (1.97-4.53)	3.34 (2.11-5.11)
2-hr	1.13 (0.922-1.40)	1.36 (1.10-1.68)	1.72 (1.39-2.13)	2.02 (1.63-2.53)	2.44 (1.89-3.20)	2.75 (2.08-3.70)	3.08 (2.25-4.33)	3.47 (2.37-4.97)	4.04 (2.64-6.02)	4.52 (2.87-6.88)
3-hr	1.29 (1.05-1.58)	1.55 (1.26-1.90)	1.97 (1.60-2.44)	2.33 (1.88-2.90)	2.82 (2.19-3.69)	3.18 (2.42-4.27)	3.57 (2.62-5.01)	4.04 (2.76-5.76)	4.74 (3.10-7.03)	5.33 (3.39-8.08)
6-hr	1.60 (1.31-1.95)	1.93 (1.59-2.36)	2.48 (2.03-3.04)	2.93 (2.38-3.62)	3.56 (2.78-4.63)	4.02 (3.07-5.37)	4.52 (3.35-6.33)	5.13 (3.53-7.28)	6.07 (3.98-8.94)	6.87 (4.38-10.3)
12-hr	1.98 (1.64-2.40)	2.39 (1.98-2.90)	3.07 (2.53-3.74)	3.63 (2.97-4.46)	4.41 (3.47-5.70)	4.98 (3.83-6.61)	5.60 (4.17-7.79)	6.36 (4.39-8.97)	7.54 (4.96-11.0)	8.55 (5.47-12.8)
24-hr	2.36 (1.97-2.84)	2.86 (2.38-3.45)	3.68 (3.05-4.45)	4.36 (3.58-5.31)	5.29 (4.19-6.80)	5.98 (4.62-7.89)	6.73 (5.03-9.29)	7.65 (5.29-10.7)	9.05 (5.98-13.2)	10.3 (6.59-15.2)
2-day	2.71 (2.27-3.24)	3.30 (2.77-3.95)	4.27 (3.56-5.13)	5.07 (4.20-6.13)	6.17 (4.91-7.88)	6.99 (5.43-9.15)	7.87 (5.91-10.8)	8.95 (6.22-12.4)	10.6 (7.02-15.3)	12.0 (7.72-17.7)
3-day	2.96 (2.49-3.53)	3.61 (3.03-4.30)	4.66 (3.91-5.59)	5.54 (4.61-6.68)	6.75 (5.39-8.58)	7.65 (5.96-9.97)	8.61 (6.48-11.8)	9.79 (6.82-13.6)	11.6 (7.69-16.7)	13.1 (8.45-19.3)
4-day	3.19 (2.69-3.79)	3.87 (3.27-4.61)	4.99 (4.19-5.96)	5.93 (4.94-7.12)	7.21 (5.77-9.13)	8.16 (6.37-10.6)	9.18 (6.92-12.5)	10.4 (7.28-14.4)	12.3 (8.18-17.7)	13.9 (8.99-20.4)
7-day	3.84 (3.26-4.54)	4.59 (3.89-5.43)	5.82 (4.91-6.91)	6.84 (5.73-8.17)	8.24 (6.63-10.4)	9.28 (7.28-12.0)	10.4 (7.86-14.0)	11.7 (8.23-16.1)	13.7 (9.17-19.6)	15.4 (10.00-22.5
10-day	4.49 (3.82-5.29)	5.27 (4.48-6.21)	6.54 (5.54-7.74)	7.60 (6.39-9.05)	9.06 (7.30-11.3)	10.1 (7.96-13.0)	11.3 (8.53-15.1)	12.7 (8.89-17.3)	14.6 (9.79-20.8)	16.3 (10.6-23.7)
20-day	6.48 (5.56-7.57)	7.29 (6.24-8.53)	8.61 (7.34-10.1)	9.71 (8.22-11.5)	11.2 (9.08-13.8)	12.4 (9.72-15.6)	13.6 (10.2-17.7)	14.8 (10.5-20.0)	16.5 (11.1-23.2)	17.8 (11.6-25.7)
30-day	8.13 (7.00-9.47)	8.97 (7.71-10.5)	10.3 (8.84-12.1)	11.5 (9.73-13.5)	13.0 (10.6-15.9)	14.2 (11.2-17.8)	15.4 (11.5-19.9)	16.6 (11.8-22.3)	18.0 (12.2-25.3)	19.1 (12.5-27.4)
45-day	10.2 (8.80-11.8)	11.1 (9.54-12.8)	12.5 (10.7-14.6)	13.7 (11.7-16.1)	15.3 (12.5-18.6)	16.6 (13.1-20.6)	17.9 (13.4-22.8)	19.0 (13.5-25.4)	20.3 (13.7-28.3)	21.2 (13.8-30.2)
60-day	11.9 (10.3-13.7)	12.8 (11.1-14.8)	14.3 (12.4-16.7)	15.6 (13.3-18.3)	17.4 (14.1-21.0)	18.8 (14.8-23.1)	20.0 (15.0-25.5)	21.1 (15.1-28.2)	22.4 (15.2-31.2)	23.2 (15.3-33.1)

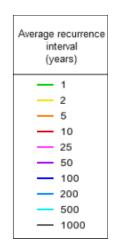
¹ Precipitation frequency (PF) estimates in this table are based on frequency analysis of partial duration series (PDS).

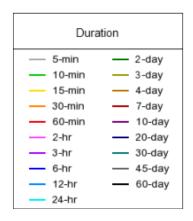
Numbers in parenthesis are PF estimates at lower and upper bounds of the 90% confidence interval. The probability that precipitation frequency estimates for a given duration and average recurrence interval) will be greater than the upper bound (or less than the lower bound) is 5%. Estimates at upper bounds are not checked against probable maximum precipitation (PMP) estimates and may be higher than currently valid PMP values. Please refer to NOAA Atlas 14 document for more information.

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PF graphical







NOAA Atlas 14, Volume 10, Version 3

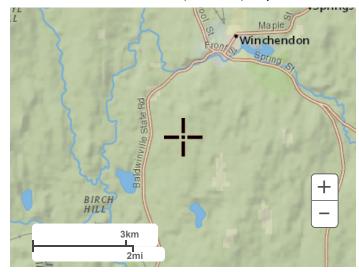
Created (GMT): Tue Dec 27 21:03:55 2022

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Maps & aerials

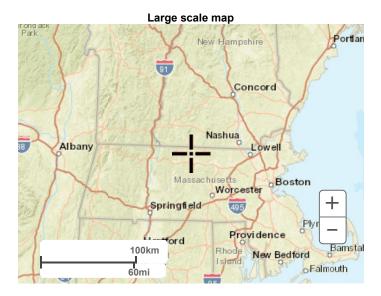
Small scale terrain

Precipitation Frequency Data Server



Large scale terrain





Large scale aerial

Precipitation Frequency Data Server



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US Department of Commerce National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration National Weather Service National Water Center 1325 East West Highway Silver Spring, MD 20910 Questions?: <u>HDSC.Questions@noaa.gov</u>

Disclaimer

INSTRUCTIONS:

1. In BMP Column, click on Blue Cell to Activate Drop Down Menu

2. Select BMP from Drop Down Menu

must be used if Proprietary BMP Proposed

1. From MassDEP Stormwater Handbook Vol. 1

3. After BMP is selected, TSS Removal and other Columns are automatically completed.

	Location:	Infiltration Basin/Infiltration C				
	В	С	D	Е	F	
		TSS Removal	Starting TSS	Amount	Remaining	
	BMP ¹	Rate ¹	Load*	Removed (C*D)	Load (D-E)	
et						
moval Worksheet	Infiltration Basin	0.80	1.00	0.80	0.20	
'al ksl						
TSS Removal ulation Works		0.00	0.20	0.00	0.20	
R. on		0.00	0.20	0.00	0.20	
SS ati						
TSS Re Calculation		0.00	0.20	0.00	0.20	
al						
0		0.00	0.20	0.00	0.20	
		Total T	SS Removal =	80%	Separate Form Needs to be Completed for Each Outlet or BMP Train	
	Project:	Doyle Ave A-N-R Subdivision	*(*90% Removal - sized @ 1-inch x Imperivous Area		
	Prepared By:		*Equals remaining load from	m previous BMP (E)		
	Date:	24-Oct-22		which enters the BMP		
Non-automate	d TSS Calculation Sheet					

Version 1, Automated: Mar. 4, 2008

Mass. Dept. of Environmental Protection

INSTRUCTIONS:

1. In BMP Column, click on Blue Cell to Activate Drop Down Menu

2. Select BMP from Drop Down Menu

3. After BMP is selected, TSS Removal and other Columns are automatically completed.

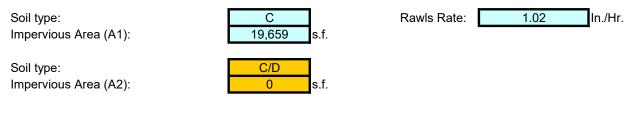
	Location:	L-245 Pretreatment for Rapi	d Infiltrating Soils		
	В	С	D	Е	F
		TSS Removal	Starting TSS	Amount	Remaining
	BMP ¹	Rate ¹	Load*	Removed (C*D)	Load (D-E)
heet	Sediment Forebay	0.25	1.00	0.25	0.75
moval Worksheet	Sediment Forebay	0.25	0.75	0.19	0.56
		0.00	0.56	0.00	0.56
TSS R€ Calculation		0.00	0.56	0.00	0.56
Cal		0.00	0.56	0.00	0.56
Total TSS Removal =				44%	Separate Form Needs to be Completed for Each Outlet or BMP Train
Project: Doyle Ave A-N-R Subdivision					-
Prepared By: Trevor Fletcher			*Equals remaining load from	n previous BMP (E)	
	Date: 10-Aug-23				
Non-automate	Non-automated TSS Calculation Sheet				

Version 1, Automated: Mar. 4, 2008

Non-automated TSS Calculation Sheet must be used if Proprietary BMP Proposed 1. From MassDEP Stormwater Handbook Vol. 1

Site Recharge to Groundwater

"Static Method"



Hydrologic Group	Target Depth Factor (F)		
A	0.60	inches	
В	0.35	inches	
С	0.25	inches	
D	0.1	inches	

Determine the required recharge volume:

Rv = F x impervious area

Rv = Required Recharge Volume

F = Target Depth Factor

	F"HSGC" x A1		F"HSGC/D" x A	2	
Rv =	4,915	+	0	=	410 Cu.Ft.
	12 in. / ft.		12 in. / ft.		

From Hydrocad determine the elevation that will hold back the required recharge volume:

Below is a excerpt from the	stage storage table of Infiltration Pond 1.
-----------------------------	---

Required Site Rv=	410	
	Rv Provided	
IB-247	190	C.F.
IB-247-2	155	C.F.
IB-245	326	C.F.
IB-237	911	C.F.
IB-244	606	C.F.
Total Recharge	2,188	C.F.

Determine if the infiltration BMP will drain completely within 72 hours:

Time drawdown =	Rv		
	(K) (Bottom Area)		
Rv = Storage Volume at Low Level Outlet (LLO) Eleva			
K = Saturated Hydraulic Conductivity (Rawls Rate)			
Bottom area = Bottom su	rface area not including sidewall		

Btm Area	Time Drawdov	wn:
45	50	Hours
137	13	Hours
274	14	Hours
164	65	Hours
241	30	Hours

Result is satisfactory for design purposes

65

- Sediment Forebay Design Criteria: 0.1-inch of runoff x total impervious area of post-develo

<u>SF-237</u>

Required Storage Volume:

Subcatchment	Impervious Area (SF)	Imp. Area x 0.1 in runoff (Cu.Ft.)	
31S	8,921		
		75	Required Storage

From Hydrocad determine the elevation that will hold back the required storage:

Below is a excerpt from the stage storage table of Sediment Forebay.

75	Cu.Ft., the	Cu.Ft., the min. storage elevation required =				
Sta	age Storage Volun	nes				
Elevation	Surface Area	Cum. Storage				
(Ft.)	(Sq.Ft.)	(Cu. Ft.)				
1007	45	0				
1007.5	119	41	1007.76	El. At Req. Storage		
1008	192	119	▲			

*No weir prop	bosed - assume top of check dam	
The Weir Eleva	1,007.80	
_		
	Supplied Storage Volume:	83 Cu.Ft.

age Volume: 83 Cu.Ft.	Supplied Storage Volume:
-----------------------	--------------------------

Stormwater Policy Standard 4: 0.5-inch of runoff x total impervious area of post-development site

<u>IB-237</u>

Required Water Quality Volume:

Subcatchment	Impervious Area (SF)	Imp. Area x 1.0 in runoff (Cu.Ft.)	
31S	8,921		
38S	1,439		
		863	Required W.Q.V.

From Hydrocad determine the elevation that will hold back the required Water Quality Volume (WQV):

Below is a excerpt from the stage storage table of the Infiltration basin.

From Hydrocad

863	Cu. Ft.	min. W.Q.V. stor	age elev req'd =	1007.14
S	tage Storage Volur	nes		
Elevation	Surface Area	Cum. Storage		
(Ft.)	(Sq.Ft.)	(Cu. Ft.)		
100	5 164	0	1007.14	El. At Req. W.Q.V
1005.5	262	105		
1006	382	265		1007.2 - El @ Lowest Outlet
1006.5	506	487	•	
1007	648	775		
1007.5	808	1,138		
1008	985	1,586		
1008.5	1,235	2,140		
1009	1,513	2,825		
		Lowest	Outlet Elevation=	=1,007.20
Supp	lied Water Quality	/ Volume (Infiltration	on Bed):	911 Cu.Ft.

- Sediment Forebay Design Criteria: 0.1-inch of runoff x total impervious area of post-develo

<u>SF-244</u>

Required Storage Volume:

Subcatchment	Impervious Area (SF)	Imp. Area x 0.1 in runoff (Cu.Ft.)	
32S	5,964		
		50	Required Storage

From Hydrocad determine the elevation that will hold back the required storage:

Below is a excerpt from the stage storage table of Sediment Forebay.

50	Cu.Ft., the	987.00		
Sta	age Storage Volun	nes		
Elevation	Surface Area	Cum. Storage		
(Ft.)	(Sq.Ft.)	(Cu. Ft.)		
986	13	0		
986.5	50	16	987.00	El. At Req. Storage
987	87	50		

*No weir proposed - assume top of check dam	
The Weir Elevation has been designed at elevation:	987.00
Supplied Storage Volume:	50 Cu.Ft.

Stormwater Policy Standard 4: 0.5-inch of runoff x total impervious area of post-development site

<u>IB-244</u>

Required Water Quality Volume:

Subcatchment	Impervious Area (SF)	Imp. Area x 1.0 in runoff (Cu.Ft.)	
32S	5,964		
37S	1,204		
		597	Required W.Q.V.

From Hydrocad determine the elevation that will hold back the required Water Quality Volume (WQV):

Below is a excerpt from the stage storage table of the Infiltration basin.

597	Cu. Ft.	min. W.Q.V. sto	orage elev req'd =	987.49
S	tage Storage Volur	nes		
Elevation	Surface Area	Cum. Storage		
(Ft.)	(Sq.Ft.)	(Cu. Ft.)		
986	6 241	0	987.49	EI. At Req. W.Q.V
986.5	341	145		
987	458	344		987.5 - El @ Lowest Outlet
987.5	592	606		
988	744	939		
988.5	960	1,364		
989	1,204	1,904		

Lowest Outlet Elevation=	987.50
	-
Supplied Water Quality Volume (Infiltration Bed):	606 Cu.Ft.

- Sediment Forebay Design Criteria: 0.1-inch of runoff x total impervious area of post-develo

<u>SF-245</u>

Required Storage Volume:

Subcatchment	Impervious Area (SF)	Imp. Area x 0.1 in runoff (Cu.Ft.)	
30S	2,150		
		18	Required Storage

From Hydrocad determine the elevation that will hold back the required storage:

Below is a excerpt from the stage storage table of Sediment Forebay.

18	Cu.Ft., the	967.40		
Sta	age Storage Volun	nes		
Elevation	Surface Area	Cum. Storage		
(Ft.)	(Sq.Ft.)	(Cu. Ft.)		
967	18	0		
967.5	84	26	967.40	El. At Req. Storage
968	150	84	←──	
968.5	387	218		

*No weir prop	bosed - assume top of check dam	
The Weir Eleva	tion has been designed at elevation:	967.40
_		
	Supplied Storage Volume:	18 Cu.Ft.

- Sediment Forebay Design Criteria: 0.1-inch of runoff x total impervious area of post-develo

<u>SF-245-2</u>

Required Storage Volume:

Subcatchment	Impervious Area (SF)	Imp. Area x 0.1 in runoff (Cu.Ft.)	
308	2,150		
		18	Required Storage

From Hydrocad determine the elevation that will hold back the required storage:

Below is a excerpt from the stage storage table of Sediment Forebay.

18	Cu.Ft., the	e min. storage e	elevation required =	966.56
Sta	age Storage Volun	nes		
Elevation	Surface Area	Cum. Storage		
(Ft.)	(Sq.Ft.)	(Cu. Ft.)		
966.1	18	0		
966.5	61	15	966.56	El. At Req. Storage
967	103	54		

*No weir proposed - assume top of check dam	
The Weir Elevation has been designed at elevation:	966.60

Stormwater Policy Standard 4: 0.5-inch of runoff x total impervious area of post-development site

<u>IB-245</u>

Required Water Quality Volume:

30S 2,150 34S 1,760	Subcatchment	Impervious Area (SF)	Imp. Area x 1.0 in runoff (Cu.Ft.)	
	30S	2,150		
	34S	1,760		
			326	Required W.Q.V.

From Hydrocad determine the elevation that will hold back the required Water Quality Volume (WQV):

Below is a excerpt from the stage storage table of the Infiltration basin.

Stage	Storage Volun			
	Storage Volun	nes		
Elevation S	urface Area	Cum. Storage		
(Ft.)	(Sq.Ft.)	(Cu. Ft.)		
966.1	274	0	966.93	EI. At Req. W.Q.V
966.5	387	132		
967	555	366		967- El @ Lowest Outlet
967.5	754	692		
968	983	1,125		
968.5	1,760	1,801		

Lowest Outlet Elevation=	967.00
Supplied Water Quality Volume (Infiltration Bed):	366 Cu.Ft.

Stormwater Policy Standard 4: 0.5-inch of runoff x total impervious area of post-development site

<u>IB-247</u>

Required Water Quality Volume:

Subcatchment	Impervious Area (SF)	Imp. Area x 1.0 in runoff (Cu.Ft.)	
29S	1,524		
28S	740		
		189	Required W.Q.V.

From Hydrocad determine the elevation that will hold back the required Water Quality Volume (WQV):

Below is a excerpt from the stage storage table of the Infiltration basin.

189	Cu. Ft.	min. W.Q.V. st	torage elev req'd =	991.20
S	Stage Storage Volur	nes		
Elevation	Surface Area	Cum. Storage		
(Ft.)	(Sq.Ft.)	(Cu. Ft.)		
990.1	45	0	991.20	El. At Req. W.Q.V
990.5	138	37		
991	254	135		991.2 - El @ Lowest Outlet
991.5	370	290		
992	486	504		
992.5	740	811		

Lowest Outlet Elevation=	991.20
Supplied Water Quality Volume (Infiltration Bed):	190 Cu.Ft.

Stormwater Policy Standard 4: 0.5-inch of runoff x total impervious area of post-development site

Infiltrators-2

Required Water Quality Volume:

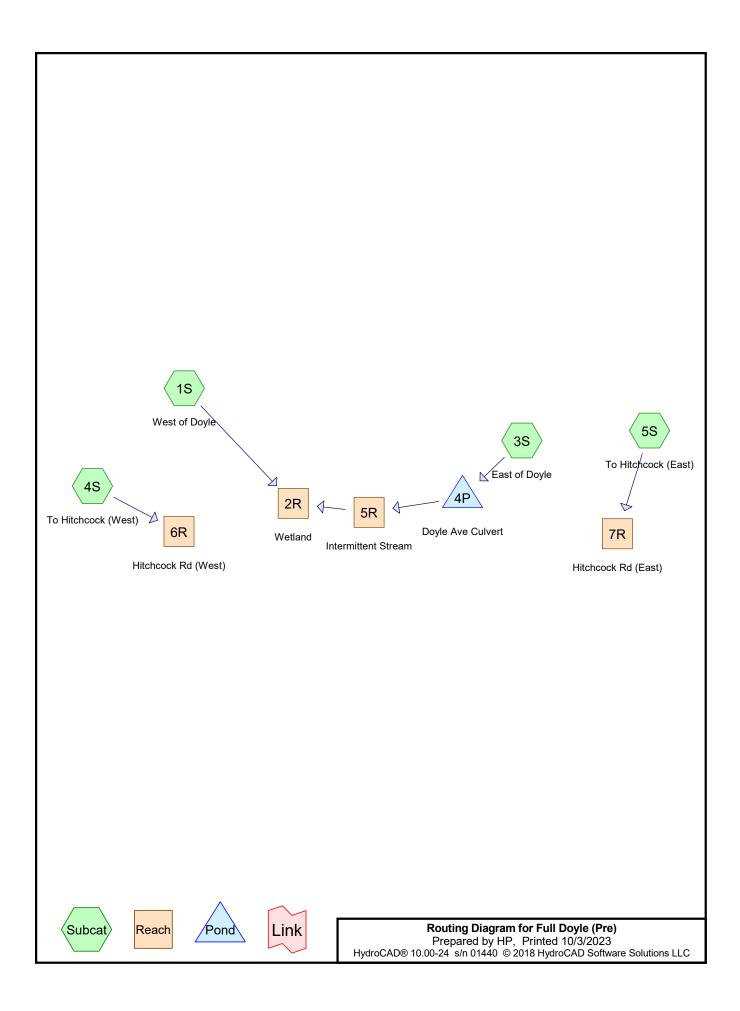
Subcatchment	Impervious Area (SF)	Imp. Area x 1.0 in runoff (Cu.Ft.)	
28S	2,075		
35S	209		
		190	Required W.Q.V.

From Hydrocad determine the elevation that will hold back the required Water Quality Volume (WQV):

Below is a excerpt from the stage storage table of the Infiltration basin.

	tage Storage Volur			
Elevation	Surface Area	Cum. Storage		
(Ft.)	(Sq.Ft.)	(Cu. Ft.)		
979.67	209	0	981.32	EI. At Req. W.Q.V
980	209	28		
980.5	209	89		982.0- El @ Lowest Outlet
981	209	155		
981.5	209	206		
982	209	248		

Lowest Outlet Elevation=	982.00
Supplied Water Quality Volume (Infiltration Bed):	248 Cu.Ft.



Area Listing (all nodes)

Area	CN	Description
(acres)		(subcatchment-numbers)
6.975	77	2 acre lots, 12% imp, HSG C (1S, 3S)
3.876	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C (3S)
1.401	96	Gravel surface, HSG C (1S, 3S)
0.440	98	Roofs, HSG C (1S, 3S)
122.857	70	Woods, Good, HSG C (1S, 3S, 4S, 5S)
135.550	71	TOTAL AREA

Soil Listing (all nodes)

Area	Soil	Subcatchment
(acres)	Group	Numbers
0.000	HSG A	
0.000	HSG B	
135.550	HSG C	1S, 3S, 4S, 5S
0.000	HSG D	
0.000	Other	
135.550		TOTAL AREA

Full Doyle (Pre)	Type III 24-hr 2-Year Rainfall=2.86	5″
Prepared by HP	Printed 10/3/202	23
HydroCAD® 10.00-24 s/n 01440 © 2018 HydroCAD Software Solu	utions LLC Page	4

Time span=1.00-36.00 hrs, dt=0.01 hrs, 3501 points Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN Reach routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method - Pond routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method

Subcatchment 1S: West of Doyle Flow Length=2,241'	Runoff Area=1,438,057 sf 0.34% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.68" Slope=0.0610 '/' Tc=31.9 min CN=71 Runoff=12.68 cfs 1.874 af
Subcatchment 3S: East of Doyle Flow Length=5,506'	Runoff Area=3,662,853 sf 1.39% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.68" Slope=0.0350 '/' Tc=86.3 min CN=71 Runoff=17.99 cfs 4.774 af
Subcatchment 4S: To Hitchcock (West)	Runoff Area=27,938 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.64" Tc=0.0 min CN=70 Runoff=0.49 cfs 0.034 af
Subcatchment 5S: To Hitchcock (East) Flow Length=1,583	Runoff Area=775,697 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.64" Slope=0.0530 '/' Tc=26.6 min CN=70 Runoff=6.76 cfs 0.947 af
Reach 2R: Wetland	Inflow=21.40 cfs 6.648 af Outflow=21.40 cfs 6.648 af
	Avg. Flow Depth=0.30' Max Vel=6.12 fps Inflow=17.64 cfs 4.774 af 4.0' S=0.0878 '/' Capacity=638.10 cfs Outflow=17.63 cfs 4.774 af
Reach 6R: Hitchcock Rd (West)	Inflow=0.49 cfs 0.034 af Outflow=0.49 cfs 0.034 af
Reach 7R: Hitchcock Rd (East)	Inflow=6.76 cfs 0.947 af Outflow=6.76 cfs 0.947 af
Pond 4P: Doyle Ave Culvert	Peak Elev=998.29' Storage=4,338 cf Inflow=17.99 cfs 4.774 af Outflow=17.64 cfs 4.774 af
Total Punoff Area = 135 550) as $Pupoff Volume = 7.628 af Average Pupoff Depth = 0.68"$

Total Runoff Area = 135.550 ac Runoff Volume = 7.628 af Average Runoff Depth = 0.68" 99.06% Pervious = 134.273 ac 0.94% Impervious = 1.277 ac

Full Doyle (Pre) Prepared by HP HydroCAD® 10.00-24 s/n 01440 © 2018 HydroCAD Software Solutio	Type III 24-hr10-Year Rainfall=4.36"Printed10/3/2023ons LLCPage 14					
Time span=1.00-36.00 hrs, dt=0.01 hrs, 3501 points Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN Reach routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method - Pond routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method						
	7 sf 0.34% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.65" 1.9 min CN=71 Runoff=33.94 cfs 4.528 af					
	3 sf 1.39% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.65" .3 min CN=71 Runoff=48.60 cfs 11.533 af					
	8 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.58" =0.0 min CN=70 Runoff=1.40 cfs 0.084 af					
	7 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.58" 6.6 min CN=70 Runoff=18.89 cfs 2.338 af					
Reach 2R: Wetland	Inflow=59.50 cfs 16.060 af Outflow=59.50 cfs 16.060 af					
	lax Vel=8.01 fps Inflow=48.60 cfs 11.533 af bity=638.10 cfs Outflow=48.59 cfs 11.533 af					
Reach 6R: Hitchcock Rd (West)	Inflow=1.40 cfs 0.084 af Outflow=1.40 cfs 0.084 af					
Reach 7R: Hitchcock Rd (East)	Inflow=18.89 cfs 2.338 af Outflow=18.89 cfs 2.338 af					
Pond 4P: Doyle Ave Culvert Peak Elev=999.31' Sto	orage=12,731 cf Inflow=48.60 cfs 11.533 af Outflow=48.60 cfs 11.533 af					
Total Runoff Area = 135 550 ac Runoff Volume =	18 482 af Average Runoff Depth = 1.64 "					

Total Runoff Area = 135.550 acRunoff Volume = 18.482 afAverage Runoff Depth = 1.64"99.06% Pervious = 134.273 ac0.94% Impervious = 1.277 ac

Full Doyle (Pre) Prepared by HP HydroCAD® 10.00-24_s/n 01440_© 2018 HydroCAD Software Soluti	Type III 24-hr 25-Year Rainfall=5.29" Printed 10/3/2023 ions LLC Page 24					
Time span=1.00-36.00 hrs, dt=0.01 hrs, 3501 points Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN Reach routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method - Pond routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method						
	57 sf 0.34% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.34" 31.9 min CN=71 Runoff=49.15 cfs 6.432 af					
	53 sf 1.39% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.34" 6.3 min CN=71 Runoff=70.84 cfs 16.384 af					
	38 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.25" c=0.0 min CN=70 Runoff=2.05 cfs 0.120 af					
	97 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.25" 26.6 min CN=70 Runoff=27.65 cfs 3.345 af					
Reach 2R: Wetland	Inflow=86.46 cfs 22.816 af Outflow=86.46 cfs 22.816 af					
e 1	Max Vel=8.84 fps Inflow=70.73 cfs 16.384 af icity=638.10 cfs Outflow=70.71 cfs 16.384 af					
Reach 6R: Hitchcock Rd (West)	Inflow=2.05 cfs 0.120 af Outflow=2.05 cfs 0.120 af					
Reach 7R: Hitchcock Rd (East)	Inflow=27.65 cfs 3.345 af Outflow=27.65 cfs 3.345 af					
Pond 4P: Doyle Ave Culvert Peak Elev=999.44' State	torage=14,148 cf Inflow=70.84 cfs 16.384 af Outflow=70.73 cfs 16.384 af					
Total Runoff Area = 135 550 ac Runoff Volume =	= 26.281 af Average Runoff Depth = 2.33"					

Total Runoff Area = 135.550 acRunoff Volume = 26.281 afAverage Runoff Depth = 2.33"99.06% Pervious = 134.273 ac0.94% Impervious = 1.277 ac

Full Doyle (Pre) Prepared by HP HydroCAD® 10.00-24_s/n 01440 © 2018 HydroCAD Software Solu	Type III 24-hr50-Year Rainfall=5.98"Printed10/3/2023tions LLCPage 34				
Time span=1.00-36.00 hrs, dt=0.01 hrs, 3501 points Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN Reach routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method - Pond routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method					
	57 sf 0.34% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.88" =31.9 min CN=71 Runoff=61.08 cfs 7.930 af				
	53 sf 1.39% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.88" 36.3 min CN=71 Runoff=88.22 cfs 20.200 af				
	038 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.79" Fc=0.0 min CN=70 Runoff=2.56 cfs 0.149 af				
	97 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.79" =26.6 min CN=70 Runoff=34.50 cfs 4.139 af				
Reach 2R: Wetland	Inflow=107.67 cfs 28.130 af Outflow=107.67 cfs 28.130 af				
	Max Vel=9.35 fps Inflow=88.09 cfs 20.200 af acity=638.10 cfs Outflow=88.07 cfs 20.200 af				
Reach 6R: Hitchcock Rd (West)	Inflow=2.56 cfs 0.149 af Outflow=2.56 cfs 0.149 af				
Reach 7R: Hitchcock Rd (East)	Inflow=34.50 cfs 4.139 af Outflow=34.50 cfs 4.139 af				
Pond 4P: Doyle Ave Culvert Peak Elev=999.52'	Storage=15,065 cf Inflow=88.22 cfs 20.200 af Outflow=88.09 cfs 20.200 af				
Total Pupoff Area = 135 550 ac Pupoff Volume	- 32 /18 of Average Puneff Depth - 2 97"				

Total Runoff Area = 135.550 acRunoff Volume = 32.418 afAverage Runoff Depth = 2.87"99.06% Pervious = 134.273 ac0.94% Impervious = 1.277 ac

Full Doyle (Pre) Prepared by HP <u>HydroCAD® 10.00-24_s/n 01440_© 2018 Hy</u>	Type III 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=6.73"Printed 10/3/2023droCAD Software Solutions LLCPage 44						
Time span=1.00-36.00 hrs, dt=0.01 hrs, 3501 points Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN Reach routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method , Pond routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method							
Subcatchment 1S: West of Doyle Flow Length=2,241'	Runoff Area=1,438,057 sf 0.34% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.50" Slope=0.0610 '/' Tc=31.9 min CN=71 Runoff=74.42 cfs 9.621 af						
Subcatchment 3S: East of Doyle Flow Length=5,506' S	Runoff Area=3,662,853 sf 1.39% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.50" Slope=0.0350 '/' Tc=86.3 min CN=71 Runoff=107.72 cfs 24.507 af						
Subcatchment 4S: To Hitchcock (West)	Runoff Area=27,938 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.40" Tc=0.0 min CN=70 Runoff=3.12 cfs 0.181 af						
Subcatchment 5S: To Hitchcock (East) Flow Length=1,583'	Runoff Area=775,697 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.40" Slope=0.0530 '/' Tc=26.6 min CN=70 Runoff=42.20 cfs 5.038 af						
Reach 2R: Wetland	Inflow=131.59 cfs 34.128 af Outflow=131.59 cfs 34.128 af						
	g. Flow Depth=0.70' Max Vel=9.85 fps Inflow=107.59 cfs 24.507 af 0' S=0.0878 '/' Capacity=638.10 cfs Outflow=107.55 cfs 24.507 af						
Reach 6R: Hitchcock Rd (West)	Inflow=3.12 cfs 0.181 af Outflow=3.12 cfs 0.181 af						
Reach 7R: Hitchcock Rd (East)	Inflow=42.20 cfs 5.038 af Outflow=42.20 cfs 5.038 af						
Pond 4P: Doyle Ave Culvert	Peak Elev=999.60' Storage=15,973 cf Inflow=107.72 cfs 24.507 af Outflow=107.59 cfs 24.507 af						
Total Runoff Area = 135.550	ac Runoff Volume = 39.348 af Average Runoff Depth = 3.48"						

Total Runoff Area = 135.550 acRunoff Volume = 39.348 afAverage Runoff Depth = 3.48"99.06% Pervious = 134.273 ac0.94% Impervious = 1.277 ac

Summary for Subcatchment 1S: West of Doyle

Runoff = 33.94 cfs @ 12.47 hrs, Volume= 4.528 af, Depth= 1.65"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 1.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=4.36"

A	rea (sf)	CN E	Description				
1,3	88,610	70 V	Voods, Good, HSG C				
	23,764	77 2	acre lots,	12% imp, H	HSG C		
	23,679	96 (Gravel surface, HSG C				
	2,004	98 F	Roofs, HSG C				
1,4	38,057	71 V	Weighted Average				
1,4	33,201	g	99.66% Pervious Area				
	4,856	C	0.34% Impervious Area				
_							
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description		
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)			
31.9	2,241	0.0610	1.17		Lag/CN Method,		

Summary for Subcatchment 3S: East of Doyle

Runoff = 48.60 cfs @ 13.22 hrs, Volume= 11.533 af, Depth= 1.65"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 1.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=4.36"

Ar	ea (sf)	CN [Description			
3,15	59,423	70 \	Voods, Go	od, HSG C		
16	68,851	74 >	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C			
	37,329	96 (Gravel surfa	ace, HSG C)	
	17,164	98 F	Roofs, HSG C			
28	80,086	77 2	2 acre lots, 12% imp, HSG C			
3,66	62,853	71 \	Veighted A	verage		
3,6	12,079	ę	98.61% Pervious Area			
Ę	50,774		1.39% Impervious Area			
Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description	
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)		
86.3	5,506	0.0350	1.06		Lag/CN Method,	

Summary for Subcatchment 4S: To Hitchcock (West)

Runoff = 1.40 cfs @ 12.00 hrs, Volume= 0.084 af, Depth= 1.58"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 1.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=4.36"

 Area (sf)	CN	Description
27,938	70	Woods, Good, HSG C
27,938		100.00% Pervious Area

Summary for Subcatchment 5S: To Hitchcock (East)

Runoff = 18.89 cfs @ 12.39 hrs, Volume= 2.338 af, Depth= 1.58"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 1.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=4.36"

	A	rea (sf)	CN Description				
775,697		70 V	70 Woods, Good, HSG C				
	775,697		1	00.00% Pe	ervious Are	28	
	Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description	
	26.6	1,583	0.0530	0.99		Lag/CN Method,	

Summary for Reach 2R: Wetland

Inflow Area =		117.101 ac,	1.09% Impervious, Inflow	Depth = 1.65"	for 10-Year event
Inflow	=	59.50 cfs @	13.08 hrs, Volume=	16.060 af	
Outflow	=	59.50 cfs @	13.08 hrs, Volume=	16.060 af, Atte	en= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 1.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Summary for Reach 5R: Intermittent Stream

 Inflow Area =
 84.088 ac,
 1.39% Impervious,
 Inflow Depth =
 1.65"
 for
 10-Year event

 Inflow =
 48.60 cfs @
 13.23 hrs,
 Volume=
 11.533 af

 Outflow =
 48.59 cfs @
 13.23 hrs,
 Volume=
 11.533 af,

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 1.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Max. Velocity= 8.01 fps, Min. Travel Time= 0.8 min Avg. Velocity = 3.80 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 1.7 min

Peak Storage= 2,389 cf @ 13.23 hrs Average Depth at Peak Storage= 0.49' Bank-Full Depth= 1.50' Flow Area= 41.3 sf, Capacity= 638.10 cfs

5.00' x 1.50' deep channel, n= 0.025 Earth, clean & winding Side Slope Z-value= 15.0 '/' Top Width= 50.00' Length= 394.0' Slope= 0.0878 '/' Inlet Invert= 995.58', Outlet Invert= 961.00'

‡

Summary for Reach 6R: Hitchcock Rd (West)

Inflow Area =	0.641 ac,	0.00% Impervious, Inflow D	epth = 1.58"	for 10-Year event
Inflow =	1.40 cfs @	12.00 hrs, Volume=	0.084 af	
Outflow =	1.40 cfs @	12.00 hrs, Volume=	0.084 af, Atte	en= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 1.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Summary for Reach 7R: Hitchcock Rd (East)

Inflow Area =		17.808 ac,	0.00% Impervious, Inflow	Depth = 1.58"	for 10-Year event
Inflow	=	18.89 cfs @	12.39 hrs, Volume=	2.338 af	
Outflow	=	18.89 cfs @	12.39 hrs, Volume=	2.338 af, Atte	en= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 1.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Summary for Pond 4P: Doyle Ave Culvert

Inflow Area	=	84.088 ac,	1.39% Impervious, Inflow	Depth = $1.65''$	for 10-Year event
Inflow	=	48.60 cfs @	13.22 hrs, Volume=	11.533 af	
Outflow =	=	48.60 cfs @	13.23 hrs, Volume=	11.533 af, Atte	en= 0%, Lag= 0.4 min
Primary	=	48.60 cfs @	13.23 hrs, Volume=	11.533 af	

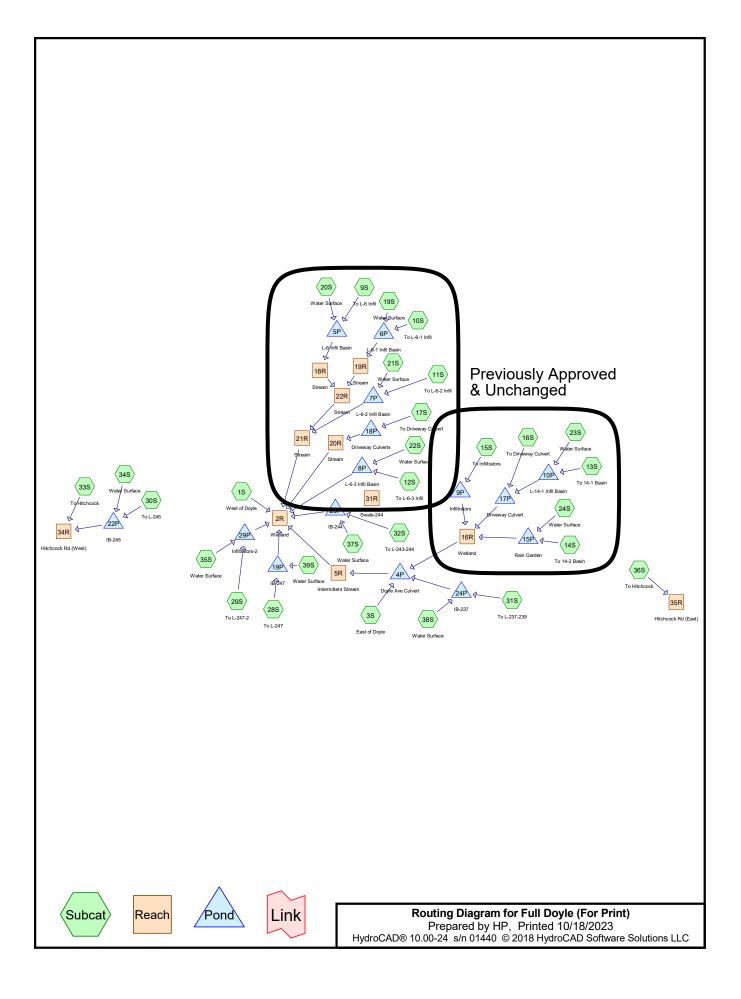
Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 1.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 999.31' @ 13.23 hrs Surf.Area= 10,676 sf Storage= 12,731 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 4.0 min calculated for 11.529 af (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 4.0 min (931.0 - 927.0)

Volume	Inve	ert Avail.Sto	orage Storage	e Description
#1	995.8	5' 37,9	46 cf Custon	m Stage Data (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc)
Elevatio (fee		Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)
995.8	35	0	0	0
997.0	00	1,119	643	643
998.0	00	3,644	2,382	3,025
999.0	00	9,570	6,607	9,632
1,000.0	00	13,181	11,376	21,007
1,001.0	00	20,697	16,939	37,946
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Device	ces
#1	Primary	995.85'	30.0" Round	nd Culvert
#2 Primary		999.00'	Inlet / Outlet n= 0.025 Co Custom Wei Head (feet)	PP, projecting, no headwall, Ke= 0.900 t Invert= 995.85' / 995.58' S= 0.0090 '/' Cc= 0.900 orrugated metal, Flow Area= 4.91 sf pir/Orifice, Cv= 2.62 (C= 3.28) 0.00 1.00 2.00 0 30.00 125.00 172.00
Primary	OutFlow	Max=48.60 cfs	@ 13.23 hrs	HW=999.31' TW=996.07' (Dynamic Tailwater)

—1=Culvert (Barrel Controls 25.50 cfs @ 5.19 fps)

-2=Custom Weir/Orifice (Weir Controls 23.10 cfs @ 1.69 fps)



Full Doyle (For Print)	Dojio
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Area Listing (all nodes)

	Area	CN	Description
(acres)		(subcatchment-numbers)
	7.011	77	2 acre lots, 12% imp, HSG C (1S, 3S, 9S, 13S, 16S)
1	10.304	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C (1S, 3S, 9S, 10S, 11S, 12S, 13S, 14S, 15S,
			16S, 17S, 28S, 29S, 30S, 31S, 32S, 33S, 36S)
	1.401	96	Gravel surface, HSG C (1S, 3S, 16S, 17S)
	1.068	98	Paved parking, HSG C (3S, 9S, 10S, 11S, 12S, 13S, 14S, 15S, 17S, 28S, 29S,
			30S, 31S, 32S)
	0.021	98	Paved roads w/curbs & sewers, HSG C (16S)
	0.983	98	Roofs, HSG C (1S, 3S, 9S, 10S, 11S, 12S, 13S, 14S, 31S, 32S, 36S)
	0.347	98	Water Surface, HSG C (19S, 20S, 21S, 22S, 23S, 24S, 34S, 35S, 37S, 38S, 39S)
11	14.415	70	Woods, Good, HSG C (1S, 3S, 9S, 11S, 12S, 13S, 15S, 16S, 17S, 28S, 30S, 31S,
			32S, 36S)
1;	35.550	71	TOTAL AREA

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Soil Listing (all nodes)

Area (acres)	Soil Group	Subcatchment Numbers
0.000	HSG A	
0.000	HSG B	
135.550	HSG C	1S, 3S, 9S, 10S, 11S, 12S, 13S, 14S, 15S, 16S, 17S, 19S, 20S, 21S, 22S, 23S, 24S, 28S, 29S, 30S, 31S, 32S, 33S, 34S, 35S, 36S, 37S, 38S, 39S
0.000	HSG D	
0.000	Other	
135.550		TOTAL AREA

Full Doyle (For Print) Prepared by HP <u>HydroCAD® 10.00-24_s/n 01440_© 2018 Hydro</u>	Doyle <i>Type III 24-hr 2-Year Rainfall=2.86"</i> Printed 10/18/2023 OCAD Software Solutions LLC Page 4
Runoff by SCS TR-	36.00 hrs, dt=0.01 hrs, 3601 points -20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN method - Pond routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method
	Runoff Area=1,118,080 sf 0.85% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.68" Slope=0.0610 '/' Tc=31.9 min CN=71 Runoff=9.86 cfs 1.457 af
	Runoff Area=3,283,926 sf 1.40% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.68" lope=0.0350 '/' Tc=86.3 min CN=71 Runoff=16.13 cfs 4.280 af
Subcatchment 9S: To L-6 Infil Flow Length=544'	Runoff Area=99,742 sf 10.40% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.82" Slope=0.0810 '/' Tc=8.2 min CN=74 Runoff=1.87 cfs 0.157 af
Subcatchment 10S: To L-6-1 Infil	Runoff Area=22,785 sf 19.41% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.09" Tc=6.0 min CN=79 Runoff=0.65 cfs 0.047 af
Subcatchment 11S: To L-6-2 Infil Flow Length=442'	Runoff Area=34,234 sf 20.06% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.98" Slope=0.0250 '/' Tc=11.5 min CN=77 Runoff=0.71 cfs 0.064 af
Subcatchment 12S: To L-6-3 Infil Flow Length=402'	Runoff Area=23,257 sf 24.93% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.09" Slope=0.0420 '/' Tc=7.7 min CN=79 Runoff=0.62 cfs 0.048 af
Subcatchment 13S: To 14-1 Basin Flow Length=1,061'	Runoff Area=149,214 sf 9.43% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.82" Slope=0.0600 '/' Tc=16.3 min CN=74 Runoff=2.20 cfs 0.234 af
Subcatchment 14S: To 14-2 Basin	Runoff Area=7,147 sf 35.48% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.33" Tc=6.0 min CN=83 Runoff=0.26 cfs 0.018 af
Subcatchment 15S: To Infiltrators	Runoff Area=10,302 sf 32.33% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.09" Tc=6.0 min CN=79 Runoff=0.29 cfs 0.021 af
	Runoff Area=153,405 sf 1.08% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.73" Slope=0.0740 '/' Tc=15.9 min CN=72 Runoff=1.95 cfs 0.213 af
Subcatchment 17S: To Driveway Culvert	Runoff Area=72,047 sf 0.22% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.68" Tc=6.0 min CN=71 Runoff=1.15 cfs 0.094 af
Subcatchment 19S: Water Surface	Runoff Area=1,426 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.63" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.09 cfs 0.007 af
Subcatchment 20S: Water Surface	Runoff Area=2,441 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.63" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.16 cfs 0.012 af
Subcatchment 21S: Water Surface	Runoff Area=2,080 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.63" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.13 cfs 0.010 af
Subcatchment 22S: Water Surface	Runoff Area=1,890 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.63" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.12 cfs 0.010 af
Subcatchment 23S: Water Surface	Runoff Area=836 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.63" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.05 cfs 0.004 af

Subcatchment 24S: Water Surface	Runoff Area=1,097 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.63" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.07 cfs 0.006 af
Subcatchment 28S: To L-247	Runoff Area=6,378 sf 23.89% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.09" Tc=6.0 min CN=79 Runoff=0.18 cfs 0.013 af
Subcatchment 29S: To L-247-2	Runoff Area=11,814 sf 17.56% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.03" Tc=6.0 min CN=78 Runoff=0.32 cfs 0.023 af
Subcatchment 30S: To L-245	Runoff Area=21,008 sf 10.23% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.87" Tc=6.0 min CN=75 Runoff=0.46 cfs 0.035 af
Subcatchment 31S: To L-237-239	Runoff Area=54,940 sf 16.24% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.98" Tc=6.0 min CN=77 Runoff=1.38 cfs 0.102 af
Subcatchment 32S: To L-243-244	Runoff Area=47,010 sf 12.69% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.92" Tc=6.0 min CN=76 Runoff=1.10 cfs 0.083 af
Subcatchment 33S: To Hitchcock	Runoff Area=1,263 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.82" Tc=6.0 min CN=74 Runoff=0.03 cfs 0.002 af
Subcatchment 34S: Water Surface	Runoff Area=1,760 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.63" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.11 cfs 0.009 af
Subcatchment 35S: Water Surface	Runoff Area=209 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.63" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.01 cfs 0.001 af
Subcatchment 36S: To Hitchcock Flow Length=1,683'	Runoff Area=772,871 sf 0.20% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.64" Slope=0.0530 '/' Tc=27.9 min CN=70 Runoff=6.60 cfs 0.943 af
Subcatchment 37S: Water Surface	Runoff Area=1,204 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.63" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.08 cfs 0.006 af
Subcatchment 38S: Water Surface	Runoff Area=1,439 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.63" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.09 cfs 0.007 af
Subcatchment 39S: Water Surface	Runoff Area=740 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.63" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.05 cfs 0.004 af
Reach 2R: Wetland	Inflow=20.91 cfs 6.802 af Outflow=20.91 cfs 6.802 af
	/g. Flow Depth=0.30' Max Vel=6.05 fps Inflow=16.96 cfs 4.840 af .0' S=0.0878 '/' Capacity=638.10 cfs Outflow=16.96 cfs 4.840 af
	Avg. Flow Depth=0.26' Max Vel=0.80 fps Inflow=4.33 cfs 0.471 af 05.0' S=0.0301 '/' Capacity=65.53 cfs Outflow=3.52 cfs 0.471 af
	Avg. Flow Depth=0.22' Max Vel=1.29 fps Inflow=1.91 cfs 0.153 af 95.0' S=0.0154 '/' Capacity=46.68 cfs Outflow=1.81 cfs 0.153 af

	Doyle
Full Doyle (For Print)	Type III 24-hr 2-Year Rainfall=2.86"
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Reach 19R: Stream	Avg. Flow Depth=0.09' Max Vel=1.14 fps Inflow=0.52 cfs 0.045 af n=0.040 L=406.0' S=0.0419 '/' Capacity=77.01 cfs Outflow=0.39 cfs 0.045 af	
Reach 20R: Stream	Avg. Flow Depth=0.11' Max Vel=1.95 fps Inflow=1.13 cfs 0.094 af n=0.040 L=362.0' S=0.0925 '/' Capacity=314.84 cfs Outflow=1.04 cfs 0.094 af	
Reach 21R: Stream	Avg. Flow Depth=0.20' Max Vel=1.92 fps Inflow=2.38 cfs 0.259 af n=0.040 L=400.0' S=0.0400 '/' Capacity=75.27 cfs Outflow=2.25 cfs 0.259 af	
Reach 22R: Stream	Avg. Flow Depth=0.17' Max Vel=2.21 fps Inflow=2.11 cfs 0.198 af n=0.040 L=292.0' S=0.0651 '/' Capacity=96.00 cfs Outflow=2.05 cfs 0.198 af	
Reach 31R: Swale-244	Avg. Flow Depth=0.00' Max Vel=0.00 fps n=0.150 L=350.0' S=0.0571 '/' Capacity=6.87 cfs Outflow=0.00 cfs 0.000 af	
Reach 34R: Hitchcock Rd (West) Inflow=0.32 cfs 0.037 a Outflow=0.32 cfs 0.037 a		
Reach 35R: Hitchcock Rd ((East) Inflow=6.60 cfs 0.943 af Outflow=6.60 cfs 0.943 af	
Pond 4P: Doyle Ave Culver	rt Peak Elev=998.23' Storage=4,005 cf Inflow=17.20 cfs 4.840 af Outflow=16.96 cfs 4.840 af	
Pond 5P: L-6 Infil Basin	Peak Elev=1,041.22' Storage=971 cf Inflow=2.01 cfs 0.169 af Outflow=1.91 cfs 0.153 af	
Pond 6P: L-6-1 Infil Basin	Peak Elev=1,031.55' Storage=652 cf Inflow=0.74 cfs 0.055 af Outflow=0.52 cfs 0.045 af	
Pond 7P: L-6-2 Infil Basin	Peak Elev=1,010.46' Storage=985 cf Inflow=0.80 cfs 0.074 af Outflow=0.44 cfs 0.061 af	
Pond 8P: L-6-3 Infil Basin	Peak Elev=992.92' Storage=786 cf Inflow=0.74 cfs 0.058 af Outflow=0.38 cfs 0.047 af	
Pond 9P: Infiltrators	Peak Elev=1,015.65' Storage=100 cf Inflow=0.29 cfs 0.021 af Outflow=0.28 cfs 0.020 af	
Pond 10P: L-14-1 Infil Basi	n Peak Elev=1,029.37' Storage=597 cf Inflow=2.23 cfs 0.238 af Outflow=2.22 cfs 0.227 af	
Pond 15P: Rain Garden	Peak Elev=1,020.02' Storage=557 cf Inflow=0.32 cfs 0.024 af Outflow=0.06 cfs 0.011 af	
Pond 17P: Driveway Culve	rt Peak Elev=1,015.80' Storage=124 cf Inflow=4.17 cfs 0.440 af Outflow=4.17 cfs 0.440 af	
Pond 18P: Driveway Culve	rts Peak Elev=1,000.34' Storage=58 cf Inflow=1.15 cfs 0.094 af Outflow=1.13 cfs 0.094 af	

Full Doyle (For Print) Prepared by HP HydroCAD® 10.00-24 s/n 01440 © 2018 Hydr	Doyle <i>Type III 24-hr 2-Year Rainfall=2.86"</i> Printed 10/18/2023 oCAD Software Solutions LLC Page 7
Pond 19P: IB-247	Peak Elev=991.25' Storage=207 cf Inflow=0.23 cfs 0.017 af Outflow=0.20 cfs 0.013 af
Pond 22P: IB-245	Peak Elev=967.31' Storage=553 cf Inflow=0.57 cfs 0.044 af Outflow=0.30 cfs 0.035 af
Pond 24P: IB-237	Peak Elev=1,007.39' Storage=1,049 cf Inflow=1.47 cfs 0.110 af Outflow=1.27 cfs 0.089 af
Pond 26P: IB-244	Peak Elev=987.67' Storage=711 cf Inflow=1.18 cfs 0.089 af Outflow=1.11 cfs 0.075 af
Pond 29P: Infiltrators-2	Peak Elev=982.03' Storage=248 cf Inflow=0.33 cfs 0.024 af Outflow=0.55 cfs 0.019 af

Total Runoff Area = 135.550 acRunoff Volume = 7.912 af
97.60% Pervious = 132.290 acAverage Runoff Depth = 0.70"
2.40% Impervious = 3.260 ac

Full Doyle (For Print) Prepared by HP HydroCAD® 10.00-24 s/n 01440 © 2018 Hydr	Doyle <i>Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=4.36"</i> Printed 10/18/2023 roCAD Software Solutions LLC Page 65
Runoff by SCS TF	-36.00 hrs, dt=0.01 hrs, 3601 points R-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN d method . Pond routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method
	Runoff Area=1,118,080 sf 0.85% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.65" Slope=0.0610 '/' Tc=31.9 min CN=71 Runoff=26.39 cfs 3.520 af
	Runoff Area=3,283,926 sf 1.40% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.65" lope=0.0350 '/' Tc=86.3 min CN=71 Runoff=43.57 cfs 10.340 af
Subcatchment 9S: To L-6 Infil Flow Length=544	Runoff Area=99,742 sf 10.40% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.87" ' Slope=0.0810 '/' Tc=8.2 min CN=74 Runoff=4.57 cfs 0.356 af
Subcatchment 10S: To L-6-1 Infil	Runoff Area=22,785 sf 19.41% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.26" Tc=6.0 min CN=79 Runoff=1.39 cfs 0.098 af
Subcatchment 11S: To L-6-2 Infil Flow Length=442'	Runoff Area=34,234 sf 20.06% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.10" Slope=0.0250 '/' Tc=11.5 min CN=77 Runoff=1.60 cfs 0.137 af
Subcatchment 12S: To L-6-3 Infil Flow Length=402	Runoff Area=23,257 sf 24.93% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.26" ' Slope=0.0420 '/' Tc=7.7 min CN=79 Runoff=1.33 cfs 0.101 af
Subcatchment 13S: To 14-1 Basin Flow Length=1,061'	Runoff Area=149,214 sf 9.43% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.87" Slope=0.0600 '/' Tc=16.3 min CN=74 Runoff=5.40 cfs 0.532 af
Subcatchment 14S: To 14-2 Basin	Runoff Area=7,147 sf 35.48% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.60" Tc=6.0 min CN=83 Runoff=0.50 cfs 0.036 af
Subcatchment 15S: To Infiltrators	Runoff Area=10,302 sf 32.33% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.26" Tc=6.0 min CN=79 Runoff=0.63 cfs 0.045 af
Subcatchment 16S: To Driveway Culvert Flow Length=1,094'	Runoff Area=153,405 sf 1.08% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.72" Slope=0.0740 '/' Tc=15.9 min CN=72 Runoff=5.10 cfs 0.504 af
Subcatchment 17S: To Driveway Culvert	Runoff Area=72,047 sf 0.22% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.65" Tc=6.0 min CN=71 Runoff=3.11 cfs 0.227 af
Subcatchment 19S: Water Surface	Runoff Area=1,426 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=4.12" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.14 cfs 0.011 af
Subcatchment 20S: Water Surface	Runoff Area=2,441 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=4.12" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.24 cfs 0.019 af
Subcatchment 21S: Water Surface	Runoff Area=2,080 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=4.12" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.20 cfs 0.016 af
Subcatchment 22S: Water Surface	Runoff Area=1,890 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=4.12" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.18 cfs 0.015 af
Subcatchment 23S: Water Surface	Runoff Area=836 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=4.12" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.08 cfs 0.007 af

Subcatchment 24S: Water Surface	Runoff Area=1,097 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=4.12" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.11 cfs 0.009 af	
Subcatchment 28S: To L-247	Runoff Area=6,378 sf 23.89% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.26" Tc=6.0 min CN=79 Runoff=0.39 cfs 0.028 af	
Subcatchment 29S: To L-247-2	Runoff Area=11,814 sf 17.56% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.18" Tc=6.0 min CN=78 Runoff=0.69 cfs 0.049 af	
Subcatchment 30S: To L-245	Runoff Area=21,008 sf 10.23% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.94" Tc=6.0 min CN=75 Runoff=1.09 cfs 0.078 af	
Subcatchment 31S: To L-237-239	Runoff Area=54,940 sf 16.24% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.10" Tc=6.0 min CN=77 Runoff=3.09 cfs 0.220 af	
Subcatchment 32S: To L-243-244	Runoff Area=47,010 sf 12.69% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.02" Tc=6.0 min CN=76 Runoff=2.54 cfs 0.182 af	
Subcatchment 33S: To Hitchcock	Runoff Area=1,263 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.87" Tc=6.0 min CN=74 Runoff=0.06 cfs 0.005 af	
Subcatchment 34S: Water Surface	Runoff Area=1,760 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=4.12" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.17 cfs 0.014 af	
Subcatchment 35S: Water Surface	Runoff Area=209 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=4.12" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.02 cfs 0.002 af	
Subcatchment 36S: To Hitchcock Flow Length=1,683'	Runoff Area=772,871 sf 0.20% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.58" Slope=0.0530 '/' Tc=27.9 min CN=70 Runoff=18.43 cfs 2.329 af	
Subcatchment 37S: Water Surface	Runoff Area=1,204 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=4.12" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.12 cfs 0.009 af	
Subcatchment 38S: Water Surface	Runoff Area=1,439 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=4.12" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.14 cfs 0.011 af	
Subcatchment 39S: Water Surface	Runoff Area=740 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=4.12" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.07 cfs 0.006 af	
Reach 2R: Wetland	Inflow=57.04 cfs 16.359 af Outflow=57.04 cfs 16.359 af	
Reach 5R: Intermittent Stream Avg. Flow Depth=0.48' Max Vel=7.90 fps Inflow=45.95 cfs 11.657 af n=0.025 L=394.0' S=0.0878 '/' Capacity=638.10 cfs Outflow=45.94 cfs 11.657 af		
	vg. Flow Depth=0.42' Max Vel=1.10 fps Inflow=11.22 cfs 1.106 af 05.0' S=0.0301 '/' Capacity=65.53 cfs Outflow=9.98 cfs 1.106 af	
	vg. Flow Depth=0.34' Max Vel=1.71 fps Inflow=4.66 cfs 0.359 af 95.0' S=0.0154 '/' Capacity=46.68 cfs Outflow=4.54 cfs 0.359 af	

Full Doyle (For Print) Prepared by HP <u>HydroCAD® 10.00-24_s/n 01</u>	Doyle <i>Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=4.36"</i> Printed 10/18/2023 440 © 2018 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Page 67
Reach 19R: Stream	Avg. Flow Depth=0.15' Max Vel=1.66 fps Inflow=1.48 cfs 0.101 af n=0.040 L=406.0' S=0.0419 '/' Capacity=77.01 cfs Outflow=1.32 cfs 0.101 af
Reach 20R: Stream	Avg. Flow Depth=0.17' Max Vel=2.67 fps Inflow=3.04 cfs 0.227 af n=0.040 L=362.0' S=0.0925 '/' Capacity=314.84 cfs Outflow=2.91 cfs 0.227 af
Reach 21R: Stream	Avg. Flow Depth=0.32' Max Vel=2.64 fps Inflow=6.55 cfs 0.600 af n=0.040 L=400.0' S=0.0400 '/' Capacity=75.27 cfs Outflow=6.33 cfs 0.600 af
Reach 22R: Stream	Avg. Flow Depth=0.27' Max Vel=3.04 fps Inflow=5.86 cfs 0.460 af n=0.040 L=292.0' S=0.0651 '/' Capacity=96.00 cfs Outflow=5.76 cfs 0.460 af
Reach 31R: Swale-244	Avg. Flow Depth=0.00' Max Vel=0.00 fps n=0.150 L=350.0' S=0.0571 '/' Capacity=6.87 cfs Outflow=0.00 cfs 0.000 af
Reach 34R: Hitchcock Rd	(West) Inflow=1.21 cfs 0.088 af Outflow=1.21 cfs 0.088 af
Reach 35R: Hitchcock Rd	(East) Inflow=18.43 cfs 2.329 af Outflow=18.43 cfs 2.329 af
Pond 4P: Doyle Ave Culve	rt Peak Elev=999.29' Storage=12,532 cf Inflow=46.05 cfs 11.657 af Outflow=45.95 cfs 11.657 af
Pond 5P: L-6 Infil Basin	Peak Elev=1,041.40' Storage=1,212 cf Inflow=4.79 cfs 0.375 af Outflow=4.66 cfs 0.359 af
Pond 6P: L-6-1 Infil Basin	Peak Elev=1,031.65' Storage=731 cf Inflow=1.52 cfs 0.110 af Outflow=1.48 cfs 0.101 af
Pond 7P: L-6-2 Infil Basin	Peak Elev=1,011.20' Storage=1,792 cf Inflow=1.75 cfs 0.154 af Outflow=0.92 cfs 0.140 af
Pond 8P: L-6-3 Infil Basin	Peak Elev=993.45' Storage=1,311 cf Inflow=1.51 cfs 0.115 af Outflow=0.79 cfs 0.104 af
Pond 9P: Infiltrators	Peak Elev=1,015.84' Storage=141 cf Inflow=0.63 cfs 0.045 af Outflow=0.55 cfs 0.043 af
Pond 10P: L-14-1 Infil Bas	Peak Elev=1,029.51' Storage=675 cf Inflow=5.44 cfs 0.539 af Outflow=5.43 cfs 0.527 af
Pond 15P: Rain Garden	Peak Elev=1,020.07' Storage=608 cf Inflow=0.61 cfs 0.044 af Outflow=0.57 cfs 0.032 af
Pond 17P: Driveway Culve	ert Peak Elev=1,016.22' Storage=375 cf Inflow=10.53 cfs 1.031 af Outflow=10.48 cfs 1.031 af
Pond 18P: Driveway Culve	Peak Elev=1,000.60' Storage=171 cf Inflow=3.11 cfs 0.227 af Outflow=3.04 cfs 0.227 af

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Pond 19P: IB-247	Peak Elev=991.29' Storage=219 cf Inflow=0.46 cfs 0.033 af Outflow=0.45 cfs 0.029 af
Pond 22P: IB-245	Peak Elev=967.56' Storage=739 cf Inflow=1.26 cfs 0.092 af Outflow=1.15 cfs 0.083 af
Pond 24P: IB-237	Peak Elev=1,007.55' Storage=1,175 cf Inflow=3.23 cfs 0.232 af Outflow=3.16 cfs 0.211 af
Pond 26P: IB-244	Peak Elev=987.80' Storage=799 cf Inflow=2.66 cfs 0.191 af Outflow=2.61 cfs 0.177 af
Pond 29P: Infiltrators-2	Peak Elev=982.04' Storage=248 cf Inflow=0.71 cfs 0.051 af Outflow=0.77 cfs 0.045 af
Total Runoff Area = 135.550 a	c Runoff Volume = 18,906 af Average Runoff Depth = 1,67"

Total Runoff Area = 135.550 acRunoff Volume = 18.906 afAverage Runoff Depth = 1.67"97.60% Pervious = 132.290 ac2.40% Impervious = 3.260 ac

Full Doyle (For Print) Prepared by HP <u>HydroCAD® 10.00-24_s/n 01440 © 2018 Hydr</u>	21	Doyle 25-Year Rainfall=5.29" Printed 10/18/2023 Page 126
Runoff by SCS TF	-36.00 hrs, dt=0.01 hrs, 3601 points R-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN d method - Pond routing by Dyn-Stor-	Ind method
	Runoff Area=1,118,080 sf 0.85% Imper Slope=0.0610 '/' Tc=31.9 min CN=71	•
	Runoff Area=3,283,926 sf 1.40% Imper lope=0.0350 '/' Tc=86.3 min CN=71 F	•
Subcatchment 9S: To L-6 Infil Flow Length=544	Runoff Area=99,742 sf 10.40% Imper ' Slope=0.0810 '/' Tc=8.2 min CN=74	•
Subcatchment 10S: To L-6-1 Infil	Runoff Area=22,785 sf 19.41% Imper Tc=6.0 min CN=79	vious Runoff Depth=3.05" Runoff=1.87 cfs 0.133 af
Subcatchment 11S: To L-6-2 Infil Flow Length=442'	Runoff Area=34,234 sf 20.06% Imper Slope=0.0250 '/' Tc=11.5 min CN=77	•
Subcatchment 12S: To L-6-3 Infil Flow Length=402	Runoff Area=23,257 sf 24.93% Imper ' Slope=0.0420 '/' Tc=7.7 min CN=79	
Subcatchment 13S: To 14-1 Basin Flow Length=1,061'	Runoff Area=149,214 sf 9.43% Imper Slope=0.0600 '/' Tc=16.3 min CN=74	•
Subcatchment 14S: To 14-2 Basin	Runoff Area=7,147 sf 35.48% Imper Tc=6.0 min CN=83	vious Runoff Depth=3.44" Runoff=0.66 cfs 0.047 af
Subcatchment 15S: To Infiltrators	Runoff Area=10,302 sf 32.33% Imper Tc=6.0 min CN=79	vious Runoff Depth=3.05" Runoff=0.85 cfs 0.060 af
Subcatchment 16S: To Driveway Culvert Flow Length=1,094'	Runoff Area=153,405 sf 1.08% Imper Slope=0.0740 '/' Tc=15.9 min CN=72	•
Subcatchment 17S: To Driveway Culvert	Runoff Area=72,047 sf 0.22% Imper Tc=6.0 min CN=71	vious Runoff Depth=2.34" Runoff=4.49 cfs 0.322 af
Subcatchment 19S: Water Surface	Runoff Area=1,426 sf 100.00% Imper Tc=6.0 min CN=98	vious Runoff Depth=5.05" Runoff=0.17 cfs 0.014 af
Subcatchment 20S: Water Surface	Runoff Area=2,441 sf 100.00% Imper Tc=6.0 min CN=98	vious Runoff Depth=5.05" Runoff=0.29 cfs 0.024 af
Subcatchment 21S: Water Surface	Runoff Area=2,080 sf 100.00% Imper Tc=6.0 min CN=98	vious Runoff Depth=5.05" Runoff=0.25 cfs 0.020 af
Subcatchment 22S: Water Surface	Runoff Area=1,890 sf 100.00% Imper Tc=6.0 min CN=98	vious Runoff Depth=5.05" Runoff=0.22 cfs 0.018 af
Subcatchment 23S: Water Surface	Runoff Area=836 sf 100.00% Imper Tc=6.0 min CN=98	vious Runoff Depth=5.05" Runoff=0.10 cfs 0.008 af

Subcatchment 24S: Water Surface	Runoff Area=1,097 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=5.05" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.13 cfs 0.011 af	
Subcatchment 28S: To L-247	Runoff Area=6,378 sf 23.89% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.05" Tc=6.0 min CN=79 Runoff=0.52 cfs 0.037 af	
Subcatchment 29S: To L-247-2	Runoff Area=11,814 sf 17.56% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.96" Tc=6.0 min CN=78 Runoff=0.94 cfs 0.067 af	
Subcatchment 30S: To L-245	Runoff Area=21,008 sf 10.23% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.69" Tc=6.0 min CN=75 Runoff=1.52 cfs 0.108 af	
Subcatchment 31S: To L-237-239	Runoff Area=54,940 sf 16.24% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.87" Tc=6.0 min CN=77 Runoff=4.24 cfs 0.301 af	
Subcatchment 32S: To L-243-244	Runoff Area=47,010 sf 12.69% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.78" Tc=6.0 min CN=76 Runoff=3.51 cfs 0.250 af	
Subcatchment 33S: To Hitchcock	Runoff Area=1,263 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.60" Tc=6.0 min CN=74 Runoff=0.09 cfs 0.006 af	
Subcatchment 34S: Water Surface	Runoff Area=1,760 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=5.05" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.21 cfs 0.017 af	
Subcatchment 35S: Water Surface	Runoff Area=209 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=5.05" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.02 cfs 0.002 af	
Subcatchment 36S: To Hitchcock Flow Length=1,683'	Runoff Area=772,871 sf 0.20% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.25" Slope=0.0530 '/' Tc=27.9 min CN=70 Runoff=26.93 cfs 3.332 af	
Subcatchment 37S: Water Surface	Runoff Area=1,204 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=5.05" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.14 cfs 0.012 af	
Subcatchment 38S: Water Surface	Runoff Area=1,439 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=5.05" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.17 cfs 0.014 af	
Subcatchment 39S: Water Surface	Runoff Area=740 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=5.05" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.09 cfs 0.007 af	
Reach 2R: Wetland	Inflow=83.47 cfs 23.188 af Outflow=83.47 cfs 23.188 af	
Reach 5R: Intermittent Stream Avg. Flow Depth=0.57' Max Vel=8.70 fps Inflow=66.64 cfs 16.536 af n=0.025 L=394.0' S=0.0878 '/' Capacity=638.10 cfs Outflow=66.62 cfs 16.536 af		
	rg. Flow Depth=0.50' Max Vel=1.23 fps Inflow=15.78 cfs 1.553 af 5.0' S=0.0301 '/' Capacity=65.53 cfs Outflow=14.43 cfs 1.553 af	
	vg. Flow Depth=0.40' Max Vel=1.90 fps Inflow=6.55 cfs 0.503 af 95.0' S=0.0154 '/' Capacity=46.68 cfs Outflow=6.41 cfs 0.503 af	

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Reach 19R: Stream	Avg. Flow Depth=0.18' Max Vel=1.83 fps Inflow=1.99 cfs 0.138 af n=0.040 L=406.0' S=0.0419 '/' Capacity=77.01 cfs Outflow=1.81 cfs 0.138 af
Reach 20R: Stream	Avg. Flow Depth=0.20' Max Vel=2.99 fps Inflow=4.36 cfs 0.322 af n=0.040 L=362.0' S=0.0925 '/' Capacity=314.84 cfs Outflow=4.22 cfs 0.322 af
Reach 21R: Stream	Avg. Flow Depth=0.38' Max Vel=2.97 fps Inflow=9.54 cfs 0.835 af n=0.040 L=400.0' S=0.0400 '/' Capacity=75.27 cfs Outflow=9.30 cfs 0.835 af
Reach 22R: Stream	Avg. Flow Depth=0.32' Max Vel=3.37 fps Inflow=8.20 cfs 0.641 af n=0.040 L=292.0' S=0.0651 '/' Capacity=96.00 cfs Outflow=8.09 cfs 0.641 af
Reach 31R: Swale-244	Avg. Flow Depth=0.00' Max Vel=0.00 fps n=0.150 L=350.0' S=0.0571 '/' Capacity=6.87 cfs Outflow=0.00 cfs 0.000 af
Reach 34R: Hitchcock Rd	(West) Inflow=1.75 cfs 0.123 af Outflow=1.75 cfs 0.123 af
Reach 35R: Hitchcock Rd	(East) Inflow=26.93 cfs 3.332 af Outflow=26.93 cfs 3.332 af
Pond 4P: Doyle Ave Culve	rt Peak Elev=999.41' Storage=13,912 cf Inflow=66.75 cfs 16.536 af Outflow=66.64 cfs 16.536 af
Pond 5P: L-6 Infil Basin	Peak Elev=1,041.50' Storage=1,360 cf Inflow=6.71 cfs 0.519 af Outflow=6.55 cfs 0.503 af
Pond 6P: L-6-1 Infil Basin	Peak Elev=1,031.69' Storage=766 cf Inflow=2.04 cfs 0.147 af Outflow=1.99 cfs 0.138 af
Pond 7P: L-6-2 Infil Basin	Peak Elev=1,011.34' Storage=1,972 cf Inflow=2.38 cfs 0.208 af Outflow=1.95 cfs 0.194 af
Pond 8P: L-6-3 Infil Basin	Peak Elev=993.61' Storage=1,490 cf Inflow=2.02 cfs 0.154 af Outflow=1.52 cfs 0.143 af
Pond 9P: Infiltrators	Peak Elev=1,016.07' Storage=186 cf Inflow=0.85 cfs 0.060 af Outflow=0.72 cfs 0.059 af
Pond 10P: L-14-1 Infil Bas	in Peak Elev=1,029.59' Storage=722 cf Inflow=7.66 cfs 0.750 af Outflow=7.65 cfs 0.738 af
Pond 15P: Rain Garden	Peak Elev=1,020.09' Storage=622 cf Inflow=0.79 cfs 0.058 af Outflow=0.76 cfs 0.045 af
Pond 17P: Driveway Culve	Peak Elev=1,016.49' Storage=675 cf Inflow=14.97 cfs 1.449 af

Pond 18P: Driveway CulvertsPeak Elev=1,000.74' Storage=265 cfInflow=4.49 cfs0.322 afOutflow=4.36 cfs0.322 af

Outflow=14.81 cfs 1.449 af

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Pond 19P: IB-247	Peak Elev=991.31' Storage=226 cf Inflow=0.61 cfs 0.044 a Outflow=0.61 cfs 0.040 a
Pond 22P: IB-245	Peak Elev=967.61' Storage=780 cf Inflow=1.73 cfs 0.125 a Outflow=1.66 cfs 0.117 a
Pond 24P: IB-237	Peak Elev=1,007.63' Storage=1,243 cf Inflow=4.41 cfs 0.315 a Outflow=4.33 cfs 0.294 a
Pond 26P: IB-244	Peak Elev=987.88' Storage=850 cf Inflow=3.66 cfs 0.261 a Outflow=3.60 cfs 0.247 a
Pond 29P: Infiltrators-2	Peak Elev=982.04' Storage=248 cf Inflow=0.97 cfs 0.069 a Outflow=0.97 cfs 0.063 a
Total Dunaff Area - 125 550 a	c Punoff Volume = 26 773 af Average Punoff Donth = 2 37

Total Runoff Area = 135.550 acRunoff Volume = 26.773 afAverage Runoff Depth = 2.37"97.60% Pervious = 132.290 ac2.40% Impervious = 3.260 ac

Full Doyle (For Print) Prepared by HP <u>HydroCAD® 10.00-24_s/n 01440 © 2018 Hydr</u>		Doyle r <i>50-Year Rainfall=5.98"</i> Printed 10/18/2023 Page 187
Runoff by SCS TF	-36.00 hrs, dt=0.01 hrs, 3601 points R-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN I method - Pond routing by Dyn-Stor	
	Runoff Area=1,118,080 sf 0.85% Impe Slope=0.0610 '/' Tc=31.9 min CN=71	•
	Runoff Area=3,283,926 sf 1.40% Impe ope=0.0350 '/' Tc=86.3 min CN=71	•
Subcatchment 9S: To L-6 Infil Flow Length=544	Runoff Area=99,742 sf 10.40% Impe Slope=0.0810 '/' Tc=8.2 min CN=74	•
Subcatchment 10S: To L-6-1 Infil	Runoff Area=22,785 sf 19.41% Impe Tc=6.0 min CN=79	rvious Runoff Depth=3.66" Ə Runoff=2.24 cfs 0.160 af
Subcatchment 11S: To L-6-2 Infil Flow Length=442'	Runoff Area=34,234 sf 20.06% Impe Slope=0.0250 '/' Tc=11.5 min CN=77	•
Subcatchment 12S: To L-6-3 Infil Flow Length=402	Runoff Area=23,257 sf 24.93% Impe Slope=0.0420 '/' Tc=7.7 min CN=79	
Subcatchment 13S: To 14-1 Basin Flow Length=1,061'	Runoff Area=149,214 sf 9.43% Impe Slope=0.0600 '/' Tc=16.3 min CN=74	•
Subcatchment 14S: To 14-2 Basin	Runoff Area=7,147 sf 35.48% Impe Tc=6.0 min CN=83	rvious Runoff Depth=4.07" 3 Runoff=0.77 cfs 0.056 af
Subcatchment 15S: To Infiltrators	Runoff Area=10,302 sf 32.33% Impe Tc=6.0 min CN=79	rvious Runoff Depth=3.66" 9 Runoff=1.01 cfs 0.072 af
Subcatchment 16S: To Driveway Culvert Flow Length=1,094'	Runoff Area=153,405 sf 1.08% Impe Slope=0.0740 '/' Tc=15.9 min CN=72	•
Subcatchment 17S: To Driveway Culvert	Runoff Area=72,047 sf 0.22% Impe Tc=6.0 min CN=71	rvious Runoff Depth=2.88" I Runoff=5.57 cfs 0.397 af
Subcatchment 19S: Water Surface	Runoff Area=1,426 sf 100.00% Impe Tc=6.0 min CN=98	rvious Runoff Depth=5.74" 3 Runoff=0.19 cfs 0.016 af
Subcatchment 20S: Water Surface	Runoff Area=2,441 sf 100.00% Impe Tc=6.0 min CN=98	rvious Runoff Depth=5.74" 3 Runoff=0.33 cfs 0.027 af
Subcatchment 21S: Water Surface	Runoff Area=2,080 sf 100.00% Impe Tc=6.0 min CN=98	rvious Runoff Depth=5.74" 3 Runoff=0.28 cfs 0.023 af
Subcatchment 22S: Water Surface	Runoff Area=1,890 sf 100.00% Impe Tc=6.0 min CN=98	rvious Runoff Depth=5.74" 3 Runoff=0.25 cfs 0.021 af
Subcatchment 23S: Water Surface	Runoff Area=836 sf 100.00% Impe Tc=6.0 min CN=98	rvious Runoff Depth=5.74" 3 Runoff=0.11 cfs 0.009 af

Subcatchment 24S: Water Surface	Runoff Area=1,097 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=5.74" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.15 cfs 0.012 af
Subcatchment 28S: To L-247	Runoff Area=6,378 sf 23.89% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.66" Tc=6.0 min CN=79 Runoff=0.63 cfs 0.045 af
Subcatchment 29S: To L-247-2	Runoff Area=11,814 sf 17.56% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.56" Tc=6.0 min CN=78 Runoff=1.13 cfs 0.080 af
Subcatchment 30S: To L-245	Runoff Area=21,008 sf 10.23% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.27" Tc=6.0 min CN=75 Runoff=1.85 cfs 0.131 af
Subcatchment 31S: To L-237-239	Runoff Area=54,940 sf 16.24% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.46" Tc=6.0 min CN=77 Runoff=5.12 cfs 0.364 af
Subcatchment 32S: To L-243-244	Runoff Area=47,010 sf 12.69% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.36" Tc=6.0 min CN=76 Runoff=4.26 cfs 0.302 af
Subcatchment 33S: To Hitchcock	Runoff Area=1,263 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.17" Tc=6.0 min CN=74 Runoff=0.11 cfs 0.008 af
Subcatchment 34S: Water Surface	Runoff Area=1,760 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=5.74" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.24 cfs 0.019 af
Subcatchment 35S: Water Surface	Runoff Area=209 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=5.74" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.03 cfs 0.002 af
Subcatchment 36S: To Hitchcock Flow Length=1,683'	Runoff Area=772,871 sf 0.20% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.79" Slope=0.0530 '/' Tc=27.9 min CN=70 Runoff=33.61 cfs 4.124 af
Subcatchment 37S: Water Surface	Runoff Area=1,204 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=5.74" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.16 cfs 0.013 af
Subcatchment 38S: Water Surface	Runoff Area=1,439 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=5.74" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.19 cfs 0.016 af
Subcatchment 39S: Water Surface	Runoff Area=740 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=5.74" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.10 cfs 0.008 af
Reach 2R: Wetland	Inflow=104.59 cfs 28.550 af Outflow=104.59 cfs 28.550 af
	. Flow Depth=0.63' Max Vel=9.20 fps Inflow=82.81 cfs 20.370 af ' S=0.0878 '/' Capacity=638.10 cfs Outflow=82.77 cfs 20.370 af
	rg. Flow Depth=0.55' Max Vel=1.32 fps Inflow=18.98 cfs 1.901 af 5.0' S=0.0301 '/' Capacity=65.53 cfs Outflow=17.77 cfs 1.901 af
	vg. Flow Depth=0.44' Max Vel=2.03 fps Inflow=8.01 cfs 0.615 af 95.0' S=0.0154 '/' Capacity=46.68 cfs Outflow=7.86 cfs 0.615 af

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Reach 19R: Stream	Avg. Flow Depth=0.19' Max Vel=1.93 fps Inflow=2.38 cfs 0.166 af n=0.040 L=406.0' S=0.0419 '/' Capacity=77.01 cfs Outflow=2.18 cfs 0.166 af
Reach 20R: Stream	Avg. Flow Depth=0.23' Max Vel=3.19 fps Inflow=5.37 cfs 0.397 af n=0.040 L=362.0' S=0.0925 '/' Capacity=314.84 cfs Outflow=5.22 cfs 0.397 af
Reach 21R: Stream	Avg. Flow Depth=0.43' Max Vel=3.21 fps Inflow=12.33 cfs 1.017 af n=0.040 L=400.0' S=0.0400 '/' Capacity=75.27 cfs Outflow=11.95 cfs 1.017 af
Reach 22R: Stream	Avg. Flow Depth=0.35' Max Vel=3.59 fps Inflow=10.02 cfs 0.781 af n=0.040 L=292.0' S=0.0651 '/' Capacity=96.00 cfs Outflow=9.89 cfs 0.781 af
Reach 31R: Swale-244	Avg. Flow Depth=0.00' Max Vel=0.00 fps n=0.150 L=350.0' S=0.0571 '/' Capacity=6.87 cfs Outflow=0.00 cfs 0.000 af
Reach 34R: Hitchcock Rd	(West) Inflow=2.13 cfs 0.150 af Outflow=2.13 cfs 0.150 af
Reach 35R: Hitchcock Rd	(East) Inflow=33.61 cfs 4.124 af Outflow=33.61 cfs 4.124 af
Pond 4P: Doyle Ave Culve	rt Peak Elev=999.49' Storage=14,798 cf Inflow=82.92 cfs 20.370 af Outflow=82.81 cfs 20.370 af
Pond 5P: L-6 Infil Basin	Peak Elev=1,041.56' Storage=1,463 cf Inflow=8.18 cfs 0.631 af Outflow=8.01 cfs 0.615 af
Pond 6P: L-6-1 Infil Basin	Peak Elev=1,031.72' Storage=791 cf Inflow=2.43 cfs 0.175 af Outflow=2.38 cfs 0.166 af
Pond 7P: L-6-2 Infil Basin	Peak Elev=1,011.39' Storage=2,046 cf Inflow=2.87 cfs 0.250 af Outflow=2.62 cfs 0.236 af
Pond 8P: L-6-3 Infil Basin	Peak Elev=993.66' Storage=1,554 cf Inflow=2.40 cfs 0.184 af Outflow=2.08 cfs 0.172 af
Pond 9P: Infiltrators	Peak Elev=1,016.29' Storage=224 cf Inflow=1.01 cfs 0.072 af Outflow=0.84 cfs 0.071 af
Pond 10P: L-14-1 Infil Bas	in Peak Elev=1,029.65' Storage=756 cf Inflow=9.37 cfs 0.914 af Outflow=9.37 cfs 0.902 af
Pond 15P: Rain Garden	Peak Elev=1,020.10' Storage=631 cf Inflow=0.92 cfs 0.068 af Outflow=0.90 cfs 0.055 af
Pond 17P: Driveway Culve	Peak Elev=1,016.74' Storage=1,073 cf Inflow=18.41 cfs 1.776 af Outflow=17.89 cfs 1.776 af
Pond 18P: Driveway Culve	Peak Elev=1,000.86' Storage=352 cf Inflow=5.57 cfs 0.397 af

Outflow=5.37 cfs 0.397 af

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Pond 19P: IB-247	Peak Elev=991.33' Storage=230 cf Inflow=0.73 cfs 0.053 af Outflow=0.72 cfs 0.048 af
Pond 22P: IB-245	Peak Elev=967.65' Storage=806 cf Inflow=2.08 cfs 0.151 af Outflow=2.03 cfs 0.142 af
Pond 24P: IB-237	Peak Elev=1,007.68' Storage=1,291 cf Inflow=5.31 cfs 0.380 af Outflow=5.22 cfs 0.359 af
Pond 26P: IB-244	Peak Elev=987.93' Storage=886 cf Inflow=4.42 cfs 0.316 af Outflow=4.36 cfs 0.302 af
Pond 29P: Infiltrators-2	Peak Elev=982.05' Storage=248 cf Inflow=1.16 cfs 0.083 af Outflow=1.16 cfs 0.077 af
Total Runoff Area = 135 550 a	c Runoff Volume = 32.953 af Average Runoff Depth = $2.92"$

Total Runoff Area = 135.550 acRunoff Volume = 32.953 afAverage Runoff Depth = 2.92"97.60% Pervious = 132.290 ac2.40% Impervious = 3.260 ac

Full Doyle (For Print) Prepared by HP <u>HydroCAD® 10.00-24_s/n 01440_© 2018 Hydr</u>	Doyle <i>Type III 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=</i> 6.73" Printed 10/18/2023 oCAD Software Solutions LLC Page 248
Runoff by SCS TR	-36.00 hrs, dt=0.01 hrs, 3601 points R-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN I method - Pond routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method
	Runoff Area=1,118,080 sf 0.85% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.50" Slope=0.0610 '/' Tc=31.9 min CN=71 Runoff=57.86 cfs 7.481 af
	Runoff Area=3,283,926 sf 1.40% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.50" lope=0.0350 '/' Tc=86.3 min CN=71 Runoff=96.57 cfs 21.971 af
Subcatchment 9S: To L-6 Infil Flow Length=544	Runoff Area=99,742 sf 10.40% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.81" Slope=0.0810 '/' Tc=8.2 min CN=74 Runoff=9.47 cfs 0.727 af
Subcatchment 10S: To L-6-1 Infil	Runoff Area=22,785 sf 19.41% Impervious Runoff Depth=4.34" Tc=6.0 min CN=79 Runoff=2.65 cfs 0.189 af
Subcatchment 11S: To L-6-2 Infil Flow Length=442'	Runoff Area=34,234 sf 20.06% Impervious Runoff Depth=4.12" Slope=0.0250 '/' Tc=11.5 min CN=77 Runoff=3.16 cfs 0.270 af
Subcatchment 12S: To L-6-3 Infil Flow Length=402'	Runoff Area=23,257 sf 24.93% Impervious Runoff Depth=4.34" Slope=0.0420 '/' Tc=7.7 min CN=79 Runoff=2.55 cfs 0.193 af
Subcatchment 13S: To 14-1 Basin Flow Length=1,061'	Runoff Area=149,214 sf 9.43% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.81" Slope=0.0600 '/' Tc=16.3 min CN=74 Runoff=11.22 cfs 1.087 af
Subcatchment 14S: To 14-2 Basin	Runoff Area=7,147 sf 35.48% Impervious Runoff Depth=4.77" Tc=6.0 min CN=83 Runoff=0.90 cfs 0.065 af
Subcatchment 15S: To Infiltrators	Runoff Area=10,302 sf 32.33% Impervious Runoff Depth=4.34" Tc=6.0 min CN=79 Runoff=1.20 cfs 0.085 af
Subcatchment 16S: To Driveway Culvert Flow Length=1,094'	Runoff Area=153,405 sf 1.08% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.60" Slope=0.0740 '/' Tc=15.9 min CN=72 Runoff=10.98 cfs 1.057 af
Subcatchment 17S: To Driveway Culvert	Runoff Area=72,047 sf 0.22% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.50" Tc=6.0 min CN=71 Runoff=6.78 cfs 0.482 af
Subcatchment 19S: Water Surface	Runoff Area=1,426 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=6.49" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.22 cfs 0.018 af
Subcatchment 20S: Water Surface	Runoff Area=2,441 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=6.49" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.37 cfs 0.030 af
Subcatchment 21S: Water Surface	Runoff Area=2,080 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=6.49" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.32 cfs 0.026 af
Subcatchment 22S: Water Surface	Runoff Area=1,890 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=6.49" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.29 cfs 0.023 af
Subcatchment 23S: Water Surface	Runoff Area=836 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=6.49" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.13 cfs 0.010 af

Subcatchment 24S: Water Surface	Runoff Area=1,097 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=6.49" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.17 cfs 0.014 af
Subcatchment 28S: To L-247	Runoff Area=6,378 sf 23.89% Impervious Runoff Depth=4.34" Tc=6.0 min CN=79 Runoff=0.74 cfs 0.053 af
Subcatchment 29S: To L-247-2	Runoff Area=11,814 sf 17.56% Impervious Runoff Depth=4.23" Tc=6.0 min CN=78 Runoff=1.34 cfs 0.096 af
Subcatchment 30S: To L-245	Runoff Area=21,008 sf 10.23% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.91" Tc=6.0 min CN=75 Runoff=2.21 cfs 0.157 af
Subcatchment 31S: To L-237-239	Runoff Area=54,940 sf 16.24% Impervious Runoff Depth=4.12" Tc=6.0 min CN=77 Runoff=6.09 cfs 0.433 af
Subcatchment 32S: To L-243-244	Runoff Area=47,010 sf 12.69% Impervious Runoff Depth=4.02" Tc=6.0 min CN=76 Runoff=5.08 cfs 0.361 af
Subcatchment 33S: To Hitchcock	Runoff Area=1,263 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.81" Tc=6.0 min CN=74 Runoff=0.13 cfs 0.009 af
Subcatchment 34S: Water Surface	Runoff Area=1,760 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=6.49" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.27 cfs 0.022 af
Subcatchment 35S: Water Surface	Runoff Area=209 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=6.49" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.03 cfs 0.003 af
Subcatchment 36S: To Hitchcock Flow Length=1,683'	Runoff Area=772,871 sf 0.20% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.40" Slope=0.0530 '/' Tc=27.9 min CN=70 Runoff=41.12 cfs 5.020 af
Subcatchment 37S: Water Surface	Runoff Area=1,204 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=6.49" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.18 cfs 0.015 af
Subcatchment 38S: Water Surface	Runoff Area=1,439 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=6.49" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.22 cfs 0.018 af
Subcatchment 39S: Water Surface	Runoff Area=740 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=6.49" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.11 cfs 0.009 af
Reach 2R: Wetland	Inflow=128.47 cfs 34.595 af Outflow=128.47 cfs 34.595 af
	Flow Depth=0.68' Max Vel=9.68 fps Inflow=100.92 cfs 24.694 af S=0.0878 '/' Capacity=638.10 cfs Outflow=100.88 cfs 24.694 af
	rg. Flow Depth=0.59' Max Vel=1.39 fps Inflow=22.35 cfs 2.293 af 5.0' S=0.0301 '/' Capacity=65.53 cfs Outflow=21.21 cfs 2.293 af
	vg. Flow Depth=0.48' Max Vel=2.15 fps Inflow=9.63 cfs 0.741 af 95.0' S=0.0154 '/' Capacity=46.68 cfs Outflow=9.47 cfs 0.741 af

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Reach 19R: Stream	Avg. Flow Depth=0.21' Max Vel=2.04 fps Inflow=2.80 cfs 0.198 af n=0.040 L=406.0' S=0.0419 '/' Capacity=77.01 cfs Outflow=2.58 cfs 0.198 af
Reach 20R: Stream	Avg. Flow Depth=0.25' Max Vel=3.38 fps Inflow=6.36 cfs 0.482 af n=0.040 L=362.0' S=0.0925 '/' Capacity=314.84 cfs Outflow=6.25 cfs 0.482 af
Reach 21R: Stream	Avg. Flow Depth=0.47' Max Vel=3.42 fps Inflow=15.08 cfs 1.221 af n=0.040 L=400.0' S=0.0400 '/' Capacity=75.27 cfs Outflow=14.68 cfs 1.221 af
Reach 22R: Stream	Avg. Flow Depth=0.38' Max Vel=3.79 fps Inflow=12.03 cfs 0.938 af n=0.040 L=292.0' S=0.0651 '/' Capacity=96.00 cfs Outflow=11.89 cfs 0.938 af
Reach 31R: Swale-244	Avg. Flow Depth=0.00' Max Vel=0.00 fps n=0.150 L=350.0' S=0.0571 '/' Capacity=6.87 cfs Outflow=0.00 cfs 0.000 af
Reach 34R: Hitchcock Rd	(West) Inflow=2.55 cfs 0.180 af Outflow=2.55 cfs 0.180 af
Reach 35R: Hitchcock Rd	(East) Inflow=41.12 cfs 5.020 af Outflow=41.12 cfs 5.020 af
Pond 4P: Doyle Ave Culve	rt Peak Elev=999.57' Storage=15,674 cf Inflow=101.03 cfs 24.694 af Outflow=100.92 cfs 24.694 af
Pond 5P: L-6 Infil Basin	Peak Elev=1,041.63' Storage=1,572 cf Inflow=9.82 cfs 0.757 af Outflow=9.63 cfs 0.741 af
Pond 6P: L-6-1 Infil Basin	Peak Elev=1,031.75' Storage=817 cf Inflow=2.86 cfs 0.207 af Outflow=2.80 cfs 0.198 af
Pond 7P: L-6-2 Infil Basin	Peak Elev=1,011.44' Storage=2,109 cf Inflow=3.40 cfs 0.296 af Outflow=3.25 cfs 0.282 af
Pond 8P: L-6-3 Infil Basin	Peak Elev=993.70' Storage=1,608 cf Inflow=2.82 cfs 0.216 af Outflow=2.62 cfs 0.205 af
Pond 9P: Infiltrators	Peak Elev=1,016.60' Storage=266 cf Inflow=1.20 cfs 0.085 af Outflow=0.99 cfs 0.084 af
Pond 10P: L-14-1 Infil Bas	n Peak Elev=1,029.71' Storage=792 cf Inflow=11.28 cfs 1.097 af Outflow=11.27 cfs 1.086 af
Pond 15P: Rain Garden	Peak Elev=1,020.11' Storage=641 cf Inflow=1.07 cfs 0.079 af Outflow=1.04 cfs 0.066 af
Pond 17P: Driveway Culve	ert Peak Elev=1,017.05' Storage=1,757 cf Inflow=22.24 cfs 2.142 af Outflow=21.12 cfs 2.142 af
Pond 18P: Driveway Culve	Peak Elev=1,001.00' Storage=479 cf Inflow=6.78 cfs 0.482 af Outflow=6.36 cfs 0.482 af

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Pond 19P: IB-247	Peak Elev=991.34' Storage=235 cf Inflow=0.85 cfs 0.062 af Outflow=0.85 cfs 0.058 af
Pond 22P: IB-245	Peak Elev=967.68' Storage=832 cf Inflow=2.48 cfs 0.179 af Outflow=2.42 cfs 0.171 af
Pond 24P: IB-237	Peak Elev=1,007.74' Storage=1,340 cf Inflow=6.30 cfs 0.451 af Outflow=6.22 cfs 0.430 af
Pond 26P: IB-244	Peak Elev=987.98' Storage=925 cf Inflow=5.26 cfs 0.376 af Outflow=5.20 cfs 0.362 af
Pond 29P: Infiltrators-2	Peak Elev=982.06' Storage=248 cf Inflow=1.37 cfs 0.098 af Outflow=1.37 cfs 0.093 af
Total Dunoff Area - 135 550 a	c Punoff Volume - 39 925 of Average Punoff Depth - 3 53"

Total Runoff Area = 135.550 acRunoff Volume = 39.925 afAverage Runoff Depth = 3.53"97.60% Pervious = 132.290 ac2.40% Impervious = 3.260 ac

Summary for Subcatchment 1S: West of Doyle

Runoff = 26.39 cfs @ 12.47 hrs, Volume= 3.520 af, Depth= 1.65"

A	rea (sf)	CN [Description						
ç	988,025	70 \	Voods, Go	od, HSG C					
	14,283	77 2	2 acre lots,	12% imp, H	HSG C				
	22,519	96 (Gravel surfa	ace, HSG (2				
	7,755	98 F	Roofs, HSG	БС					
	85,498	74 >	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG C				
1 ,1	18,080	71 \	Veighted A	verage					
1,1	108,611	ę	9.15% Per	vious Area					
	9,469	().85% Impe	ervious Are	а				
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description				
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)					
31.9	2,241	0.0610	1.17		Lag/CN Method,				

Summary for Subcatchment 3S: East of Doyle

Runoff = 43.57 cfs @ 13.22 hrs, Volume= 10.340 af, Depth= 1.65"

A	rea (sf)	CN	Description					
2,8	34,897	70	Woods, Go	od, HSG C				
1	57,712	74	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG C			
	29,575	96	Gravel surfa	ace, HSG C)			
	16,344	98						
2	45,104	77	2 acre lots,	12% imp, H	ISG C			
	294	98	Paved park	ing, HSG C	;			
3,2	3,283,926 71 Weighted Average							
3,2	37,876		98.60% Pei	vious Area				
	46,050		1.40% Impe	ervious Area	а			
Tc	Length	Slope		Capacity	Description			
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)				
86.3	5,506	0.0350	1.06		Lag/CN Method,			
					-			

Summary for Subcatchment 9S: To L-6 Infil

Runoff = 4.57 cfs @ 12.12 hrs, Volume= 0.356 af, Depth= 1.87"

A	rea (sf)	CN I	Description					
	3,516	98 I	Roofs, HSG	G C				
	5,717	98 I	Paved park	ing, HSG C	<u>,</u>			
	9,476	77 2	2 acre lots,	12% imp, H	HSG C			
	10,425	74 :	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG C			
	70,608	70	Noods, Go	od, HSG C				
	99,742	74	Weighted Average					
	89,372	8	39.60% Pei	rvious Area				
	10,370		10.40% Imp	pervious Ar	ea			
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description			
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)				
8.2	544	0.0810	1.11		Lag/CN Method,			

Summary for Subcatchment 10S: To L-6-1 Infil

Runoff = 1.39 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.098 af, Depth= 2.26"

A	rea (sf)	CN	Description					
	762	98	Roofs, HSC	G C				
	3,660	98	Paved park	ing, HSG C	;			
	18,363	74	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG C			
	22,785	79	Weighted A	verage				
	18,363 80.59% Pervious Area							
	4,422		19.41% Imp	pervious Ar	ea			
Тс	Length	Slope	e Velocity	Capacity	Description			
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft	,	(cfs)	Description			
/			(10300)	(013)	Dive of Future			
6.0					Direct Entry,			

Summary for Subcatchment 11S: To L-6-2 Infil

Runoff = 1.60 cfs @ 12.16 hrs, Volume= 0.137 af, Depth= 2.10"

A	rea (sf)	CN I	Description					
	762	98 I	Roofs, HSG C					
	6,106	98 I	Paved parking, HSG C					
	15,683	74 >	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C					
	11,683	70 \	Woods, Good, HSG C					
	34,234	77 \	Weighted Average					
	27,366	-	79.94% Pervious Area					
	6,868		20.06% Impervious Area					
_								
Tc	Length	Slope	,	Capacity				
<u>(min)</u>	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)				
11.5	442	0.0250	0.64		Lag/CN Method,			

Summary for Subcatchment 12S: To L-6-3 Infil

Runoff = 1.33 cfs @ 12.11 hrs, Volume= 0.101 af, Depth= 2.26"

A	rea (sf)	CN I	Description					
	762	98 I	Roofs, HSG C					
	5,037	98 I	Paved parking, HSG C					
	10,569	74 >	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C					
	6,889	70 \	Woods, Good, HSG C					
	23,257	79 \	Weighted Average					
	17,458	-	75.07% Per	vious Area	а			
	5,799		24.93% Impervious Area					
_				.				
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity				
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)				
7.7	402	0.0420	0.87		Lag/CN Method,			

Summary for Subcatchment 13S: To 14-1 Basin

Runoff = 5.40 cfs @ 12.23 hrs, Volume= 0.532 af, Depth= 1.87"

	Area (sf)	CN I	Description						
	6,087	98 I	Roofs, HSG	G C					
	4,360	98 I	Paved park	ing, HSG C					
	30,176	77 2	2 acre lots,	12% imp, H	ISG C				
	28,893	74 :	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG C				
	79,698	70	Noods, Go	od, HSG C					
	149,214	74 Weighted Average							
	135,146	9	90.57% Pei	rvious Area					
	14,068	ę	9.43% Impe	ervious Are	а				
То	c Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description				
(min) (feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)					
16.3	3 1,061	0.0600	1.09		Lag/CN Method,				
					-				

Summary for Subcatchment 14S: To 14-2 Basin

Runoff = 0.50 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.036 af, Depth= 2.60"

A	rea (sf)	CN	Description					
	762	98	Roofs, HSC	G C				
	1,774	98	Paved park	ing, HSG C)			
	4,611	74	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG C			
	7,147	83	Weighted Average					
	4,611		64.52% Pervious Area					
	2,536		35.48% Impervious Area					
Та	l e re entre	Clana	Volocity	Consolity	Decemintian			
Tc	Length	Slope	,	Capacity	Description			
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft) (ft/sec)	(cfs)				
6.0					Direct Entry,			

Summary for Subcatchment 15S: To Infiltrators

Runoff = 0.63 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.045 af, Depth= 2.26"

A	rea (sf)	CN	Description					
	3,331	98	Paved park	ing, HSG C	C			
	397	74	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	lood, HSG C			
	6,574	70	Woods, Go	od, HSG C				
	10,302	79	Weighted A	verage				
	6,971		67.67% Pe	rvious Area	a			
	3,331		32.33% Impervious Area					
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft		Capacity (cfs)				
6.0					Direct Entry,			

Summary for Subcatchment 16S: To Driveway Culvert

Runoff = 5.10 cfs @ 12.23 hrs, Volume= 0.504 af, Depth= 1.72"

Α	rea (sf)	CN I	Description					
	7,754	96 (Gravel surfa	ace, HSG C)			
	894	98 I	Paved road	s w/curbs &	& sewers, HSG C			
	6,376	77 2	2 acre lots,	12% imp, H	ISG C			
	13,882	74 >	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG C			
1	24,499	70 \	Noods, Go	od, HSG C				
1	53,405	72 \	Neighted A	verage				
1	51,746	ę	98.92% Per	vious Area				
	1,659		1.08% Impe	ervious Area	а			
Tc	Length	Slope		Capacity	Description			
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)				
15.9	1,094	0.0740	1.15		Lag/CN Method,			

Summary for Subcatchment 17S: To Driveway Culvert

Runoff = 3.11 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.227 af, Depth= 1.65"

Are	a (sf)	CN	Description					
	1,160	96	Gravel surfa	ace, HSG C)			
	160	98	Paved park	ing, HSG C	,			
Ę	5,026	74	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG C			
65	5,701	70	Noods, Go	od, HSG C				
72	2,047	71	Weighted Average					
71	1,887	9	99.78% Per	vious Area				
	160	().22% Impe	ervious Area	а			
Tc L (min)	_ength (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description			
6.0					Direct Entry,			

Summary for Subcatchment 19S: Water Surface

Runoff = 0.14 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 0.011 af, Depth= 4.12"

A	rea (sf)	CN Description							
	1,426	98	98 Water Surface, HSG C						
	1,426		100.00% In	npervious A	Area				
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)		Capacity (cfs)	Description				
6.0					Direct Entry,				

Summary for Subcatchment 20S: Water Surface

Runoff = 0.24 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 0.019 af, Depth= 4.12"

A	rea (sf)	CN I	Description			
	2,441	98 Water Surface, HSG C				
	2,441		100.00% Impervious Area			
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description	
6.0					Direct Entry,	

Summary for Subcatchment 21S: Water Surface

Runoff = 0.20 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 0.016 af, Depth= 4.12"

A	rea (sf)	CN I	N Description							
	2,080	98	98 Water Surface, HSG C							
	2,080		100.00% Impervious Area							
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description					
6.0					Direct Entry,					

Summary for Subcatchment 22S: Water Surface

Runoff = 0.18 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 0.015 af, Depth= 4.12"

Ar	ea (sf)	CN	CN Description							
	1,890	98	98 Water Surface, HSG C							
	1,890		100.00% Impervious Area							
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)		Capacity (cfs)	Description					
6.0					Direct Entry,					

Summary for Subcatchment 23S: Water Surface

Runoff = 0.08 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 0.007 af, Depth= 4.12"

Area (sf)	CN	CN Description							
836	98	Water Surfa	ace, HSG C						
836		100.00% Impervious Area							
Tc Lengt (min) (feet			Capacity (cfs)	Description					
6.0				Direct Entry,					

Summary for Subcatchment 24S: Water Surface

Runoff = 0.11 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 0.009 af, Depth= 4.12"

Area (sf) CN	N Description							
1,097	′ <u>98</u>	98 Water Surface, HSG C							
1,097	,	100.00% Impervious Area							
Tc Lengt (min) (fee		,	Capacity (cfs)	Description					
6.0				Direct Entry,					

Summary for Subcatchment 28S: To L-247

Runoff = 0.39 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.028 af, Depth= 2.26"

A	rea (sf)	CN	Description						
	1,524	98	Paved park	ing, HSG C	С				
	2,963	74	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	Good, HSG C				
	1,891	70	Woods, Go	od, HSG C	C				
	6,378	79	Weighted A	verage					
	4,854		76.11% Pe	rvious Area	a				
	1,524		23.89% Impervious Area						
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft		Capacity (cfs)					
6.0					Direct Entry,				

Summary for Subcatchment 29S: To L-247-2

Runoff = 0.69 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.049 af, Depth= 2.18"

A	rea (sf)	CN	Description					
	2,075	98	Paved park	ing, HSG C	C			
	9,739	74	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG C			
	11,814	78	Weighted A	verage				
	9,739		82.44% Per	vious Area	3			
	2,075		17.56% Imp	pervious Are	rea			
_								
Тс	Length	Slope		Capacity	Description			
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft) (ft/sec)	(cfs)				
6.0					Direct Entry,			
					-			

Summary for Subcatchment 30S: To L-245

Runoff = 1.09 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.078 af, Depth= 1.94"

A	rea (sf)	CN	Description						
	2,150	98	Paved park	ing, HSG C	C				
	13,326	74	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG C				
	5,532	70	Woods, Go	od, HSG C					
	21,008	75	Weighted A	verage					
	18,858		89.77% Pei	vious Area	а				
	2,150		10.23% Imp	pervious Ar	rea				
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	,	Capacity (cfs)	1				
6.0					Direct Entry,				

Summary for Subcatchment 31S: To L-237-239

Runoff = 3.09 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.220 af, Depth= 2.10"

Ar	ea (sf)	CN	Description							
	1,512	98	Roofs, HSC	S C						
	7,409	98	Paved park	ing, HSG C	C					
3	32,077	74	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG C					
	13,942	70	Noods, Go	od, HSG C						
Ę	54,940	77	Neighted A	verage						
4	46,019		33.76% Per	vious Area	а					
	8,921		16.24% Imp	pervious Are	rea					
Та	Longth	Slope	Volocity	Consoity	Description					
Tc (min)	Length	Slope								
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)								
6.0					Direct Entry,					

Summary for Subcatchment 32S: To L-243-244

Runoff = 2.54 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.182 af, Depth= 2.02"

Ar	rea (sf)	CN	Description							
	3,024	98	Roofs, HSG	S C						
	2,940	98	Paved park	ing, HSG C	C					
	29,096	74	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG C					
	11,950	70	Woods, Go	od, HSG C						
	47,010	76	Weighted Average							
	41,046		87.31% Per	vious Area	а					
	5,964		12.69% Imp	pervious Are	rea					
Тс	Longth	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description					
	Length									
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)								
6.0					Direct Entry,					

Summary for Subcatchment 33S: To Hitchcock

Runoff = 0.06 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.005 af, Depth= 1.87"

A	rea (sf)	CN [Description							
	1,263	74 >	74 >75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C							
	1,263		100.00% Pervious Area							
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description					
6.0					Direct Entry,					

Summary for Subcatchment 34S: Water Surface

Runoff = 0.17 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 0.014 af, Depth= 4.12"

Ar	ea (sf)	CN I	CN Description							
	1,760	98	98 Water Surface, HSG C							
	1,760	100.00% Impervious Area								
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description					
6.0					Direct Entry,					

Summary for Subcatchment 35S: Water Surface

Runoff = 0.02 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 0.002 af, Depth= 4.12"

Area (sf) C	CN Description							
2	09 9	98 W	/ater Surfa	ace, HSG C					
2	09	100.00% Impervious Area							
Tc Ler (min) (fe	igth S eet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description				
6.0					Direct Entry,				

Summary for Subcatchment 36S: To Hitchcock

Runoff = 18.43 cfs @ 12.43 hrs, Volume= 2.329 af, Depth= 1.58"

_	A	rea (sf)	CN I	Description			
		1,512	98 I	Roofs, HSC	G C		
		9,320	74 >	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG C	
_	7	62,039	70 \	Noods, Go	od, HSG C		
	7	72,871	70 \	Neighted A	verage		
	7	71,359	ę	99.80% Per	vious Area		
		1,512	().20% Impe	ervious Area	а	
	т.	1	01	Mala site :	0	Decemination	
	ŢĊ	Length	Slope	,	Capacity	Description	
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)		
	27.9	1,683	0.0530	1.00		Lag/CN Method,	

Summary for Subcatchment 37S: Water Surface

Runoff = 0.12 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 0.009 af, Depth= 4.12"

Ar	ea (sf)	CN I	Description					
	1,204	98	98 Water Surface, HSG C					
	1,204		100.00% In	npervious A	vrea			
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description			
6.0					Direct Entry,			

Summary for Subcatchment 38S: Water Surface

Runoff = 0.14 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 0.011 af, Depth= 4.12"

Ar	ea (sf)	CN I	Description					
	1,439	98	98 Water Surface, HSG C					
	1,439		100.00% In	npervious A	vrea			
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description			
6.0					Direct Entry,			

Summary for Subcatchment 39S: Water Surface

Runoff = 0.07 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 0.006 af, Depth= 4.12"

Area (s	sf) C	N D	escription		
74	740 98 Water Surface, HSG C				
740 100.00% Impervious A				pervious A	rea
Tc Len (min) (fe	gth S eet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry,

Summary for Reach 2R: Wetland

Inflow Are	a =	117.255 ac,	2.67% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 1.	67" for 10-Year event
Inflow	=	57.04 cfs @	12.98 hrs, Volume	= 16.359 af	
Outflow	=	57.04 cfs @	12.98 hrs, Volume	= 16.359 af,	Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Summary for Reach 5R: Intermittent Stream

 Inflow Area =
 84.075 ac,
 2.18% Impervious, Inflow Depth =
 1.66"
 for 10-Year event

 Inflow =
 45.95 cfs @
 13.18 hrs, Volume=
 11.657 af

 Outflow =
 45.94 cfs @
 13.19 hrs, Volume=
 11.657 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.8 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Max. Velocity= 7.90 fps, Min. Travel Time= 0.8 min Avg. Velocity = 3.42 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 1.9 min

Peak Storage= 2,292 cf @ 13.19 hrs Average Depth at Peak Storage= 0.48' Bank-Full Depth= 1.50' Flow Area= 41.3 sf, Capacity= 638.10 cfs

5.00' x 1.50' deep channel, n= 0.025 Earth, clean & winding Side Slope Z-value= 15.0 '/' Top Width= 50.00' Length= 394.0' Slope= 0.0878 '/' Inlet Invert= 995.58', Outlet Invert= 961.00'

‡

Summary for Reach 16R: Wetland

 Inflow Area =
 7.392 ac,
 7.31% Impervious, Inflow Depth =
 1.80" for 10-Year event

 Inflow =
 11.22 cfs @
 12.24 hrs, Volume=
 1.106 af

 Outflow =
 9.98 cfs @
 12.33 hrs, Volume=
 1.106 af, Atten= 11%, Lag= 5.5 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Max. Velocity= 1.10 fps, Min. Travel Time= 7.6 min Avg. Velocity = 0.30 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 28.2 min

Peak Storage= 4,573 cf @ 12.33 hrs Average Depth at Peak Storage= 0.42' Bank-Full Depth= 1.00' Flow Area= 33.3 sf, Capacity= 65.53 cfs

50.00' x 1.00' deep Parabolic Channel, n= 0.100 Very weedy reaches w/pools Length= 505.0' Slope= 0.0301 '/' Inlet Invert= 1,014.90', Outlet Invert= 999.70'

±

Summary for Reach 18R: Stream

 Inflow Area =
 2.346 ac, 12.54% Impervious, Inflow Depth =
 1.84" for 10-Year event

 Inflow =
 4.66 cfs @
 12.14 hrs, Volume=
 0.359 af

 Outflow =
 4.54 cfs @
 12.16 hrs, Volume=
 0.359 af, Atten= 3%, Lag= 1.4 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Max. Velocity= 1.71 fps, Min. Travel Time= 1.9 min Avg. Velocity = 0.56 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 5.8 min

Peak Storage= 517 cf @ 12.16 hrs Average Depth at Peak Storage= 0.34' Bank-Full Depth= 1.00' Flow Area= 13.3 sf, Capacity= 46.68 cfs

20.00' x 1.00' deep Parabolic Channel, n= 0.040 Mountain streams Length= 195.0' Slope= 0.0154 '/' Inlet Invert= 1,006.00', Outlet Invert= 1,003.00'

±

Summary for Reach 19R: Stream

 Inflow Area =
 0.556 ac, 24.15% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 2.17" for 10-Year event

 Inflow =
 1.48 cfs @ 12.11 hrs, Volume=
 0.101 af

 Outflow =
 1.32 cfs @ 12.15 hrs, Volume=
 0.101 af, Atten= 11%, Lag= 2.6 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Max. Velocity= 1.66 fps, Min. Travel Time= 4.1 min Avg. Velocity = 0.46 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 14.6 min

Peak Storage= 324 cf @ 12.15 hrs Average Depth at Peak Storage= 0.15' Bank-Full Depth= 1.00' Flow Area= 13.3 sf, Capacity= 77.01 cfs

20.00' x 1.00' deep Parabolic Channel, n= 0.040 Mountain streams Length= 406.0' Slope= 0.0419 '/' Inlet Invert= 1,020.00', Outlet Invert= 1,003.00'

±

Summary for Reach 20R: Stream

 Inflow Area =
 1.654 ac, 0.22% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 1.65" for 10-Year event

 Inflow =
 3.04 cfs @
 12.11 hrs, Volume=
 0.227 af

 Outflow =
 2.91 cfs @
 12.14 hrs, Volume=
 0.227 af, Atten= 4%, Lag= 1.6 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Max. Velocity= 2.67 fps, Min. Travel Time= 2.3 min Avg. Velocity = 0.98 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 6.1 min

Peak Storage= 394 cf @ 12.14 hrs Average Depth at Peak Storage= 0.17' Bank-Full Depth= 1.50' Flow Area= 28.0 sf, Capacity= 314.84 cfs

28.00' x 1.50' deep Parabolic Channel, n= 0.040 Mountain streams Length= 362.0' Slope= 0.0925 '/' Inlet Invert= 999.50', Outlet Invert= 966.00'

±

Summary for Reach 21R: Stream

 Inflow Area =
 3.735 ac, 16.97% Impervious, Inflow Depth =
 1.93" for 10-Year event

 Inflow =
 6.55 cfs @
 12.18 hrs, Volume=
 0.600 af

 Outflow =
 6.33 cfs @
 12.22 hrs, Volume=
 0.600 af, Atten= 3%, Lag= 1.9 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Max. Velocity= 2.64 fps, Min. Travel Time= 2.5 min Avg. Velocity = 0.71 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 9.4 min

Peak Storage= 959 cf @ 12.22 hrs Average Depth at Peak Storage= 0.32' Bank-Full Depth= 1.00' Flow Area= 13.3 sf, Capacity= 75.27 cfs

20.00' x 1.00' deep Parabolic Channel, n= 0.040 Mountain streams Length= 400.0' Slope= 0.0400 '/' Inlet Invert= 984.00', Outlet Invert= 968.00'

±

Summary for Reach 22R: Stream

 Inflow Area =
 2.902 ac, 14.76% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 1.90" for 10-Year event

 Inflow =
 5.86 cfs @ 12.16 hrs, Volume=
 0.460 af

 Outflow =
 5.76 cfs @ 12.18 hrs, Volume=
 0.460 af, Atten= 2%, Lag= 1.2 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Max. Velocity= 3.04 fps, Min. Travel Time= 1.6 min Avg. Velocity = 0.79 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 6.2 min

Peak Storage= 554 cf @ 12.18 hrs Average Depth at Peak Storage= 0.27' Bank-Full Depth= 1.00' Flow Area= 13.3 sf, Capacity= 96.00 cfs

20.00' x 1.00' deep Parabolic Channel, n= 0.040 Mountain streams Length= 292.0' Slope= 0.0651 '/' Inlet Invert= 1,003.00', Outlet Invert= 984.00'

±

Summary for Reach 31R: Swale-244

Bank-Full Depth= 1.00' Flow Area= 4.0 sf, Capacity= 6.87 cfs

2.00' x 1.00' deep channel, n= 0.150 Sheet flow over Short Grass Side Slope Z-value= 2.0 '/' Top Width= 6.00' Length= 350.0' Slope= 0.0571 '/' Inlet Invert= 1,008.00', Outlet Invert= 988.00'

Summary for Reach 34R: Hitchcock Rd (West)

Inflow Area	a =	0.552 ac, 16.27% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 1.91" for 10-Year even	nt
Inflow	=	1.21 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 0.088 af	
Outflow	=	1.21 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 0.088 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0	min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Summary for Reach 35R: Hitchcock Rd (East)

Inflow Area	a =	17.743 ac,	0.20% Impervious,	Inflow Depth =	1.58" for 10-Year event
Inflow	=	18.43 cfs @	12.43 hrs, Volume	e 2.329 a	f
Outflow	=	18.43 cfs @	12.43 hrs, Volume	e= 2.329 a	f, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Summary for Pond 4P: Doyle Ave Culvert

Inflow Area =	84.075 ac,	2.18% Impervious, I	nflow Depth = 1.66" fo	or 10-Year event
Inflow =	46.05 cfs @	13.14 hrs, Volume=	11.657 af	
Outflow =	45.95 cfs @	13.18 hrs, Volume=	11.657 af, Atten=	= 0%, Lag= 2.0 min
Primary =	45.95 cfs @	13.18 hrs, Volume=	11.657 af	

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 999.29' @ 13.18 hrs Surf.Area= 10,608 sf Storage= 12,532 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 4.1 min calculated for 11.653 af (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 4.1 min (924.6 - 920.5)

Volume	Inve	ert Avail.Sto	rage Storage	Description			
#1	995.8	35' 37,94	46 cf Custom	Stage Data (Pr	Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc)		
Elevatio (fee		Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)			
995.8	,	0	0				
997.0	00	1,119	643	643	3		
998.0	00	3,644	2,382	3,025	5		
999.0	00	9,570	6,607	9,632	2		
1,000.0	00	13,181	11,376	21,007	7		
1,001.0	00	20,697	16,939	37,946	ô		
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Device:	S			
#1	Primary	995.85'	30.0" Round	Culvert			
ا ۲ #2 Primary 999.00' 0 ا		Inlet / Outlet In n= 0.025 Con Custom Wein Head (feet) 0	L= 30.0' CPP, projecting, no headwall, Ke= 0.900 Inlet / Outlet Invert= 995.85' / 995.58' S= 0.0090 '/' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.025 Corrugated metal, Flow Area= 4.91 sf Custom Weir/Orifice, Cv= 2.62 (C= 3.28) Head (feet) 0.00 1.00 2.00 Width (feet) 30.00 125.00 172.00				
Primary	OutFlow	Max=45.95 cfs	@ 13.18 hrs H	W=999.29' TW	W=996.06' (Dynamic Tailwater)		

1=Culvert (Barrel Controls 25.30 cfs @ 5.15 fps)

2=Custom Weir/Orifice (Weir Controls 20.65 cfs @ 1.65 fps)

Summary for Pond 5P: L-6 Infil Basin

Inflow Area = Inflow = Outflow = Primary =	4.79 cfs @ 1 4.66 cfs @ 1	54% Impervious, 2.12 hrs, Volume 2.14 hrs, Volume 2.14 hrs, Volume	e= 0.37 e= 0.38	75 af	or 10-Year event = 3%, Lag= 1.4 min		
	Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 1,041.40' @ 12.14 hrs Surf.Area= 1,435 sf Storage= 1,212 cf						
Plug-Flow detent Center-of-Mass o				of inflow)			
Volume Inv	/ert Avail.Sto	rage Storage D	escription				
#1 1,040	.00' 3,7	56 cf Custom S	Stage Data (Pri	smatic) Liste	ed below (Recalc)		
Elevation	Surf.Area	Inc.Store	Cum.Store				
(feet)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)				
1,040.00	302	0	0				
1,042.00	1,926	2,228	2,228				
1,042.70	2,441	1,528	3,756				
Device Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices					
#1 Primary	1,041.00'	6.0' long (Prof Head (feet) 0.4 Coef. (English)	9 0.98 1.48		angular Weir		
Primary OutFloy	• Max=4 66 cfs (@ 12.14 hrs HW	=1 041 40' TV	V=1 006 34'	(Dvnamic Tailwater)		

Primary OutFlow Max=4.66 cfs @ 12.14 hrs HW=1,041.40' TW=1,006.34' (Dynamic Tailwater) **1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir** (Weir Controls 4.66 cfs @ 1.96 fps)

Summary for Pond 6P: L-6-1 Infil Basin

Inflow Area = Inflow = Outflow = Primary =	1.52 cfs @ 1 1.48 cfs @ 1	15% Impervious 2.09 hrs, Volum 2.11 hrs, Volum 2.11 hrs, Volum	ne= 0.1 ne= 0.1	= 2.37" for 10-Year event 10 af 01 af, Atten= 3%, Lag= 1.2 min 01 af				
	Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 1,031.65' @ 12.11 hrs Surf.Area= 853 sf Storage= 731 cf							
Ų.	ntion time= 79.7 m det. time= 37.3 m		· ·	of inflow)				
Volume I	nvert Avail.Sto	rage Storage I	Description					
#1 1,03	0.30' 2,03	36 cf Custom	Stage Data (Pr	ismatic) Listed below (Recalc)				
Elevation	Surf.Area	Inc.Store	Cum.Store					
(feet)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)					
1,030.30	232	0						
1,032.00	1,015	1,060	1,060					
1,032.80	1,426	976	2,036					
Device Routir	ng Invert	Outlet Devices	5					

Coef. (English) 3.12 3.41 3.59

#2 Primary 1,031.20' 6.0" Vert. Orifice/Grate C= 0.600

Primary OutFlow Max=1.48 cfs @ 12.11 hrs HW=1,031.65' TW=1,020.15' (Dynamic Tailwater) 1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 1.06 cfs @ 1.20 fps) 2=Orifice/Grate (Orifice Controls 0.42 cfs @ 2.28 fps)

Summary for Pond 7P: L-6-2 Infil Basin

Inflow Area =	0.834 ac, 24.64% Impervious, Inflow De	epth = 2.21" for 10-Year event
Inflow =	1.75 cfs @ 12.15 hrs, Volume=	0.154 af
Outflow =	0.92 cfs @ 12.40 hrs, Volume=	0.140 af, Atten= 47%, Lag= 14.9 min
Primary =	0.92 cfs @ 12.40 hrs, Volume=	0.140 af

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 1,011.20' @ 12.40 hrs Surf.Area= 1,250 sf Storage= 1,792 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 88.1 min calculated for 0.140 af (91% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 43.7 min (875.3 - 831.6)

Volume	Inve	ert Avail.Sto	rage Storage	Description	
#1	1,009.0	0' 3,84	44 cf Custom	n Stage Data (Pri	ismatic) Listed below (Recalc)
_					
Elevatio	n	Surf.Area	Inc.Store	Cum.Store	
(feet	:)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)	
1,009.00	0	427	0	0	
1,010.00	0	755	591	591	
1,012.00	0	1,582	2,337	2,928	
1,012.50	0	2,080	916	3,844	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Device	es	
#1	Primary	1,011.20'	6.0' long (Pr	ofile 6) Broad-C	rested Rectangular Weir
			Head (feet) (0.49 0.98 1.48	-
			Coef. (Englis	h) 3.12 3.41 3.9	59
#2	Primary	1,010.00'	6.0" Vert. Ori	ifice/Grate C=	0.600
Primary	OutFlow	Max=0.92 cfs (@ 12.40 hrs H	W=1,011.20' TV	V=984.27' (Dynamic Tailwater)

-1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)

-2=Orifice/Grate (Orifice Controls 0.92 cfs @ 4.69 fps)

Summary for Pond 8P: L-6-3 Infil Basin

Inflow Area =	0.577 ac, 30.58% Impervious, Inflow [Depth = 2.40" for 10-Year event
Inflow =	1.51 cfs @ 12.11 hrs, Volume=	0.115 af
Outflow =	0.79 cfs @ 12.28 hrs, Volume=	0.104 af, Atten= 47%, Lag= 10.4 min
Primary =	0.79 cfs @ 12.28 hrs, Volume=	0.104 af

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 993.45' @ 12.28 hrs Surf.Area= 1,123 sf Storage= 1,311 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 91.6 min calculated for 0.104 af (90% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 43.6 min (865.3 - 821.7)

Volume	Inve	ert Avail.Sto	rage Storage	ge Storage Description				
#1	991.0	0' 3,16	65 cf Custom	Stage Data (Prisma	atic) Listed below (Recalc)			
Elevatio	on	Surf.Area	Inc.Store	Cum.Store				
(fee		(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)				
991.0	0	162	0	0				
992.0	00	338	250	250				
994.0	00	1,419	1,757	2,007				
994.7	0	1,890	1,158	3,165				
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Device	S				
#1	Primary	993.50'	6.0' long (Pro	ofile 6) Broad-Crest	ted Rectangular Weir			
-			Head (feet) 0.49 0.98 1.48		-			
				n) 3.12 3.41 3.59				
#2	Primary	992.50'	6.0" Vert. Ori	fice/Grate C= 0.60	00			
Primary	OutFlow	Max=0.79 cfs (@ 12.28 hrs H\	W=993.45' TW=0.0	0' (Dynamic Tailwater)			

-1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)

-2=Orifice/Grate (Orifice Controls 0.79 cfs @ 4.04 fps)

Summary for Pond 9P: Infiltrators

Inflow Area =	0.237 ac, 32.33% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 2.26" for 10-Year event
Inflow =	0.63 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.045 af
Outflow =	0.55 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 0.043 af, Atten= 12%, Lag= 2.6 min
Primary =	0.55 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 0.043 af

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 1,015.84' @ 12.13 hrs Surf.Area= 317 sf Storage= 141 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 30.8 min calculated for 0.043 af (96% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 11.1 min (841.8 - 830.7)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	1,015.20'	173 cf	8.17'W x 38.80'L x 1.83'H Field A
			581 cf Overall - 147 cf Embedded = 434 cf x 40.0% Voids
#2A	1,015.20'	147 cf	ADS_StormTech SC-310 +Cap x 10 Inside #1
			Effective Size= 28.9"W x 16.0"H => 2.07 sf x 7.12'L = 14.7 cf
			Overall Size= 34.0"W x 16.0"H x 7.56'L with 0.44' Overlap
			10 Chambers in 2 Rows
		321 cf	Total Available Storage

Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices		
#1	Primary	1,015.50'	6.0" Horiz. Orifice/Grate	C= 0.600	Limited to weir flow at low heads
Primary	OutFlow	Max=0.55 cfs @	2 12.13 hrs HW=1,015.84	TW=1,015	.21' (Dynamic Tailwater)

1=Orifice/Grate (Orifice Controls 0.55 cfs @ 2.82 fps)

Pond 9P: Infiltrators - Chamber Wizard Field A

Chamber Model = ADS_StormTech SC-310 +Cap (ADS StormTech® SC-310 with cap length) Effective Size= 28.9"W x 16.0"H => 2.07 sf x 7.12'L = 14.7 cf Overall Size= 34.0"W x 16.0"H x 7.56'L with 0.44' Overlap

34.0" Wide + 6.0" Spacing = 40.0" C-C Row Spacing

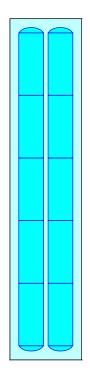
5 Chambers/Row x 7.12' Long +0.60' Cap Length x 2 = 36.80' Row Length +12.0" End Stone x 2 = 38.80' Base Length 2 Rows x 34.0" Wide + 6.0" Spacing x 1 + 12.0" Side Stone x 2 = 8.17' Base Width 16.0" Chamber Height + 6.0" Cover = 1.83' Field Height

10 Chambers x 14.7 cf = 147.4 cf Chamber Storage

580.9 cf Field - 147.4 cf Chambers = 433.5 cf Stone x 40.0% Voids = 173.4 cf Stone Storage

Chamber Storage + Stone Storage = 320.8 cf = 0.007 afOverall Storage Efficiency = 55.2%Overall System Size = $38.80' \times 8.17' \times 1.83'$

10 Chambers 21.5 cy Field 16.1 cy Stone





Summary for Pond 10P: L-14-1 Infil Basin

Inflow Area =	3.445 ac,	9.93% Impervious, Inflow	Depth = 1.88"	for 10-Year event
Inflow =	5.44 cfs @	12.23 hrs, Volume=	0.539 af	
Outflow =	5.43 cfs @	12.24 hrs, Volume=	0.527 af, Atte	en= 0%, Lag= 0.4 min
Primary =	5.43 cfs @	12.24 hrs, Volume=	0.527 af	

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 1,029.51' @ 12.24 hrs Surf.Area= 574 sf Storage= 675 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 18.3 min calculated for 0.527 af (98% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 5.9 min (858.6 - 852.7)

Volume	Inv	ert Avail.Sto	rage Storag	e Description	
#1	1,027.8	50' 1,30	67 cf Custo	m Stage Data (Pr	ismatic) Listed below (Recalc)
Elevatio (feet		Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	
1,027.5	0	132	0	0	
1,028.0	0	207	85	85	
1,030.0	0	693	900	985	
1,030.5	0	836	382	1,367	
Device #1	Routing Primary	Invert 1,029.20'	Head (feet)		Crested Rectangular Weir

Primary OutFlow Max=5.43 cfs @ 12.24 hrs HW=1,029.51' TW=1,016.22' (Dynamic Tailwater) **1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir** (Weir Controls 5.43 cfs @ 1.74 fps)

Summary for Pond 15P: Rain Garden

Inflow Area =	0.189 ac, 44.07% Impervious, Inflow D	Depth = 2.80" for 10-Year event
Inflow =	0.61 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume=	0.044 af
Outflow =	0.57 cfs @ 12.12 hrs, Volume=	0.032 af, Atten= 6%, Lag= 1.8 min
Primary =	0.57 cfs @ 12.12 hrs, Volume=	0.032 af

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 1,020.07' @ 12.12 hrs Surf.Area= 1,368 sf Storage= 608 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 155.5 min calculated for 0.032 af (72% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 62.4 min (868.0 - 805.7)

Volume	Inve	ert Avail.	Storage	Storage	Description	
#1	1,017.6	0'	283 cf			smatic) Listed below (Recalc)
					verall x 30.0%	
#2	1,019.6	0'	549 cf	Custom	Stage Data (Pri	smatic) Listed below (Recalc)
			832 cf	Total Av	ailable Storage	
Elevation	l	Surf.Area	Inc	.Store	Cum.Store	
(feet)		(sq-ft)	(cubi	c-feet)	(cubic-feet)	
1,017.60		472		0	0	
1,019.60	1	472		944	944	
Elevation	l	Surf.Area	Inc	.Store	Cum.Store	
(feet)		(sq-ft)	(cubi	c-feet)	(cubic-feet)	
1,019.60		472		0	0	
1,020.30		1,097		549	549	
Device I	Routing	Inve	ert Outle	et Device	S	
#1 I	Primary	1,020.0	0' 9.0'	long (Pro	ofile 6) Broad-C	rested Rectangular Weir
	,	,			.49 0.98 1.48	
				· · ·	n) 3.12 3.41 3.	59
				, U	,	

Summary for Pond 17P: Driveway Culvert

Inflow Area =	6.966 ac,	5.46% Impervious, I	Inflow Depth = 1.78" for 10-Year event	
Inflow =	10.53 cfs @	12.23 hrs, Volume=	= 1.031 af	
Outflow =	10.48 cfs @	12.25 hrs, Volume=	= 1.031 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.9 min	
Primary =	10.48 cfs @	12.25 hrs, Volume=	= 1.031 af	

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 1,016.22' @ 12.25 hrs Surf.Area= 902 sf Storage= 375 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 0.6 min calculated for 1.031 af (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 0.5 min (859.3 - 858.8)

Volume	Inv	ert Avail.S	orage Storage	e Description	
#1	1,015.	20' 5,	797 cf Custor	n Stage Data (Pr	rismatic) Listed below (Recalc)
-		0 ()			
Elevatio		Surf.Area	Inc.Store	Cum.Store	
(fee	et)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)	
1,015.2	20	10	0	0	
1,016.0	00	528	215	215	
1,016.5	50	1,364	473	688	
1,017.0	00	2,424	947	1,635	
1,018.0	00	5,900	4,162	5,797	
Device	Routing	Inver	t Outlet Devic	es	
#1	Primary	1,015.20	' 18.0" Roun	d Culvert X 3.00	
	,		L= 24.0' CF	P, projecting, no	headwall, Ke= 0.900
			Inlet / Outlet	Invert= 1.015.20	'/1,014.90' S= 0.0125 '/' Cc= 0.900
				,	or, Flow Area= 1.77 sf
#2	Primary	1,017.20		,	Crested Rectangular Weir
		.,•=•	υ.	0.49 0.98 1.48	Jeres Jeres Jeres Jeres Jeres
				sh) 3.12 3.41 3.	59
				, 0.12 0.41 0.	
	- ·				

Primary OutFlow Max=10.48 cfs @ 12.25 hrs HW=1,016.22' TW=1,015.30' (Dynamic Tailwater) **1=Culvert** (Inlet Controls 10.48 cfs @ 2.72 fps)

-2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Summary for Pond 18P: Driveway Culverts

Inflow Area =	1.654 ac,	0.22% Impervious, Inflow I	Depth = 1.65" for 10-Year event
Inflow =	3.11 cfs @	12.09 hrs, Volume=	0.227 af
Outflow =	3.04 cfs @	12.11 hrs, Volume=	0.227 af, Atten= 2%, Lag= 1.1 min
Primary =	3.04 cfs @	12.11 hrs, Volume=	0.227 af
-	-		

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 1,000.60' @ 12.11 hrs Surf.Area= 564 sf Storage= 171 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 0.9 min calculated for 0.227 af (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 0.9 min (853.5 - 852.6)

Volume	Inve	ert Avail.Sto	rage Storag	e Description		
#1	1,000.0)0' 12,6 ⁻	12 cf Custo	m Stage Data (Pri	ismatic) Listed below (Re	ecalc)
- 1						
Elevatio		Surf.Area	Inc.Store	Cum.Store		
(fee	et)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)		
1,000.0	00	10	0	0		
1,002.0	00	1,870	1,880	1,880		
1,003.0	00	4,737	3,304	5,184		
1,004.0	00	10,120	7,429	12,612		
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Device	ces		
#1	Primary	1,000.00'	12.0" Rour	nd Culvert X 3.00		
	2	·	L= 25.0' C	PP, projecting, no	headwall, Ke= 0.900	
					/ 999.50' S= 0.0200 '/'	Cc= 0.900
				low Area= 0.79 sf		
#2	Primary	1,003.00'	,		Crested Rectangular We	eir
		.,	•	0.49 0.98 1.48		
			· · ·	sh) 3.12 3.41 3.	59	
				0.12 0.41 0.		
.						

Primary OutFlow Max=3.03 cfs @ 12.11 hrs HW=1,000.60' TW=999.67' (Dynamic Tailwater) -1=Culvert (Inlet Controls 3.03 cfs @ 2.07 fps) -2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Summary for Pond 19P: IB-247

Inflow Area =	0.163 ac, 31.81% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 2.45" for 10-Year event				
Inflow =	0.46 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume	= 0.033 af				
Outflow =	0.45 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume	= 0.029 af, Atten= 1%, Lag= 0.8 min				
Primary =	0.45 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume	= 0.029 af				
Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method. Time Span= $0.00-36.00$ brs. dt= 0.01 brs.						

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 991.29' @ 12.10 hrs Surf.Area= 322 sf Storage= 219 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 91.8 min calculated for 0.029 af (87% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 32.1 min (848.8 - 816.6)

Volume	Inv	ert Avail.Sto	rage Storage [Description	
#1	990.	10' 8	11 cf Custom	Stage Data (Pri	smatic) Listed below (Recalc)
Elevatio (fee 990.2 992.0 992.0	et) 10 00	Surf.Area (sq-ft) 45 486 740	Inc.Store (cubic-feet) 0 504 307	Cum.Store (cubic-feet) 0 504 811	
Device #1	Routing Primary	Invert 991.20'	Head (feet) 0.	file 6) Broad-C	rested Rectangular Weir

Primary OutFlow Max=0.45 cfs @ 12.10 hrs HW=991.29' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater) ☐ 1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 0.45 cfs @ 0.96 fps)

Summary for Pond 22P: IB-245

Inflow Area	a =	0.523 ac, 1	7.17% Impervious,	Inflow Depth =	2.11" for 10-Year event
Inflow	=	1.26 cfs @	12.09 hrs, Volume	e= 0.092	af
Outflow	=	1.15 cfs @	12.13 hrs, Volume	e= 0.083	af, Atten= 9%, Lag= 2.2 min
Primary	=	1.15 cfs @	12.13 hrs, Volume	e= 0.083	af
Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs					

Peak Elev= 967.56' @ 12.13 hrs Surf.Area= 780 sf Storage= 739 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 84.1 min calculated for 0.083 af (91% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 38.1 min (865.9 - 827.9)

Volume	Inv	ert Avai	I.Storage	Storage Descriptio	n		
#1	966.	10'	1,801 cf	Custom Stage Dat	t a (Irregular) Liste	ed below (Recalc)	
Elevatic (fee 966.1 968.0	et) 0	Surf.Area (sq-ft) 274 983	Perim. (feet) 80.0 163.0	Inc.Store (cubic-feet) 0 1,125	Cum.Store (cubic-feet) 0 1,125	Wet.Area (sq-ft) 274 1,896	
968.5	-	1,760	225.0	676	1,801	3,812	
<u>Device</u> #1 #2	Routing Primary Primary	In 967	.50' 5.0' Hea Coe .00' 12.0 L= 2 Inlet	et Devices long (Profile 6) Bro d (feet) 0.49 0.98 f. (English) 3.12 3.4 " Round Culvert 5.0' CPP, projectin / Outlet Invert= 967 .010, Flow Area= 0	bad-Crested Rect 1.48 41 3.59 Ig, no headwall, <i>F</i> .00' / 966.10' S=	angular Weir	

Primary OutFlow Max=1.15 cfs @ 12.13 hrs HW=967.56' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater) -1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 0.24 cfs @ 0.77 fps) -2=Culvert (Inlet Controls 0.91 cfs @ 2.01 fps)

Summary for Pond 24P: IB-237

Inflow Area =	1.294 ac, 18.38% Impervious, Inflow D	epth = 2.15" for 10-Year event
Inflow =	3.23 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume=	0.232 af
Outflow =	3.16 cfs @ 12.11 hrs, Volume=	0.211 af, Atten= 2%, Lag= 1.0 min
Primary =	3.16 cfs @ 12.11 hrs, Volume=	0.211 af

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 1,007.55' @ 12.11 hrs Surf.Area= 823 sf Storage= 1,175 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 66.1 min calculated for 0.211 af (91% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 21.3 min (853.2 - 832.0)

Volume	Inve	ert Avai	l.Storage	Storage Descripti	on		
#1	1,005.0	0'	2,825 cf	Custom Stage Da	ata (Irregular) List	ed below (Recalc))
Elevation (feet))	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Perim. (feet)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	Wet.Area (sq-ft)	
1,005.00 1,006.00 1,008.00 1,009.00)	164 382 985 1,513	61.0 82.0 119.0 145.0	0 265 1,320 1,240	0 265 1,586 2,825	164 413 1,038 1,600	
-	Routing Primary	<u>In</u> 1,007	7.20' 5.0' Head	et Devices Iong (Profile 6) Bi d (feet) 0.49 0.98 f. (English) 3.12 3	1.48	tangular Weir	

Primary OutFlow Max=3.16 cfs @ 12.11 hrs HW=1,007.54' TW=997.48' (Dynamic Tailwater) ☐ 1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 3.16 cfs @ 1.83 fps)

Summary for Pond 26P: IB-244

Inflow Are	a =	1.107 ac, 1	4.87% Impervious, Inflow	v Depth = 2.07" for 10-Year event		
Inflow	=	2.66 cfs @	12.09 hrs, Volume=	0.191 af		
Outflow	=	2.61 cfs @	12.11 hrs, Volume=	0.177 af, Atten= 2%, Lag= 0.9 min		
Primary	=	2.61 cfs @	12.11 hrs, Volume=	0.177 af		
Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs						
Peak Elev= 987.80' @ 12.11 hrs Surf.Area= 682 sf Storage= 799 cf						

Plug-Flow detention time= 55.6 min calculated for 0.177 af (93% of inflow)

Center-of-Mass det. time= 17.9 min (852.4 - 834.5)

Volume	Inve	ert Ava	il.Storage	Storage Description	on		
#1	986.0)0'	1,904 cf	Custom Stage Da	ata (Irregular) Liste	ed below (Recalc)	
Elevatio (fee 986.0 988.0 989.0	et) 00 00	Surf.Area (sq-ft) 241 744 1,204	Perim. (feet) 65.0 103.0 128.0	Inc.Store (cubic-feet) 0 939 965	Cum.Store (cubic-feet) 0 939 1,904	Wet.Area (sq-ft) 241 776 1,250	
Device #1	Routing Primary		7.50' 5.0' Hea	et Devices Iong (Profile 6) Br d (feet) 0.49 0.98 f. (English) 3.12 3	1.48	angular Weir	

Primary OutFlow Max=2.61 cfs @ 12.11 hrs HW=987.80' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater) **1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir** (Weir Controls 2.61 cfs @ 1.72 fps)

Summary for Pond 29P: Infiltrators-2

Inflow Area =	0.276 ac, 19.00% Impervious, Inflow	v Depth = 2.21" for 10-Year event
Inflow =	0.71 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume=	0.051 af
Outflow =	0.77 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume=	0.045 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min
Primary =	0.77 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume=	0.045 af

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 982.04' @ 12.09 hrs Surf.Area= 209 sf Storage= 248 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 74.6 min calculated for 0.045 af (89% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 21.8 min (852.5 - 830.7)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	979.67'	159 cf	8.50'W x 24.56'L x 2.33'H Field A
			487 cf Overall - 88 cf Embedded = 399 cf x 40.0% Voids
#2A	980.17'	88 cf	ADS_StormTech SC-310 +Cap x 6 Inside #1
			Effective Size= 28.9"W x 16.0"H => 2.07 sf x 7.12L = 14.7 cf
			Overall Size= 34.0"W x 16.0"H x 7.56'L with 0.44' Overlap
			6 Chambers in 2 Rows
		248 cf	Total Available Storage

Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	981.99'	25.0' long (Profile 6) Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir Head (feet) 0.49 0.98 1.48 Coef. (English) 3.12 3.41 3.59

Pond 29P: Infiltrators-2 - Chamber Wizard Field A

Chamber Model = ADS_StormTech SC-310 +Cap (ADS StormTech® SC-310 with cap length) Effective Size= 28.9"W x 16.0"H => 2.07 sf x 7.12'L = 14.7 cf Overall Size= 34.0"W x 16.0"H x 7.56'L with 0.44' Overlap

34.0" Wide + 10.0" Spacing = 44.0" C-C Row Spacing

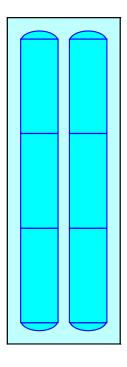
3 Chambers/Row x 7.12' Long +0.60' Cap Length x 2 = 22.56' Row Length +12.0" End Stone x 2 = 24.56' Base Length 2 Rows x 34.0" Wide + 10.0" Spacing x 1 + 12.0" Side Stone x 2 = 8.50' Base Width 6.0" Base + 16.0" Chamber Height + 6.0" Cover = 2.33' Field Height

6 Chambers x 14.7 cf = 88.5 cf Chamber Storage

487.1 cf Field - 88.5 cf Chambers = 398.7 cf Stone x 40.0% Voids = 159.5 cf Stone Storage

Chamber Storage + Stone Storage = 247.9 cf = 0.006 af Overall Storage Efficiency = 50.9% Overall System Size = 24.56' x 8.50' x 2.33'

6 Chambers 18.0 cy Field 14.8 cy Stone





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Runoff by SCS TR	-36.00 hrs, dt=0.01 hrs, 3601 points R-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN I method - Pond routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method
	Runoff Area=1,118,080 sf 0.85% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.50" Slope=0.0610 '/' Tc=31.9 min CN=71 Runoff=57.86 cfs 7.481 af
	Runoff Area=3,283,926 sf 1.40% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.50" lope=0.0350 '/' Tc=86.3 min CN=71 Runoff=96.57 cfs 21.971 af
Subcatchment 9S: To L-6 Infil Flow Length=544	Runoff Area=99,742 sf 10.40% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.81" Slope=0.0810 '/' Tc=8.2 min CN=74 Runoff=9.47 cfs 0.727 af
Subcatchment 10S: To L-6-1 Infil	Runoff Area=22,785 sf 19.41% Impervious Runoff Depth=4.34" Tc=6.0 min CN=79 Runoff=2.65 cfs 0.189 af
Subcatchment 11S: To L-6-2 Infil Flow Length=442'	Runoff Area=34,234 sf 20.06% Impervious Runoff Depth=4.12" Slope=0.0250 '/' Tc=11.5 min CN=77 Runoff=3.16 cfs 0.270 af
Subcatchment 12S: To L-6-3 Infil Flow Length=402'	Runoff Area=23,257 sf 24.93% Impervious Runoff Depth=4.34" Slope=0.0420 '/' Tc=7.7 min CN=79 Runoff=2.55 cfs 0.193 af
Subcatchment 13S: To 14-1 Basin Flow Length=1,061'	Runoff Area=149,214 sf 9.43% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.81" Slope=0.0600 '/' Tc=16.3 min CN=74 Runoff=11.22 cfs 1.087 af
Subcatchment 14S: To 14-2 Basin	Runoff Area=7,147 sf 35.48% Impervious Runoff Depth=4.77" Tc=6.0 min CN=83 Runoff=0.90 cfs 0.065 af
Subcatchment 15S: To Infiltrators	Runoff Area=10,302 sf 32.33% Impervious Runoff Depth=4.34" Tc=6.0 min CN=79 Runoff=1.20 cfs 0.085 af
Subcatchment 16S: To Driveway Culvert Flow Length=1,094'	Runoff Area=153,405 sf 1.08% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.60" Slope=0.0740 '/' Tc=15.9 min CN=72 Runoff=10.98 cfs 1.057 af
Subcatchment 17S: To Driveway Culvert	Runoff Area=72,047 sf 0.22% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.50" Tc=6.0 min CN=71 Runoff=6.78 cfs 0.482 af
Subcatchment 19S: Water Surface	Runoff Area=1,426 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=6.49" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.22 cfs 0.018 af
Subcatchment 20S: Water Surface	Runoff Area=2,441 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=6.49" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.37 cfs 0.030 af
Subcatchment 21S: Water Surface	Runoff Area=2,080 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=6.49" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.32 cfs 0.026 af
Subcatchment 22S: Water Surface	Runoff Area=1,890 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=6.49" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.29 cfs 0.023 af
Subcatchment 23S: Water Surface	Runoff Area=836 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=6.49" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.13 cfs 0.010 af

Subcatchment 24S: Water Surface	Runoff Area=1,097 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=6.49" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.17 cfs 0.014 af
Subcatchment 28S: To L-247	Runoff Area=6,378 sf 23.89% Impervious Runoff Depth=4.34" Tc=6.0 min CN=79 Runoff=0.74 cfs 0.053 af
Subcatchment 29S: To L-247-2	Runoff Area=11,814 sf 17.56% Impervious Runoff Depth=4.23" Tc=6.0 min CN=78 Runoff=1.34 cfs 0.096 af
Subcatchment 30S: To L-245	Runoff Area=21,008 sf 10.23% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.91" Tc=6.0 min CN=75 Runoff=2.21 cfs 0.157 af
Subcatchment 31S: To L-237-239	Runoff Area=54,940 sf 16.24% Impervious Runoff Depth=4.12" Tc=6.0 min CN=77 Runoff=6.09 cfs 0.433 af
Subcatchment 32S: To L-243-244	Runoff Area=47,010 sf 12.69% Impervious Runoff Depth=4.02" Tc=6.0 min CN=76 Runoff=5.08 cfs 0.361 af
Subcatchment 33S: To Hitchcock	Runoff Area=1,263 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.81" Tc=6.0 min CN=74 Runoff=0.13 cfs 0.009 af
Subcatchment 34S: Water Surface	Runoff Area=1,760 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=6.49" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.27 cfs 0.022 af
Subcatchment 35S: Water Surface	Runoff Area=209 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=6.49" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.03 cfs 0.003 af
Subcatchment 36S: To Hitchcock Flow Length=1,683'	Runoff Area=772,871 sf 0.20% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.40" Slope=0.0530 '/' Tc=27.9 min CN=70 Runoff=41.12 cfs 5.020 af
Subcatchment 37S: Water Surface	Runoff Area=1,204 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=6.49" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.18 cfs 0.015 af
Subcatchment 38S: Water Surface	Runoff Area=1,439 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=6.49" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.22 cfs 0.018 af
Subcatchment 39S: Water Surface	Runoff Area=740 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=6.49" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.11 cfs 0.009 af
Reach 2R: Wetland	Inflow=128.47 cfs 34.595 af Outflow=128.47 cfs 34.595 af
	Flow Depth=0.68' Max Vel=9.68 fps Inflow=100.92 cfs 24.694 af S=0.0878 '/' Capacity=638.10 cfs Outflow=100.88 cfs 24.694 af
	rg. Flow Depth=0.59' Max Vel=1.39 fps Inflow=22.35 cfs 2.293 af 5.0' S=0.0301 '/' Capacity=65.53 cfs Outflow=21.21 cfs 2.293 af
	vg. Flow Depth=0.48' Max Vel=2.15 fps Inflow=9.63 cfs 0.741 af 95.0' S=0.0154 '/' Capacity=46.68 cfs Outflow=9.47 cfs 0.741 af

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Reach 19R: Stream	Avg. Flow Depth=0.21' Max Vel=2.04 fps Inflow=2.80 cfs 0.198 af n=0.040 L=406.0' S=0.0419 '/' Capacity=77.01 cfs Outflow=2.58 cfs 0.198 af
Reach 20R: Stream	Avg. Flow Depth=0.25' Max Vel=3.38 fps Inflow=6.36 cfs 0.482 af n=0.040 L=362.0' S=0.0925 '/' Capacity=314.84 cfs Outflow=6.25 cfs 0.482 af
Reach 21R: Stream	Avg. Flow Depth=0.47' Max Vel=3.42 fps Inflow=15.08 cfs 1.221 af n=0.040 L=400.0' S=0.0400 '/' Capacity=75.27 cfs Outflow=14.68 cfs 1.221 af
Reach 22R: Stream	Avg. Flow Depth=0.38' Max Vel=3.79 fps Inflow=12.03 cfs 0.938 af n=0.040 L=292.0' S=0.0651 '/' Capacity=96.00 cfs Outflow=11.89 cfs 0.938 af
Reach 31R: Swale-244	Avg. Flow Depth=0.00' Max Vel=0.00 fps n=0.150 L=350.0' S=0.0571 '/' Capacity=6.87 cfs Outflow=0.00 cfs 0.000 af
Reach 34R: Hitchcock Rd	(West) Inflow=2.55 cfs 0.180 af Outflow=2.55 cfs 0.180 af
Reach 35R: Hitchcock Rd	(East) Inflow=41.12 cfs 5.020 af Outflow=41.12 cfs 5.020 af
Pond 4P: Doyle Ave Culve	rt Peak Elev=999.57' Storage=15,674 cf Inflow=101.03 cfs 24.694 af Outflow=100.92 cfs 24.694 af
Pond 5P: L-6 Infil Basin	Peak Elev=1,041.63' Storage=1,572 cf Inflow=9.82 cfs 0.757 af Outflow=9.63 cfs 0.741 af
Pond 6P: L-6-1 Infil Basin	Peak Elev=1,031.75' Storage=817 cf Inflow=2.86 cfs 0.207 af Outflow=2.80 cfs 0.198 af
Pond 7P: L-6-2 Infil Basin	Peak Elev=1,011.44' Storage=2,109 cf Inflow=3.40 cfs 0.296 af Outflow=3.25 cfs 0.282 af
Pond 8P: L-6-3 Infil Basin	Peak Elev=993.70' Storage=1,608 cf Inflow=2.82 cfs 0.216 af Outflow=2.62 cfs 0.205 af
Pond 9P: Infiltrators	Peak Elev=1,016.60' Storage=266 cf Inflow=1.20 cfs 0.085 af Outflow=0.99 cfs 0.084 af
Pond 10P: L-14-1 Infil Bas	n Peak Elev=1,029.71' Storage=792 cf Inflow=11.28 cfs 1.097 af Outflow=11.27 cfs 1.086 af
Pond 15P: Rain Garden	Peak Elev=1,020.11' Storage=641 cf Inflow=1.07 cfs 0.079 af Outflow=1.04 cfs 0.066 af
Pond 17P: Driveway Culve	ert Peak Elev=1,017.05' Storage=1,757 cf Inflow=22.24 cfs 2.142 af Outflow=21.12 cfs 2.142 af
Pond 18P: Driveway Culve	Peak Elev=1,001.00' Storage=479 cf Inflow=6.78 cfs 0.482 af Outflow=6.36 cfs 0.482 af

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Pond 19P: IB-247	Peak Elev=991.34' Storage=235 cf Inflow=0.85 cfs 0.062 af Outflow=0.85 cfs 0.058 af
Pond 22P: IB-245	Peak Elev=967.68' Storage=832 cf Inflow=2.48 cfs 0.179 af Outflow=2.42 cfs 0.171 af
Pond 24P: IB-237	Peak Elev=1,007.74' Storage=1,340 cf Inflow=6.30 cfs 0.451 af Outflow=6.22 cfs 0.430 af
Pond 26P: IB-244	Peak Elev=987.98' Storage=925 cf Inflow=5.26 cfs 0.376 af Outflow=5.20 cfs 0.362 af
Pond 29P: Infiltrators-2	Peak Elev=982.06' Storage=248 cf Inflow=1.37 cfs 0.098 af Outflow=1.37 cfs 0.093 af
Total Dunoff Area - 135 550 a	c Punoff Volume - 39 925 of Average Punoff Depth - 3 53"

Total Runoff Area = 135.550 acRunoff Volume = 39.925 afAverage Runoff Depth = 3.53"97.60% Pervious = 132.290 ac2.40% Impervious = 3.260 ac

Summary for Subcatchment 1S: West of Doyle

Runoff = 57.86 cfs @ 12.44 hrs, Volume= 7.481 af, Depth= 3.50"

	A	rea (sf)	CN	Description					
	9	88,025	70	Woods, Go	od, HSG C				
		14,283	77	2 acre lots,	12% imp, H	HSG C			
		22,519	96	Gravel surfa	ace, HSG (
		7,755	98	Roofs, HSC	ЭC				
		85,498	74	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG C			
	1,1	18,080	71	Weighted A	verage				
	1,1	08,611	99.15% Pervious Area						
		9,469		0.85% Impervious Area					
	Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description			
(m	in)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)				
31	1.9	2,241	0.0610	1.17		Lag/CN Method,			

Summary for Subcatchment 3S: East of Doyle

Runoff = 96.57 cfs @ 13.14 hrs, Volume= 21.971 af, Depth= 3.50"

A	rea (sf)	CN	Description				
2,8	34,897	70	Woods, Go	od, HSG C			
1	57,712	74	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG C		
	29,575	96	Gravel surfa	ace, HSG C)		
	16,344	98	Roofs, HSC	ЭC			
2	45,104	77	2 acre lots,	12% imp, H	ISG C		
	294	98	Paved park	ing, HSG C	;		
3,2	83,926	71	Weighted A	verage			
3,237,876 98.60% Pervious Area				vious Area			
	46,050	46,050 1.40% Impervious Area					
Tc	Length	Slope	,	Capacity	Description		
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)			
86.3	5,506	0.0350	1.06		Lag/CN Method,		
					-		

Summary for Subcatchment 9S: To L-6 Infil

Runoff = 9.47 cfs @ 12.12 hrs, Volume= 0.727 af, Depth= 3.81"

A	rea (sf)	CN	Description					
	3,516	98	Roofs, HSG	G C				
	5,717	98	Paved park	ing, HSG C	<u>,</u>			
	9,476	77	2 acre lots,	12% imp, H	HSG C			
	10,425	74	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG C			
	70,608	70	Noods, Go	od, HSG C				
	99,742	74	Neighted A	verage				
	89,372		89.60% Pervious Area					
	10,370		10.40% Impervious Area					
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description			
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)				
8.2	544	0.0810	1.11		Lag/CN Method,			

Summary for Subcatchment 10S: To L-6-1 Infil

Runoff = 2.65 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.189 af, Depth= 4.34"

A	rea (sf)	CN	Description					
	762	98	Roofs, HSC	G C				
	3,660	98	Paved park	ing, HSG C	C			
	18,363	74	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	Good, HSG C			
	22,785	79	Weighted A	verage				
	18,363		80.59% Pervious Area					
	4,422		19.41% Impervious Area					
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft	,	Capacity (cfs)	•			
6.0					Direct Entry,			

Summary for Subcatchment 11S: To L-6-2 Infil

Runoff = 3.16 cfs @ 12.16 hrs, Volume= 0.270 af, Depth= 4.12"

A	rea (sf)	CN E	Description						
	762	98 F	Roofs, HSC	S C					
	6,106	98 F	Paved park	ing, HSG C	C				
	15,683	74 >	75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG C				
	11,683	70 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG C					
	34,234	77 V	7 Weighted Average						
	27,366	7	79.94% Pervious Area						
	6,868	2	20.06% Impervious Area						
_				-					
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description				
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)					
11.5	442	0.0250	0.64		Lag/CN Method,				

Summary for Subcatchment 12S: To L-6-3 Infil

Runoff = 2.55 cfs @ 12.11 hrs, Volume= 0.193 af, Depth= 4.34"

A	rea (sf)	CN I	Description						
	762	98 I	Roofs, HSC	G C					
	5,037	98 I	Paved park	ing, HSG C	C				
	10,569	74 >	⊳75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG C				
	6,889	70 \	Voods, Go	od, HSG C	<u> </u>				
	23,257	79 \	Weighted Average						
	17,458	-	75.07% Pervious Area						
	5,799		24.93% Imp	pervious Are	rea				
_				.					
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity					
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)					
7.7	402	0.0420	0.87		Lag/CN Method,				

Summary for Subcatchment 13S: To 14-1 Basin

Runoff = 11.22 cfs @ 12.22 hrs, Volume= 1.087 af, Depth= 3.81"

A	rea (sf)	CN [Description						
	6,087	98 F	Roofs, HSG	G C					
	4,360	98 F	Paved park	ing, HSG C					
	30,176	77 2	2 acre lots,	12% imp, H	ISG C				
	28,893	74 >	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG C				
	79,698	70 \	Woods, Good, HSG C						
1	49,214	74 \	Weighted Average						
1	35,146	ę	90.57% Pervious Area						
	14,068	ę	9.43% Impervious Area						
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description				
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)					
16.3	1,061	0.0600	1.09		Lag/CN Method,				

Summary for Subcatchment 14S: To 14-2 Basin

Runoff = 0.90 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.065 af, Depth= 4.77"

A	rea (sf)	CN	Description						
	762	98	Roofs, HSC	G C					
	1,774		Paved park						
	4,611	74	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG C				
	7,147	83	Weighted Average						
	4,611		64.52% Pervious Area						
	2,536		35.48% Imp	pervious Are	ea				
Тс	Length	Slope	e Velocity	Capacity	Description				
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft) (ft/sec)	(cfs)	•				
6.0					Direct Entry,				

Summary for Subcatchment 15S: To Infiltrators

Runoff = 1.20 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.085 af, Depth= 4.34"

A	rea (sf)	CN	Description						
	3,331	98	Paved park	ing, HSG C	C				
	397	74	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	lood, HSG C				
	6,574	70	Woods, Go	od, HSG C					
	10,302	79	Weighted A	verage					
	6,971		67.67% Pervious Area						
	3,331		32.33% Im	pervious Ar	rea				
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft		Capacity (cfs)					
6.0					Direct Entry,				

Summary for Subcatchment 16S: To Driveway Culvert

Runoff = 10.98 cfs @ 12.22 hrs, Volume= 1.057 af, Depth= 3.60"

A	rea (sf)	CN [Description						
	7,754	96 (Gravel surfa	ace, HSG C	2				
	894	98 F	Paved road	s w/curbs &	& sewers, HSG C				
	6,376	77 2	2 acre lots,	12% imp, H	HSG C				
	13,882	74 >	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG C				
1	24,499	70 \	Voods, Go	od, HSG C					
1	53,405	72 \	Weighted Average						
1	51,746	ę	98.92% Pervious Area						
	1,659		I.08% Impe	ervious Area	а				
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description				
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)					
15.9	1,094	0.0740	1.15		Lag/CN Method,				

Summary for Subcatchment 17S: To Driveway Culvert

Runoff = 6.78 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.482 af, Depth= 3.50"

Ar	ea (sf)	CN	Description						
	1,160	96	Gravel surfa	ace, HSG C	С				
	160	98	Paved park	ing, HSG C	C				
	5,026	74	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG C				
6	65,701	70	Woods, Go	od, HSG C					
7	72,047	71	Weighted Average						
7	71,887		99.78% Per	vious Area	а				
	160		0.22% Impe	ervious Area	ea				
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft	,	Capacity (cfs)	1				
6.0					Direct Entry,				

Summary for Subcatchment 19S: Water Surface

Runoff = 0.22 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 0.018 af, Depth= 6.49"

A	rea (sf)	CN I	CN Description							
	1,426	98	98 Water Surface, HSG C							
	1,426		100.00% Impervious Area							
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description					
6.0					Direct Entry,					

Summary for Subcatchment 20S: Water Surface

Runoff = 0.37 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 0.030 af, Depth= 6.49"

A	ea (sf)	CN I	N Description							
	2,441	98	98 Water Surface, HSG C							
	2,441		100.00% Impervious Area							
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description					
6.0					Direct Entry,					

Summary for Subcatchment 21S: Water Surface

Runoff = 0.32 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 0.026 af, Depth= 6.49"

A	rea (sf)	CN I	N Description							
	2,080	98	98 Water Surface, HSG C							
	2,080		100.00% Impervious Area							
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description					
6.0					Direct Entry,					

Summary for Subcatchment 22S: Water Surface

Runoff = 0.29 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 0.023 af, Depth= 6.49"

A	rea (sf)	CN I	Description							
	1,890	98 \	98 Water Surface, HSG C							
	1,890		100.00% Impervious Area							
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description					
6.0					Direct Entry,					

Summary for Subcatchment 23S: Water Surface

Runoff = 0.13 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 0.010 af, Depth= 6.49"

Area (sf)	CN	CN Description						
836	98	Water Surfa	ace, HSG C	2				
836	100.00% Impervious Area							
Tc Length (min) (feet			Capacity (cfs)	Description				
6.0				Direct Entry,				

Summary for Subcatchment 24S: Water Surface

Runoff = 0.17 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 0.014 af, Depth= 6.49"

Ar	ea (sf)	CN I	Description						
	1,097	98	98 Water Surface, HSG C						
	1,097		100.00% Impervious Area						
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description				
6.0					Direct Entry,				

Summary for Subcatchment 28S: To L-247

Runoff = 0.74 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.053 af, Depth= 4.34"

A	rea (sf)	CN	Description						
	1,524	98	Paved parking, HSG C						
	2,963	74	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	Good, HSG C				
	1,891	70	Woods, Go	od, HSG C	C				
	6,378	79	Weighted Average						
	4,854		76.11% Pervious Area						
	1,524		23.89% Impervious Area						
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft		Capacity (cfs)					
6.0					Direct Entry,				

Summary for Subcatchment 29S: To L-247-2

Runoff = 1.34 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.096 af, Depth= 4.23"

A	rea (sf)	CN	Description						
	2,075	98	Paved parking, HSG C						
	9,739	74	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG C				
	11,814	78	Weighted A	verage					
	9,739		82.44% Pervious Area						
	2,075	17.56% Impervious Area							
_									
Тс	Length	Slope		Capacity	Description				
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft) (ft/sec)	(cfs)					
6.0					Direct Entry,				
					-				

Summary for Subcatchment 30S: To L-245

Runoff = 2.21 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.157 af, Depth= 3.91"

Ar	rea (sf)	CN	Description						
	2,150	98	Paved park	ing, HSG C	C				
	13,326	74	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG C				
	5,532	70	Woods, Go	od, HSG C					
	21,008 75 Weighted Average								
	18,858 89.77% Pervious Area				а				
	2,150		10.23% Imp	pervious Are	rea				
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft	,	Capacity (cfs)	•				
6.0					Direct Entry,				

Summary for Subcatchment 31S: To L-237-239

Runoff = 6.09 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.433 af, Depth= 4.12"

Ar	rea (sf)	CN	Description						
	1,512	98	Roofs, HSG C						
	7,409	98	Paved park	ing, HSG C	C				
:	32,077	74	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	bood, HSG C				
	13,942	70	Woods, Go	od, HSG C					
	54,940	77	Weighted A	verage					
4	46,019		83.76% Per	vious Area	а				
	8,921		16.24% Imp	pervious Ar	rea				
Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description				
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)		(cfs)	•				
	(1001)		(10000)	(013)					
6.0					Direct Entry,				

Summary for Subcatchment 32S: To L-243-244

Runoff = 5.08 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.361 af, Depth= 4.02"

Area	a (sf)	CN [Description						
3	3,024	98 F	Roofs, HSC	G C					
2	2,940	98 F	Paved park	ing, HSG C	,				
29	9,096	74 >	>75% Ġras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG C				
11	l,950	70 \	Noods, Go	od, HSG C					
47	7,010	76 Weighted Average							
41	41,046 87.31% Pervious Area								
5	5,964		12.69% Imp	ervious Ar	ea				
T 1				0	Description				
	ength	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description				
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)					
6.0					Direct Entry,				

Summary for Subcatchment 33S: To Hitchcock

Runoff = 0.13 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.009 af, Depth= 3.81"

A	rea (sf)	CN [CN Description						
	1,263	74 >75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C							
	1,263	100.00% Pervious Area							
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description				
6.0					Direct Entry,				

Summary for Subcatchment 34S: Water Surface

Runoff = 0.27 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 0.022 af, Depth= 6.49"

Are	ea (sf)	CN Description						
	1,760	98 Water Surface, HSG C						
	1,760		100.00% In	vrea				
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description			
6.0					Direct Entry,			

Summary for Subcatchment 35S: Water Surface

Runoff = 0.03 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 0.003 af, Depth= 6.49"

Area (sf) CN	Description				
2	09 98	98 Water Surface, HSG C				
2	09	100.00% In	npervious A	Area		
Tc Len (min) (fe	0	ppe Velocity :/ft) (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description		
6.0				Direct Entry,		

Summary for Subcatchment 36S: To Hitchcock

Runoff = 41.12 cfs @ 12.40 hrs, Volume= 5.020 af, Depth= 3.40"

A	rea (sf)	CN [Description			
	1,512	98 F	Roofs, HSC	G C		
	9,320	74 >	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C			
7	762,039	70 \	Woods, Good, HSG C			
7	72,871	70 \	Veighted A	verage		
7	71,359	ę	9.80% Per	vious Area		
	1,512	().20% Impe	ervious Area	а	
-		~		o	D	
Tc	Length	Slope		Capacity	Description	
<u>(min)</u>	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)		
27.9	1,683	0.0530	1.00		Lag/CN Method,	
	,				0	

Summary for Subcatchment 37S: Water Surface

Runoff = 0.18 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 0.015 af, Depth= 6.49"

A	rea (sf)	CN	Description				
	1,204	98	98 Water Surface, HSG C				
	1,204		100.00% In	npervious A	Area		
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description		
6.0					Direct Entry,		

Summary for Subcatchment 38S: Water Surface

Runoff = 0.22 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 0.018 af, Depth= 6.49"

A	rea (sf)	CN [Description			
	1,439	98 Water Surface, HSG C				
	1,439		100.00% In	npervious A	Area	
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description	
6.0					Direct Entry,	

Summary for Subcatchment 39S: Water Surface

Runoff = 0.11 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 0.009 af, Depth= 6.49"

Area (sf)	CN	Description				
740	98	98 Water Surface, HSG C				
740		100.00% In	npervious A	vrea		
Tc Length (min) (feet)	Slop (ft/f		Capacity (cfs)	Description		
6.0				Direct Entry,		

Summary for Reach 2R: Wetland

Inflow Are	a =	117.255 ac,	2.67% Impervious, Infle	ow Depth = 3.54"	for 100-Year event
Inflow	=	128.47 cfs @	12.51 hrs, Volume=	34.595 af	
Outflow	=	128.47 cfs @	12.51 hrs, Volume=	34.595 af, Atte	en= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Summary for Reach 5R: Intermittent Stream

 Inflow Area =
 84.075 ac,
 2.18% Impervious, Inflow Depth =
 3.52" for 100-Year event

 Inflow =
 100.92 cfs @
 13.15 hrs, Volume=
 24.694 af

 Outflow =
 100.88 cfs @
 13.16 hrs, Volume=
 24.694 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.5 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Max. Velocity= 9.68 fps, Min. Travel Time= 0.7 min Avg. Velocity = 4.04 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 1.6 min

Peak Storage= 4,104 cf @ 13.16 hrs Average Depth at Peak Storage= 0.68' Bank-Full Depth= 1.50' Flow Area= 41.3 sf, Capacity= 638.10 cfs

5.00' x 1.50' deep channel, n= 0.025 Earth, clean & winding Side Slope Z-value= 15.0 '/' Top Width= 50.00' Length= 394.0' Slope= 0.0878 '/' Inlet Invert= 995.58', Outlet Invert= 961.00'

‡

Summary for Reach 16R: Wetland

 Inflow Area =
 7.392 ac,
 7.31% Impervious, Inflow Depth =
 3.72" for 100-Year event

 Inflow =
 22.35 cfs @
 12.27 hrs, Volume=
 2.293 af

 Outflow =
 21.21 cfs @
 12.34 hrs, Volume=
 2.293 af, Atten= 5%, Lag= 4.2 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Max. Velocity= 1.39 fps, Min. Travel Time= 6.1 min Avg. Velocity = 0.36 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 23.6 min

Peak Storage= 7,708 cf @ 12.34 hrs Average Depth at Peak Storage= 0.59' Bank-Full Depth= 1.00' Flow Area= 33.3 sf, Capacity= 65.53 cfs

50.00' x 1.00' deep Parabolic Channel, n= 0.100 Very weedy reaches w/pools Length= 505.0' Slope= 0.0301 '/' Inlet Invert= 1,014.90', Outlet Invert= 999.70'

±

Summary for Reach 18R: Stream

 Inflow Area =
 2.346 ac, 12.54% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 3.79" for 100-Year event

 Inflow =
 9.63 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume=
 0.741 af

 Outflow =
 9.47 cfs @ 12.15 hrs, Volume=
 0.741 af, Atten= 2%, Lag= 1.1 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Max. Velocity= 2.15 fps, Min. Travel Time= 1.5 min Avg. Velocity = 0.68 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 4.8 min

Peak Storage= 860 cf @ 12.15 hrs Average Depth at Peak Storage= 0.48' Bank-Full Depth= 1.00' Flow Area= 13.3 sf, Capacity= 46.68 cfs

20.00' x 1.00' deep Parabolic Channel, n= 0.040 Mountain streams Length= 195.0' Slope= 0.0154 '/' Inlet Invert= 1,006.00', Outlet Invert= 1,003.00'

±

Summary for Reach 19R: Stream

 Inflow Area =
 0.556 ac, 24.15% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 4.27" for 100-Year event

 Inflow =
 2.80 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume=
 0.198 af

 Outflow =
 2.58 cfs @ 12.14 hrs, Volume=
 0.198 af, Atten= 8%, Lag= 2.1 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Max. Velocity= 2.04 fps, Min. Travel Time= 3.3 min Avg. Velocity = 0.54 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 12.6 min

Peak Storage= 515 cf @ 12.14 hrs Average Depth at Peak Storage= 0.21' Bank-Full Depth= 1.00' Flow Area= 13.3 sf, Capacity= 77.01 cfs

20.00' x 1.00' deep Parabolic Channel, n= 0.040 Mountain streams Length= 406.0' Slope= 0.0419 '/' Inlet Invert= 1,020.00', Outlet Invert= 1,003.00'

±

Summary for Reach 20R: Stream

 Inflow Area =
 1.654 ac, 0.22% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 3.50" for 100-Year event

 Inflow =
 6.36 cfs @ 12.12 hrs, Volume=
 0.482 af

 Outflow =
 6.25 cfs @ 12.14 hrs, Volume=
 0.482 af, Atten= 2%, Lag= 1.3 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Max. Velocity= 3.38 fps, Min. Travel Time= 1.8 min Avg. Velocity = 1.16 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 5.2 min

Peak Storage= 670 cf @ 12.14 hrs Average Depth at Peak Storage= 0.25' Bank-Full Depth= 1.50' Flow Area= 28.0 sf, Capacity= 314.84 cfs

28.00' x 1.50' deep Parabolic Channel, n= 0.040 Mountain streams Length= 362.0' Slope= 0.0925 '/' Inlet Invert= 999.50', Outlet Invert= 966.00'

±

Summary for Reach 21R: Stream

Inflow Area = 3.735 ac, 16.97% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 3.92" for 100-Year event Inflow = 15.08 cfs @ 12.17 hrs, Volume= 1.221 af Outflow = 14.68 cfs @ 12.19 hrs, Volume= 1.221 af, Atten= 3%, Lag= 1.5 min Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Max. Velocity= 3.42 fps, Min. Travel Time= 2.0 min

Avg. Velocity = 0.85 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 7.9 min

Peak Storage= 1,717 cf @ 12.19 hrs Average Depth at Peak Storage= 0.47' Bank-Full Depth= 1.00' Flow Area= 13.3 sf, Capacity= 75.27 cfs

20.00' x 1.00' deep Parabolic Channel, n= 0.040 Mountain streams Length= 400.0' Slope= 0.0400 '/' Inlet Invert= 984.00', Outlet Invert= 968.00'

±

Summary for Reach 22R: Stream

 Inflow Area =
 2.902 ac, 14.76% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 3.88" for 100-Year event

 Inflow =
 12.03 cfs @ 12.15 hrs, Volume=
 0.938 af

 Outflow =
 11.89 cfs @ 12.17 hrs, Volume=
 0.938 af, Atten= 1%, Lag= 0.9 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Max. Velocity= 3.79 fps, Min. Travel Time= 1.3 min Avg. Velocity = 0.94 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 5.2 min

Peak Storage= 915 cf @ 12.17 hrs Average Depth at Peak Storage= 0.38' Bank-Full Depth= 1.00' Flow Area= 13.3 sf, Capacity= 96.00 cfs

20.00' x 1.00' deep Parabolic Channel, n= 0.040 Mountain streams Length= 292.0' Slope= 0.0651 '/' Inlet Invert= 1,003.00', Outlet Invert= 984.00'

±

Summary for Reach 31R: Swale-244

Bank-Full Depth= 1.00' Flow Area= 4.0 sf, Capacity= 6.87 cfs

2.00' x 1.00' deep channel, n= 0.150 Sheet flow over Short Grass Side Slope Z-value= 2.0 '/' Top Width= 6.00' Length= 350.0' Slope= 0.0571 '/' Inlet Invert= 1,008.00', Outlet Invert= 988.00'

Summary for Reach 34R: Hitchcock Rd (West)

Inflow Are	a =	0.552 ac, 16.27% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 3.91" for 100-Year event	
Inflow	=	2.55 cfs @ 12.11 hrs, Volume= 0.180 af	
Outflow	=	2.55 cfs $\overline{@}$ 12.11 hrs, Volume= 0.180 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min	

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Summary for Reach 35R: Hitchcock Rd (East)

Inflow Are	a =	17.743 ac,	0.20% Impervious,	Inflow Depth =	3.40"	for 100-Year event
Inflow	=	41.12 cfs @	12.40 hrs, Volume	= 5.020	af	
Outflow	=	41.12 cfs @	12.40 hrs, Volume	= 5.020	af, Atte	en= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Summary for Pond 4P: Doyle Ave Culvert

Inflow Area =	84.075 ac,	2.18% Impervious, Inflo	w Depth = 3.52"	for 100-Year event
Inflow =	101.03 cfs @	13.14 hrs, Volume=	24.694 af	
Outflow =	100.92 cfs @	13.15 hrs, Volume=	24.694 af, Atte	en= 0%, Lag= 0.6 min
Primary =	100.92 cfs @	13.15 hrs, Volume=	24.694 af	

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 999.57' @ 13.15 hrs Surf.Area= 11,628 sf Storage= 15,674 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 3.6 min calculated for 24.688 af (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 3.6 min (901.8 - 898.2)

Volume	Inve	ert Avail.Sto	rage Storage	Description		
#1	995.8	37,94	46 cf Custom	n Stage Data (Pr	Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc)	
Elevatio (fee		Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)		
995.8	35	0	0	0)	
997.0	00	1,119	643	643	3	
998.0	00	3,644	2,382	3,025	5	
999.0	00	9,570	6,607	9,632	2	
1,000.0	00	13,181	11,376	21,007	7	
1,001.0	00	20,697	16,939	37,946	3	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Device	es		
#1	Primary	995.85'	30.0" Round	d Culvert		
#2	Primary	999.00'	L= 30.0' CPP, projecting, no headwall, Ke= 0.900 Inlet / Outlet Invert= 995.85' / 995.58' S= 0.0090 '/' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.025 Corrugated metal, Flow Area= 4.91 sf		'/995.58' S= 0.0090 '/' Cc= 0.900 , Flow Area= 4.91 sf 2.62 (C= 3.28)	
Primary	Primary OutFlow Max=100.91 cfs @ 13.15 hrs HW=999.57' TW=996.26' (Dynamic Tailwater)					

-1=Culvert (Barrel Controls 28.11 cfs @ 5.73 fps)

2=Custom Weir/Orifice (Weir Controls 72.81 cfs @ 2.24 fps)

Summary for Pond 5P: L-6 Infil Basin

Inflow Area = Inflow = Outflow = Primary =	9.82 cfs @ 1: 9.63 cfs @ 1:	2.11 hrs, Volume	e= 0.741 af, Atten= 2%, Lag= 1.2 min		
Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 1,041.63' @ 12.13 hrs Surf.Area= 1,626 sf Storage= 1,572 cf					
Center-of-Mass d	Plug-Flow detention time= 22.0 min calculated for 0.740 af (98% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 9.4 min (831.9 - 822.4)				
Volume Inv	<u>ert Avail.Sto</u>	rage Storage D	escription		
#1 1,040.	00' 3,75	56 cf Custom S	Stage Data (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc)		
Elevation	Surf.Area	Inc.Store	Cum.Store		
(feet)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)		
/					
1,040.00	302	0	0		
1,042.00	1,926	2,228	2,228		
1,042.70	2,441	1,528	3,756		
Device Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices			
#1 Primary	#1 Primary 1,041.00' 6.0' long (Profile 6) Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir Head (feet) 0.49 0.98 1.48 Coef. (English) 3.12 3.41 3.59				
Primary OutFlow Max=9.62 cfs @ 12.13 hrs HW=1,041.63' TW=1,006.47' (Dynamic Tailwater)					

Primary OutFlow Max=9.62 cfs @ 12.13 hrs HW=1,041.63' TW=1,006.47' (Dynamic Tailwater) —1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 9.62 cfs @ 2.54 fps)

Summary for Pond 6P: L-6-1 Infil Basin

Inflow Area =	0.556 ac, 24.15% Impervious, Inflow I	Depth = 4.46" for 100-Year event
Inflow =	2.86 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume=	0.207 af
Outflow =	2.80 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume=	0.198 af, Atten= 2%, Lag= 1.0 min
Primary =	2.80 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume=	0.198 af

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 1,031.75' @ 12.10 hrs Surf.Area= 898 sf Storage= 817 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 51.9 min calculated for 0.198 af (96% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 26.9 min (833.1 - 806.1)

Volume	Inve	ert Avail.Sto	rage Storage	e Description	
#1	1,030.3	2,03	36 cf Custon	n Stage Data (Prisma	tic) Listed below (Recalc)
Elevatio (feet 1,030.3 1,032.0 1,032.8	t) O O	Surf.Area (sq-ft) 232 1,015 1,426	Inc.Store (cubic-feet) 0 1,060 976	Cum.Store (cubic-feet) 0 1,060 2,036	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Device	es	
#1	Primary	1,031.50'	Head (feet)	ofile 6) Broad-Crest 0.49 0.98 1.48 h) 3.12 3.41 3.59	ed Rectangular Weir
#2	Primary	1,031.20'		ifice/Grate C= 0.60	0
Drimory	Primary OutElow Max = 2.80 of $(2.10 \text{ brg} \text{ H})$ = 1.021.75' T/M=1.020.20' (Dynamic Tailwater)				

Primary OutFlow Max=2.80 cfs @ 12.10 hrs HW=1,031.75' TW=1,020.20' (Dynamic Tailwater) -1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 2.28 cfs @ 1.55 fps) -2=Orifice/Grate (Orifice Controls 0.51 cfs @ 2.62 fps)

Summary for Pond 7P: L-6-2 Infil Basin

Inflow Area =	0.834 ac, 24.64% Impervious, Inflo	w Depth = 4.26" for 100-Year event
Inflow =	3.40 cfs @ 12.15 hrs, Volume=	0.296 af
Outflow =	3.25 cfs @ 12.19 hrs, Volume=	0.282 af, Atten= 4%, Lag= 2.2 min
Primary =	3.25 cfs @ 12.19 hrs, Volume=	0.282 af

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 1,011.44' @ 12.19 hrs Surf.Area= 1,351 sf Storage= 2,109 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 57.6 min calculated for 0.282 af (95% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 31.7 min (846.7 - 815.0)

Volume	Inve	ert Avail.Sto	rage Storage	e Description		
#1	1,009.0)0' 3,84	44 cf Custor	n Stage Data (Prismatic) Listed belo	w (Recalc)	
Elevatio (fee 1,009.0 1,010.0	et) 00	Surf.Area (sq-ft) 427 755	Inc.Store (cubic-feet) 0 591	Cum.Store (cubic-feet) 0 591		
1,010.0		755 1,582	2,337	2.928		
1,012.5	50	2,080	916	3,844		
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devic	es		
#1	Primary	1,011.20'	Head (feet)	rofile 6) Broad-Crested Rectangular 0.49 0.98 1.48 sh) 3.12 3.41 3.59	'Weir	
#2	Primary	1,010.00'	(U	ifice/Grate C= 0.600		
Primary	Primary OutFlow Max=3.25 cfs @ 12.19 hrs HW=1.011.44' TW=984.47' (Dynamic Tailwater)					

Primary OutFlow Max=3.25 cfs @ 12.19 hrs HW=1,011.44' TW=984.47' (Dynamic Tailwater) -1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 2.22 cfs @ 1.53 fps) -2=Orifice/Grate (Orifice Controls 1.03 cfs @ 5.26 fps)

Summary for Pond 8P: L-6-3 Infil Basin

Inflow Area =	0.577 ac, 30.58% Impervious, Inflow	Depth = 4.50" for 100-Year event
Inflow =	2.82 cfs @ 12.11 hrs, Volume=	0.216 af
Outflow =	2.62 cfs @ 12.14 hrs, Volume=	0.205 af, Atten= 7%, Lag= 2.2 min
Primary =	2.62 cfs @ 12.14 hrs, Volume=	0.205 af

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 993.70' @ 12.14 hrs Surf.Area= 1,258 sf Storage= 1,608 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 61.2 min calculated for 0.205 af (95% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 32.5 min (838.4 - 806.0)

Volume	Inve	ert Avail.Sto	rage Storage l	Storage Description			
#1	991.0	0' 3,16	65 cf Custom	Stage Data (Prisma	tic) Listed below (Recalc)		
Elevatio (fee 991.0 992.0 994.0	et) 00 00 00	Surf.Area (sq-ft) 162 338 1,419	Inc.Store (cubic-feet) 0 250 1,757	Cum.Store (cubic-feet) 0 250 2,007			
994.7	0	1,890	1,158	3,165			
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices	6			
#1	Primary	993.50'	Head (feet) 0. Coef. (English	49 0.98 1.48) 3.12 3.41 3.59	ed Rectangular Weir		
#2	Primary	992.50'	6.0" Vert. Orif	ice/Grate C= 0.60	0		
Drimary	OutFlow	Max-2 62 cfc (@ 12.14 bre ∐V	V-003 70' TW-0 00) (Dynamic Tailwater)		

Primary OutFlow Max=2.62 cfs @ 12.14 hrs HW=993.70' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater) -1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 1.70 cfs @ 1.40 fps) -2=Orifice/Grate (Orifice Controls 0.92 cfs @ 4.70 fps)

Summary for Pond 9P: Infiltrators

Inflow Area =	0.237 ac, 32.33% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 4.34" for 100-Year event
Inflow =	1.20 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.085 af
Outflow =	0.99 cfs @ 12.14 hrs, Volume= 0.084 af, Atten= 17%, Lag= 3.2 min
Primary =	0.99 cfs @ 12.14 hrs, Volume= 0.084 af

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 1,016.60' @ 12.14 hrs Surf.Area= 317 sf Storage= 266 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 19.6 min calculated for 0.084 af (98% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 8.6 min (820.6 - 812.0)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	1,015.20'	173 cf	8.17'W x 38.80'L x 1.83'H Field A
			581 cf Overall - 147 cf Embedded = 434 cf x 40.0% Voids
#2A	1,015.20'	147 cf	ADS_StormTech SC-310 +Cap x 10 Inside #1
			Effective Size= 28.9"W x 16.0"H => 2.07 sf x 7.12'L = 14.7 cf
			Overall Size= 34.0"W x 16.0"H x 7.56'L with 0.44' Overlap
			10 Chambers in 2 Rows
		321 cf	Total Available Storage

Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices		
#1	Primary	1,015.50'	6.0" Horiz. Orifice/Grate	C= 0.600	Limited to weir flow at low heads
Primary	OutFlow	Max=0.99 cfs @	2 12.14 hrs HW=1,016.60	TW=1,015.	38' (Dynamic Tailwater)

1=Orifice/Grate (Orifice Controls 0.99 cfs @ 5.04 fps)

Pond 9P: Infiltrators - Chamber Wizard Field A

Chamber Model = ADS_StormTech SC-310 +Cap (ADS StormTech® SC-310 with cap length) Effective Size= 28.9"W x 16.0"H => 2.07 sf x 7.12'L = 14.7 cf Overall Size= 34.0"W x 16.0"H x 7.56'L with 0.44' Overlap

34.0" Wide + 6.0" Spacing = 40.0" C-C Row Spacing

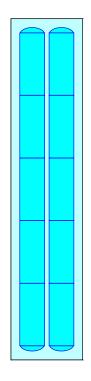
5 Chambers/Row x 7.12' Long +0.60' Cap Length x 2 = 36.80' Row Length +12.0" End Stone x 2 = 38.80' Base Length 2 Rows x 34.0" Wide + 6.0" Spacing x 1 + 12.0" Side Stone x 2 = 8.17' Base Width 16.0" Chamber Height + 6.0" Cover = 1.83' Field Height

10 Chambers x 14.7 cf = 147.4 cf Chamber Storage

580.9 cf Field - 147.4 cf Chambers = 433.5 cf Stone x 40.0% Voids = 173.4 cf Stone Storage

Chamber Storage + Stone Storage = 320.8 cf = 0.007 afOverall Storage Efficiency = 55.2%Overall System Size = $38.80' \times 8.17' \times 1.83'$

10 Chambers 21.5 cy Field 16.1 cy Stone





Summary for Pond 10P: L-14-1 Infil Basin

Inflow Area =	3.445 ac,	9.93% Impervious, I	nflow Depth = 3.82"	for 100-Year event
Inflow =	11.28 cfs @	12.22 hrs, Volume=	1.097 af	
Outflow =	11.27 cfs @	12.23 hrs, Volume=	1.086 af, Atte	en= 0%, Lag= 0.3 min
Primary =	11.27 cfs @	12.23 hrs, Volume=	1.086 af	

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 1,029.71' @ 12.23 hrs Surf.Area= 622 sf Storage= 792 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 10.4 min calculated for 1.086 af (99% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 4.0 min (836.4 - 832.4)

Volume	Inv	ert Avail.Sto	orage Sto	rage Description	
#1	1,027.	50' 1,3	67 cf Cus	stom Stage Data (P	rismatic) Listed below (Recalc)
Elevatio (fee 1,027.5 1,028.0 1,030.0 1,030.5	t) 0 0 0	Surf.Area (sq-ft) 132 207 693 836		t) (cubic-feet) 0 0 5 85 0 985	
Device #1	Routing Primary	Invert 1,029.20'	10.0' lon Head (fe		-Crested Rectangular Weir .59

Primary OutFlow Max=11.27 cfs @ 12.23 hrs HW=1,029.71' TW=1,016.99' (Dynamic Tailwater) **1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir** (Weir Controls 11.27 cfs @ 2.23 fps)

Summary for Pond 15P: Rain Garden

Inflow Area =	0.189 ac, 44.07% Impervious, Inflow	Depth = 5.00" for 100-Year event
Inflow =	1.07 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume=	0.079 af
Outflow =	1.04 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume=	0.066 af, Atten= 2%, Lag= 1.1 min
Primary =	1.04 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume=	0.066 af

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 1,020.11' @ 12.10 hrs Surf.Area= 1,401 sf Storage= 641 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 109.3 min calculated for 0.066 af (84% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 42.7 min (834.5 - 791.8)

Volume	Inve	ert Avail.S	torage	Storage	e Description	
#1	1,017.6	60'	283 cf			ismatic) Listed below (Recalc)
			- 10 1	-	Overall x 30.0%	
#2	1,019.6	50 [.]	549 cf	Custor	n Stage Data (Pr	ismatic) Listed below (Recalc)
			832 cf	Total A	vailable Storage	
Elevation		Surf.Area	Inc	.Store	Cum.Store	
(feet)		(sq-ft)	(cubio	c-feet)	(cubic-feet)	
1,017.60		472		0	0	
1,019.60		472		944	944	
·						
Elevation		Surf.Area	Inc	.Store	Cum.Store	
(feet)		(sq-ft)	(cubio	c-feet)	(cubic-feet)	
1,019.60		472		0	0	
1,020.30		1,097		549	549	
,		,				
Device F	Routing	Invei	t Outle	et Devic	es	
#1 F	Primary	1,020.00)' 9.0'	long (P	rofile 6) Broad-C	crested Rectangular Weir
	,				0.49 0.98 1.48	
				· · ·	sh) 3.12 3.41 3.	59
				、 U	,	

Summary for Pond 17P: Driveway Culvert

Inflow Area	ı =	6.966 ac,	5.46% Impervious, In	flow Depth = 3.69"	for 100-Year event
Inflow	=	22.24 cfs @	12.22 hrs, Volume=	2.142 af	
Outflow	=	21.12 cfs @	12.28 hrs, Volume=	2.142 af, Atte	en= 5%, Lag= 3.2 min
Primary	=	21.12 cfs @	12.28 hrs, Volume=	2.142 af	-

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 1,017.05' @ 12.28 hrs Surf.Area= 2,593 sf Storage= 1,757 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 0.7 min calculated for 2.142 af (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 0.7 min (837.6 - 836.9)

Volume	Inv	ert Avail.Sto	orage Storage	Description	
#1	1,015.	20' 5,7	97 cf Custom	n Stage Data (Pr	ismatic) Listed below (Recalc)
Flovetic		Surf Area	Ina Stara	Cum Store	
Elevatio		Surf.Area	Inc.Store	Cum.Store	
(fee	et)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)	
1,015.2	20	10	0	0	
1,016.0	00	528	215	215	
1,016.5	50	1,364	473	688	
1,017.0	00	2,424	947	1,635	
1,018.0	00	5,900	4,162	5,797	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Device	s	
#1	Primary	1,015.20'	18.0" Round	Culvert X 3.00	
	•		L= 24.0' CPI	P, projecting, no	headwall, Ke= 0.900
					'/1,014.90' S= 0.0125 '/' Cc= 0.900
					or, Flow Area= 1.77 sf
#2	Primary	1,017.20'		,	Crested Rectangular Weir
π2	1 minary	1,017.20).49 0.98 1.48	orested Nectangular Wen
					50
			Coel. (Englisi	h) 3.12 3.41 3.	.09

Primary OutFlow Max=21.12 cfs @ 12.28 hrs HW=1,017.05' TW=1,015.48' (Dynamic Tailwater) **1=Culvert** (Inlet Controls 21.12 cfs @ 3.98 fps)

-2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Summary for Pond 18P: Driveway Culverts

Inflow Area =	1.654 ac,	0.22% Impervious, Inflow D	epth = 3.50" for 100-Year event
Inflow =	6.78 cfs @	12.09 hrs, Volume=	0.482 af
Outflow =	6.36 cfs @	12.12 hrs, Volume=	0.482 af, Atten= 6%, Lag= 1.8 min
Primary =	6.36 cfs @	12.12 hrs, Volume=	0.482 af

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 1,001.00' @ 12.12 hrs Surf.Area= 944 sf Storage= 479 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 0.9 min calculated for 0.482 af (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 0.9 min (831.4 - 830.4)

Volume	Inve	ert Avail.Sto	rage Storage	e Description		
#1	1,000.0	00' 12,6 ⁻	12 cf Custon	n Stage Data (Pris	smatic) Listed below (Re	ecalc)
Elevatio	an	Surf.Area	Inc.Store	Cum.Store		
fee		(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)		
1,000.0	1	10	0	0		
1,002.0	00	1,870	1,880	1,880		
1,003.0	00	4,737	3,304	5,184		
1,004.0	00	10,120	7,429	12,612		
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Device	es		
#1	Primary	1,000.00'	12.0" Round	d Culvert X 3.00		
#2	Primary	1,003.00'	Inlet / Outlet n= 0.010, Fl 60.0' long (F Head (feet)	Invert= 1,000.00' ow Area= 0.79 sf	headwall, Ke= 0.900 / 999.50' S= 0.0200 '/' Crested Rectangular We	

Primary OutFlow Max=6.36 cfs @ 12.12 hrs HW=1,001.00' TW=999.74' (Dynamic Tailwater) -1=Culvert (Inlet Controls 6.36 cfs @ 2.70 fps) -2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Summary for Pond 19P: IB-247

Inflow Area =		0.163 ac, 3	31.81% Impe	rvious, Inflow De	epth = 4.56"	for 100-Year event		
Inflow	=	0.85 cfs @	12.09 hrs, \	Volume=	0.062 af			
Outflow	=	0.85 cfs @	12.10 hrs, \	Volume=	0.058 af, Atte	en= 1%, Lag= 0.6 min		
Primary	=	0.85 cfs @	12.10 hrs, \	Volume=	0.058 af	-		
Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 991.34' @ 12.10 hrs Surf.Area= 334 sf Storage= 235 cf								
Plug-Flow detention time= 60.1 min calculated for 0.058 af (93% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 22.9 min(824.7-801.8)								

Volume	Inve	ert Avail.Sto	rage Stora	Storage Description				
#1	990.1	l0' 8	11 cf Custo	om Stage Data (Pr	ismatic) Listed below (Recalc)			
Elevation (feet 990.10 992.00 992.50	t) 0 0	Surf.Area (sq-ft) 45 486 740	Inc.Store (cubic-feet) 0 504 307	Cum.Store (cubic-feet) 0 504 811				
Device	Routing Primary	Invert 991.20'	Outlet Dev	ices	rested Rectangular Weir			
	ŗ		Head (feet) 0.49 0.98 1.48 lish) 3.12 3.41 3.	-			

Primary OutFlow Max=0.84 cfs @ 12.10 hrs HW=991.34' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater) ☐ 1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 0.84 cfs @ 1.18 fps)

Summary for Pond 22P: IB-245

Inflow Are	a =	0.523 ac, 1	17.17% Impervious, Inflow D	epth = 4.11"	for 100-Year event				
Inflow	=	2.48 cfs @	12.09 hrs, Volume=	0.179 af					
Outflow	=	2.42 cfs @	12.11 hrs, Volume=	0.171 af, Atter	n= 2%, Lag= 1.1 min				
Primary	=	2.42 cfs @	12.11 hrs, Volume=	0.171 af					
Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 967.68' @ 12.11 hrs Surf.Area= 832 sf Storage= 832 cf									

Plug-Flow detention time= 52.6 min calculated for 0.171 af (95% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 26.5 min (838.3 - 811.9)

Volume	Inv	ert Avai	I.Storage	Storage Description	n			
#1	966.	10'	1,801 cf	Custom Stage Da	ta (Irregular) List	ed below (Recalc)		
Elevatio	et)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Perim. (feet)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	Wet.Area (sq-ft)		
966.′ 968.(-	274 983	80.0 163.0	0 1,125	0 1,125	274 1,896		
968.5		1,760	225.0	676	1,801	3,812		
Device #1	Routing Primary		.50' 5.0'			tangular Weir		
#2	Primary	967	Coe 2.00' 12.0 L= 2 Inlet	5.0' long (Profile 6) Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir Head (feet) 0.49 0.98 1.48 Coef. (English) 3.12 3.41 3.59 12.0" Round Culvert L= 25.0' CPP, projecting, no headwall, Ke= 0.900 Inlet / Outlet Invert= 967.00' / 966.10' S= 0.0360 '/' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.010, Flow Area= 0.79 sf				

Primary OutFlow Max=2.41 cfs @ 12.11 hrs HW=967.68' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater) -1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 1.16 cfs @ 1.31 fps) -2=Culvert (Inlet Controls 1.25 cfs @ 2.21 fps)

Summary for Pond 24P: IB-237

Inflow Area =	1.294 ac, 18.38% Impervious, Inflow D	epth = 4.18" for 100-Year event
Inflow =	6.30 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume=	0.451 af
Outflow =	6.22 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume=	0.430 af, Atten= 1%, Lag= 0.8 min
Primary =	6.22 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume=	0.430 af

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 1,007.74' @ 12.10 hrs Surf.Area= 890 sf Storage= 1,340 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 40.7 min calculated for 0.430 af (95% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 15.0 min (828.8 - 813.8)

Volume	Inve	ert Avai	I.Storage	Storage Description	on		
#1	1,005.0	00'	2,825 cf	Custom Stage Da	ata (Irregular) List	ed below (Recalc)	1
Elevatior (feet	-	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Perim. (feet)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	Wet.Area (sq-ft)	
1,005.00)	164	61.0	0	0	164	
1,006.00)	382	82.0	265	265	413	
1,008.00)	985	119.0	1,320	1,586	1,038	
1,009.00)	1,513	145.0	1,240	2,825	1,600	
	<u>Routing</u> Primary	<u>In</u> 1,007	.20' 5.0' Hea	et Devices Iong (Profile 6) Br d (feet) 0.49 0.98 f. (English) 3.12 3	1.48	tangular Weir	

Primary OutFlow Max=6.21 cfs @ 12.10 hrs HW=1,007.74' TW=998.69' (Dynamic Tailwater) ☐ 1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 6.21 cfs @ 2.31 fps)

Summary for Pond 26P: IB-244

Inflow Area	a =	1.107 ac, 14.87% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 4.08" for 100-Year event
Inflow	=	5.26 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.376 af
Outflow	=	5.20 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume= 0.362 af, Atten= 1%, Lag= 0.8 min
Primary	=	5.20 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume= 0.362 af

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 987.98' @ 12.10 hrs Surf.Area= 738 sf Storage= 925 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 33.5 min calculated for 0.362 af (96% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 12.5 min (828.6 - 816.1)

Volume	In	vert Ava	il.Storage	Storage Descripti	on		
#1	986	.00'	1,904 cf	Custom Stage D	ata (Irregular) List	ed below (Recalc)
Elevatio (fee		Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Perim. (feet)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	Wet.Area (sq-ft)	
986.0	00	241	65.0	0	0	241	
988.0	00	744	103.0	939	939	776	
989.0	00	1,204	128.0	965	1,904	1,250	
Device #1	Routing Primary	,	7.50' 5.0' Hea	Outlet Devices 5.0' long (Profile 6) Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir Head (feet) 0.49 0.98 1.48 Coef. (English) 3.12 3.41 3.59			
			000				

Primary OutFlow Max=5.20 cfs @ 12.10 hrs HW=987.98' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater) ☐ 1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 5.20 cfs @ 2.16 fps)

Summary for Pond 29P: Infiltrators-2

Inflow Area =	0.276 ac, 19.00% Impervious, Inflow D	Depth = 4.27" for 100-Year event
Inflow =	1.37 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume=	0.098 af
Outflow =	1.37 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume=	0.093 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min
Primary =	1.37 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume=	0.093 af

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 982.06' @ 12.09 hrs Surf.Area= 209 sf Storage= 248 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 46.2 min calculated for 0.093 af (94% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 15.1 min (827.6 - 812.5)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	979.67'	159 cf	8.50'W x 24.56'L x 2.33'H Field A
			487 cf Overall - 88 cf Embedded = 399 cf x 40.0% Voids
#2A	980.17'	88 cf	ADS_StormTech SC-310 +Cap x 6 Inside #1
			Effective Size= 28.9"W x 16.0"H => 2.07 sf x 7.12L = 14.7 cf
			Overall Size= 34.0"W x 16.0"H x 7.56'L with 0.44' Overlap
			6 Chambers in 2 Rows
		248 cf	Total Available Storage

Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	981.99'	25.0' long (Profile 6) Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir Head (feet) 0.49 0.98 1.48 Coef. (English) 3.12 3.41 3.59

Pond 29P: Infiltrators-2 - Chamber Wizard Field A

Chamber Model = ADS_StormTech SC-310 +Cap (ADS StormTech® SC-310 with cap length) Effective Size= 28.9"W x 16.0"H => 2.07 sf x 7.12'L = 14.7 cf Overall Size= 34.0"W x 16.0"H x 7.56'L with 0.44' Overlap

34.0" Wide + 10.0" Spacing = 44.0" C-C Row Spacing

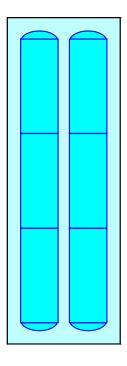
3 Chambers/Row x 7.12' Long +0.60' Cap Length x 2 = 22.56' Row Length +12.0" End Stone x 2 = 24.56' Base Length 2 Rows x 34.0" Wide + 10.0" Spacing x 1 + 12.0" Side Stone x 2 = 8.50' Base Width 6.0" Base + 16.0" Chamber Height + 6.0" Cover = 2.33' Field Height

6 Chambers x 14.7 cf = 88.5 cf Chamber Storage

487.1 cf Field - 88.5 cf Chambers = 398.7 cf Stone x 40.0% Voids = 159.5 cf Stone Storage

Chamber Storage + Stone Storage = 247.9 cf = 0.006 af Overall Storage Efficiency = 50.9% Overall System Size = 24.56' x 8.50' x 2.33'

6 Chambers 18.0 cy Field 14.8 cy Stone





Doyle Avenue A-N-R Residential Development

Maintenance Agreement

The Doyle Avenue A-N-R Residential Development is proposed with a stormwater system designed to treat & retain stormwater to minimize the impact of the development on the surrounding wetlands. These stormwater features must be maintained per the Operation and Maintenance plan submitted with the Stormwater Application. This maintenance is to be the sole responsibility of the owner of the property, and that responsibility is to be transferred with the sale of the property. Examples of maintenance and estimated costs are listed below (but are not limited to):

Removal of sediment from forebays/basins	\$500-\$1000/yr
Erosion repair/Rip-Rap replacement	\$500-\$1000/yr
Catch Basin Cleaning	\$250-\$500/yr
Total Cost:	\$1,250-\$2,500/yr

By signing this document, I certify that I am the owner of the property and agree to maintain the stormwater management system on my property and am aware of the estimated costs to do so. I will uphold the integrity of the system until the property is transferred to another entity who will then bear the responsibility of maintaining the stormwater management system.

Print Name

Signature

Table 1 Minimum Cover Requirements for ADS N-12[®], N-12 ST, and N-12 WT (per AASHTO) with AASHTO H-20, H-25, or HL-93 Load

Inside Diameter, ID, in.(mm)	Minimum Cover ft. (m)	Inside Diameter, ID, in.(mm)	Minimum Cover ft. (m)
4 (100)	1 (0.3)	24 (600)	1 (0.3)
6 (150)	1 (0.3)	30 (750)	1 (0.3)
8 (200)	1 (0.3)	36 (900)	1 (0.3)
10 (250)	1 (0.3)	42 (1050)	1 (0.3)
12 (300)	1 (0.3)	48 (1200)	1 (0.3)
15 (375)	1 (0.3)	54 (1350)	2 (0.6)
18 (450)	1 (0.3)	60 (1500)	2 (0.6)

Notes for Table 1:

1. Minimum covers presented here were calculated assuming Class III backfill material to 95% standard Proctor density or Class II backfill material to 90% standard Proctor density around the pipe and structural backfill to the crown of the pipe, as recommended in Section 5 of the Drainage Handbook, with an additional layer of compacted traffic lane sub-base for a total cover as required. In shallow traffic installations, especially where pavement is involved, a good quality compacted material to grade is required to prevent surface rutting.

2. The minimum covers specified do not include pavement thickness. A pavement section of 0.4' is typical.

- 3. Backfill materials and compaction levels not shown in the table may also be acceptable. Contact ADS for further detail.
- 4. Calculations assume no hydrostatic pressure and native soils that are as strong as the specified minimum backfill recommendations.

Maximum Cover

Wall thrust generally governs the maximum cover a pipe can withstand and conservative maximum cover heights will result when using the information presented in the *Structures* section (Section 2) of the Drainage Handbook.

The maximum burial depth is highly influenced by the type of backfill and level of compaction around the pipe. General maximum cover limits for ADS N-12, N-12 ST, N-12 WT pipe, (ASTM F2306 and AASTHO M252/M294 Type S pipes) are shown in Table 3 for a variety of backfill conditions.

Table 3 was developed assuming pipe is installed in accordance with ASTM D2321 and the *Installation* section (Section 5) of the Drainage Handbook. Additionally, the calculations assume zero hydrostatic load, incorporate the maximum safety factors represented in Structures section of the Drainage Handbook, use material properties consistent with the expected performance characteristics for N-12 (per ASTM F2306) materials as shown in Table 2 below, and assume the native soil is of adequate strength and is suitable for installation. For applications requiring fill heights greater than those shown in Table 3 or where hydrostatic pressure due to groundwater is present, contact an ADS engineering representative.

STORMWATER OPERATION & MAINTENANCE MANUAL For The Doyle Ave A-N-R Residential Developemnt Map-8 Lots-6, 14, 235-247 Doyle Avenue; Winchendon, MA 01475 Owner: Asher Construction, LLC Owner Address: 77 Nashua Road; Sharon, NH 03458 Phone: 603-562-5181

This following manual outlines the inspection and maintenance requirements associated with stormwater management elements at the site. The owner, Asher Construction, LLC, shall provide the required construction controls as well as the inspections, operations and long-term maintenance for the term of his ownership. Any successor in title to the property shall also be bound by the requirements as described herein (within the confines of said successor's property) and/or as specified by the Town of Winchendon Planning Board and/or the Conservation Commission.

The Owner/operator shall review and be responsible for any requirements contained in the Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP), and compliant with NPDES General Permit Conditions.

The site stormwater practices are enumerated below. Inspection and maintenance sheets are provided for each location. Refer to the BMP ID Plan for the location of the site Stormwater Management System.

An annual report shall be submitted to the DPW to ensure the town is kept up to date on inspection and maintenance procedures conducted at the site in any given year.

- A- Conveyance Swales
- **B- Sediment Forebay**
- **C- Infiltration Basins**
- **D- Infiltrator Chamber Bed**
- E- Outlet Protection
- F- Culverts
- G- Catch Basin
- H- Silt-Fencing
- I- De-Icing Log
- J- Invasive Species
- K- Vegetated Filter Strip
- L- Rain Garden

A- Conveyance Swales

This site contains seven conveyance swales. These swales direct runoff from impervious areas to infiltration practices.

Maintenance requirements are on the following page.

Inspect all conveyance swales in one visit to the site, if work is required, refer to the BMP ID to identify which swale needs maintenance (S1-S7).

Date	Inspector	Notes

low velocities can act as sediment traps, add extra capacity to address sediment accumulation without reducing design capacity. Add an extra 0.3 to 0.5 feet of freeboard depth, if sediment accumulation is expected. Use side slopes of 3:1 or flatter to prevent side slope erosion. Make the longitudinal slope of the channel as flat as possible and not greater than 5%.

Install check dams in drainage channels when necessary to achieve velocities of 5 feet per second or less. See check dam section of this Handbook <<LINK>>. Do not use earthen check dams because they tend to erode on the downstream side, and it is difficult to establish and maintain grass on the dams. The maximum ponding time behind the check dam should not exceed 24 hours. Use outlet protection at discharge points from a drainage channel to prevent scour at the outlet.

The design for the drainage channel must include access for maintenance. When located along a highway, provide a breakdown lane with a width of 15 feet. When located along a street, off-street parking can be doubled up as the access, provided signs are posted indicating no parking is allowed during maintenance periods. When locating drainage channels adjacent to pervious surfaces, include a 15-foot wide grass strip to provide access for maintenance trucks.

Construction

Use temporary erosion and sediment controls during construction. Soil amendments, such as using aged compost that contains no biosolids, may be needed to encourage vegetation growth. Select a vegetation mix that suits the characteristics of the site. Seeding will require mulching with appropriate materials. such as mulch matting, straw, wood chips, other natural blankets, or synthetic blankets. Anchor blanket immediately after seeding. Provide new seedlings with adequate water until they are well established. Refer to the "Massachusetts Erosion and Sediment Control Guidelines for Urban and Suburban Areas: A Guide for Planners, Designers, and Municipal Officials" <<LINK>> on sediment/erosion control for information regarding seeding, mulching, and use of blankets.

Maintenance

The maintenance and inspection schedule should take into consideration the effectiveness of the drainage channel. Inspect drainage channels the first few months after construction to make sure that there is no rilling or gullying, and that vegetation in the channels is adequate. Thereafter, inspect the channel twice a year for slope integrity, soil moisture, vegetative health, soil stability, soil compaction, soil erosion, ponding, and sediment accumulation.

Regular maintenance tasks include mowing, fertilizing, liming, watering, pruning, weeding, and pest control. Mow channels at least once per year. Do not cut the grass shorter than three to four inches. Keep grass height under 6 inches to maintain the design depth necessary to serve as a conveyance. Do not mow excessively, because it may increase the design flow velocity.

Remove sediment and debris manually at least once per year. Re-seed periodically to maintain the dense growth of grass vegetation. Take care to protect drainage channels from snow removal procedures and off-street parking. When drainage channels are located on private residential property, the operation and maintenance plan must clearly specify the private property owner who is responsible for carrying out the required maintenance. If the operation and maintenance plan calls for maintenance of drainage channels on private properties to be performed by a public entity or an association (e.g. homeowners association), maintenance easements must be obtained.

B- Sediment Forebay

This site contains nine sediment forebays. These forebays pretreat stormwater prior to entry into the infiltration basins and must be maintained.

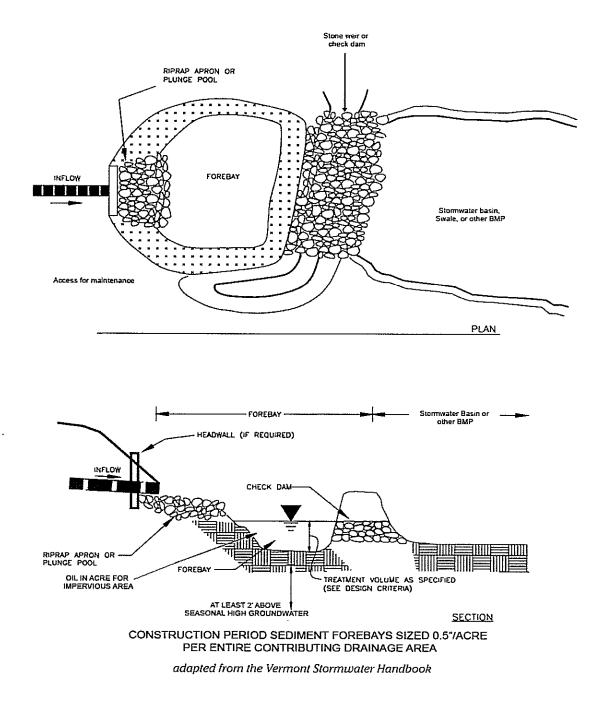
Maintenance requirements are on the following page.

Sediment Forebays shown on BMP ID Plan labeled FB1-FB9

Date	Inspector	Notes

Maintenance

Sediments and associated pollutants are removed only when sediment forebays are actually cleaned out, so regular maintenance is essential. Frequently removing accumulated sediments will make it less likely that sediments will be resuspended. At a minimum, inspect sediment forebays monthly and clean them out at least four times per year. Stabilize the floor and sidewalls of the sediment forebay before making it operational, otherwise the practice will discharge excess amounts of suspended sediments. When mowing grasses, keep the grass height no greater than 6 inches. Set mower blades no lower than 3 to 4 inches. Check for signs of rilling and gullying and repair as needed. After removing the sediment, replace any vegetation damaged during the clean-out by either reseeding or resodding. When reseeding, incorporate practices such as hydroseeding with a tackifier, blanket, or similar practice to ensure that no scour occurs in the forebay, while the seeds germinate and develop roots.



C – Infiltration Basin

This site contains ten infiltration basins which should be regularly

maintained. Maintenance requirements are on the following page.

The infiltration basin is shown on the BMP ID Plan labelled B1-B10

Date	Inspector	Notes
	<u> </u>	

the soils beneath the basin floor and side slopes and reduces infiltration capacity. Because some compaction of soils is inevitable during construction, add the required soil amendments and deeply till the basin floor with a rotary tiller or a disc harrow to a depth of 12 inches to restore infiltration rates after final grading.

Use proper erosion/sediment control during construction. Immediately following basin construction, stabilize the floor and side slopes of the basin with a dense turf of water-tolerant grass. Use low maintenance, rapidly germinating grasses, such as fescues. Do not sod the basin floor or side slopes. After the basin is completed, keep the basin roped or fenced off while construction proceeds on other parts of the site. Never direct construction period drainage to the infiltration basin. After construction is completed, do not direct runoff into the basin until the bottom and side slopes are fully stabilized.

Maintenance

Infiltration basins are prone to clogging and failure, so it is imperative to develop and implement aggressive maintenance plans and schedules. Installing the required pretreatment BMPs will significantly reduce maintenance requirements for the basin.

The Operation and Maintenance Plan required by Standard 9 must include inspections and preventive maintenance at least twice a year, and after every time drainage discharges through the high outlet orifice. The Plan must require inspecting the pretreatment BMPs in accordance with the minimal requirements specified for those practices and after every major storm event. A major storm event is defined as a storm that is equal to or greater than the 2-year, 24-hour storm (generally 2.9 to 3.6 inches in a 24-hour period, depending in geographic location in Massachusetts).

Once the basin is in use, inspect it after every major storm for the first few months to ensure it is stabilized and functioning properly and if necessary take corrective action. Note how long water remains standing in the basin after a storm; standing water within the basin 48 to 72 hours after a storm indicates that the infiltration capacity may have been overestimated. If the ponding is due to clogging, immediately address the reasons for the clogging (such as upland sediment erosion, excessive compaction of soils, or low spots). Thereafter, inspect the infiltration basin at least twice per year. Important items to check during the inspection include:

- · Signs of differential settlement,
- Cracking,
- Erosion,
- Leakage in the embankments
- Tree growth on the embankments
- Condition of riprap,
- · Sediment accumulation and
- The health of the turf.

At least twice a year, mow the buffer area, side slopes, and basin bottom. Remove grass clippings and accumulated organic matter to prevent an impervious organic mat from forming. Remove trash and debris at the same time. Use deep tilling to break up clogged surfaces, and revegetate immediately.

Remove sediment from the basin as necessary, but wait until the floor of the basin is thoroughly dry. Use light equipment to remove the top layer so as to not compact the underlying soil. Deeply till the remaining soil, and revegetate as soon as possible. Inspect and clean pretreatment devices associated with basins at least twice a year, and ideally every other month.

References:

Center for Watershed Protection, http://www. stormwatercenter.net/Manual_Builder/Construction%20 Specifications/Infiltration%20Trench%20Specifications. htm

Center for Watershed Protection, http://www. stormwatercenter.net/Manual_Builder/Performance%20 Criteria/Infiltration.htm

Center for Watershed Protection, Stormwater Management Fact Sheet, Infiltration Basin, http://www.stormwatercenter.net/Assorted%20Fact%20 Sheets/Tool6_Stormwater_Practices/Infiltration%20 Practice/Infiltration%20Basin.htm

Ferguson, B.K., 1994. Stormwater Infiltration. CRC Press, Ann Arbor, MI. or below the level of the adjacent grassed areas to ensure thorough drainage of these areas. When designing the channels, consider settlement of the lining and the adjacent areas, the potential for frost impacts on the lining and the potential for erosion or scour along the edges of the lining caused by bank-full velocities. Provide impervious linings with broken stone foundations and weep holes. Design the channel to maintain a low outflow discharge rate at the downstream end of the channel.

Use low-flow underdrains, connected to the principal outlet structure or other downstream discharge point, to promote thorough drying of the channel and the basin bottom. Consider the depth of the low flow channel when preparing the final bottom-grading plan.

Design dry detention basin side slopes to be no steeper than 3:1. Flatter slopes help to prevent erosion of the banks during larger storms, make routine bank maintenance tasks (such as mowing) easier, and allow access to the basin. Include a multi-stage outlet structure to provide an adequate level of water quality and flood control. To meet the water quantity control standards, use the required design storm runoff rates as outlet release rates.

Design the outlet to control the outflow rate without clogging. Locate the outlet structure in the embankment for maintenance, access, safety and aesthetics. Design the outlet to facilitate maintenance; the vital parts of the structures should be accessible during normal maintenance and emergency situations. Include a draw-down valve to allow the dry detention basin to completely drain within 24 hours. To prevent scour at the outlet, include a flow transition structure, such as a lined apron or plunge pad, to absorb the initial impact of the flow and reduce the velocity to a level that will not erode the receiving channel or area.

Design embankments and spillways in conformance with the state regulations for Dam Safety (302 CMR 10.00). All dry detention basins must have an emergency spillway capable of bypassing runoff from large storms without damaging the impounding structure. Provide an access for maintenance by public or private right-of-way, using a minimum width of 15 feet and a maximum slope of 5:1. This access should extend to the forebay, safety bench and outflow structure, and should never cross the emergency spillway, unless the spillway has been designed for that purpose. Use vegetative buffers around the perimeter of the basin for erosion control and additional sediment and nutrient removal.

Maintenance

It is critical to provide access for maintenance, especially to the interior of the basin. Inspect dry detention basins at least once per year to ensure that they are operating as intended. Inspect basins during and after storms to determine if the basin is meeting the expected detention times. Inspect the outlet structure for evidence of clogging or outflow release velocities that are greater than design flow. Potential problems that should be checked include: subsidence, erosion, cracking or tree growth on the embankment; damage to the emergency spillway; sediment accumulation around the outlet; inadequacy of the inlet/outlet channel erosion control measures; changes in the condition of the pilot channel; and erosion within the basin and banks. Make any necessary repairs immediately. During inspections, note changes to the detention basin or the contributing watershed because these changes could affect basin performance. Mow the side slopes, embankment, and emergency spillway at least twice per year. Remove trash and debris at this time. Remove sediment from the basin as necessary, and at least once every 10 years or when the basin is 50% full. Provide for an on-site sediment disposal area to reduce the overall sediment removal costs.

Resources:

MassHighway. Stormwater handbook for Highways and Bridges. May 2004.

T.R. Schueler. Center for Watershed Protection. Design of Stormwater Pond Systems. 1996.

D – Infiltrator Chamber Bed

This site contains one infiltrator chamber beds which should be regularly maintained.

Maintenance requirements consist of cleaning off the outlet grate cover to prevent blockage of overflow and undesirables from entering the infiltration system.

The infiltration chamber bed is shown on the BMP ID Plan labelled IC.

Date	Inspector	Notes

This site contains ten outlet protection areas, one on each of the basins. Each are crucial to the function of the basins, and must be maintained regularly.

Maintenance requirements are on the following page.

The outlet protection locations are at the outlets of the infiltration basins. All outlet protection locations should be inspected in one visit and if work is required, refer to the ID Plan to identify which outlet needs maintenance.

Date	Inspector	Notes
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F – Culverts

This site contains thirteen culverts which must be regularly inspected and maintained. Culverts must be inspected after every major rain event, and all debris must be cleared from the inlet/outlet of each culvert to ensure maximum flow through each culvert. Each culvert should be visually inspected for any structural damage, and should be repaired/replaced accordingly.

<u>The culvert locations are shown on the BMP ID plan and are labelled as C1-C13.</u> All culverts should be inspected during one visit, any maintenance done or needed on the culverts should be logged below with the correct BMP ID.

Date	Inspector	Notes

G – Catch Basin

This site contains one catch basin preceding the infiltration chamber bed and is to be regularly maintained.

Maintenance requirements are listed on the following sheet.

The catch basin precedes the infiltration chamber bed, shown on the BMP ID Plan as 'IC'.

Date	Inspector	Notes
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Maintenance

Activity	Frequency
Inspect units	Four times per year
Clean units	Four times per year or whenever the depth of deposits is greater than or equal to one half the depth from the bottom of the invert of the lowest pipe in the basin.

Maintenance

Regular maintenance is essential. Deep sump catch basins remain effective at removing pollutants only if they are cleaned out frequently. One study found that once 50% of the sump volume is filled, the catch basin is not able to retain additional sediments.

Inspect or clean deep sump basins at least four times per year and at the end of the foliage and snowremoval seasons. Sediments must also be removed four times per year or whenever the depth of deposits is greater than or equal to one half the depth from the bottom of the invert of the lowest pipe in the basin. If handling runoff from land uses with higher potential pollutant loads or discharging runoff near or to a critical area, more frequent cleaning may be necessary.

Clamshell buckets are typically used to remove sediment in Massachusetts. However, vacuum trucks are preferable, because they remove more trapped sediment and supernatant than clamshells. Vacuuming is also a speedier process and is less likely to snap the cast iron hood within the deep sump catch basin.

Always consider the safety of the staff cleaning deep sump catch basins. Cleaning a deep sump catch basin within a road with active traffic or even within a parking lot is dangerous, and a police detail may be necessary to safeguard workers.

Although catch basin debris often contains concentrations of oil and hazardous materials such as petroleum hydrocarbons and metals, MassDEP classifies them as solid waste. Unless there is evidence that they have been contaminated by a spill or other means, MassDEP does not routinely require catch basin cleanings to be tested before disposal. Contaminated catch basin cleanings must be evaluated in accordance with the Hazardous Waste Regulations, 310 CMR 30.000, and handled as hazardous waste. In the absence of evidence of contamination, catch basin cleanings may be taken to a landfill or other facility permitted by MassDEP to accept solid waste, without any prior approval by MassDEP. However, some landfills require catch basin cleanings to be tested before they are accepted.

With prior MassDEP approval, catch basin cleanings may be used as grading and shaping materials at landfills undergoing closure (see Revised Guidelines for Determining Closure Activities at Inactive Unlined Landfill Sites) or as daily cover at active landfills. MassDEP also encourages the beneficial reuse of catch basin cleanings whenever possible. A Beneficial Reuse Determination is required for such use.

MassDEP regulations prohibit landfills from accepting materials that contain free-draining liquids. One way to remove liquids is to use a hydraulic lift truck during cleaning operations so that the material can be decanted at the site. After loading material from several catch basins into a truck, elevate the truck so that any free-draining liquid can flow back into the structure. If there is no free water in the truck, the material may be deemed to be sufficiently dry. Otherwise the catch basin cleanings must undergo a Paint Filter Liquids Test. Go to www: Mass.gov/dep/ recycle/laws/cafacts.doc for information on all of the MassDEP requirements pertaining to the disposal of catch basin cleanings.

H – Silt Fencing

Below, log the inspection of all silt fencing on site, which surrounds the area of disturbance and prevents silt-laden runoff from escaping the site. It is important to be inspected and maintained regularly, with any deficiencies corrected immediately to prevent unnecessary erosion pollution.

Date	Amount	Туре
<u> </u>		
<u> </u>		
<u> </u>		
<u> </u>		
<u> </u>		

I - De-Icing Log

Below, log the amount and type of de-icing materials applied to the site during the winter months.

Date	Amount	Туре

J – Invasive Species

If any invasive species begin to grow in the stormwater management practices, immediately call GRAZ Engineering (603)-585-6959 to be advised on actions to be taken regarding the specific invasive species.

K - Vegetated Filter Strip

This site contains two vegetated filter strips. This filter strips pretreat stormwater prior to entry into rain gardens/infiltration basins and must be maintained.

Maintenance requirements are on the following page.

Filter Strips shown on BMP ID Plan as 'FS1-FS2'.

Date	Inspector	Notes
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Protect the area to be used for the filter strip by using upstream sediment traps.

Use as much of the existing topsoil on the site as possible to enhance plant growth.

Maintenance

Regular maintenance is critical for filter strips to be effective and to ensure that flow does not shortcircuit the system. Conduct semi-annual inspections during the first year (and annually thereafter). Inspect the level spreader for sediment buildup and the vegetation for signs of erosion, bare spots, and overall health. Regular, frequent mowing of the grass is required. Remove sediment from the toe of slope or level spreader, and reseed bare spots as necessary. Periodically, remove sediment that accumulates near the top of the strip to maintain the appropriate slope and prevent formation of a "berm" that could impede the distribution of runoff as sheet flow.

When the filter strip is located in the buffer zone to a wetland resource area, the operation and maintenance plan must include strict measures to ensure that maintenance operations do not alter the wetland resource areas. Please note, filter strips are restricted to the outer 50 feet of the buffer zone.

Cold Climate Considerations

In cold climates such as Massachusetts, the depth of soil media that serves as the planting bed must extend below the frost line to minimize the effects of freezing. Avoid using peat and compost media, which retain water and freeze during the winter, and become impermeable and ineffective.

References:

Center for Watershed Protection, Stormwater Management Fact Sheet: Grassed Filter Strip, http:// www.stormwatercenter.net/Assorted%20Fact%20 Sheets/Tool6_Stormwater_Practices/Filtering%20 Practice/Grassed%20Filter%20Strip.htm

Claytor, R.A. and T.R. Schueler. 1996. Design of Stormwater Filtering Systems. Center for Watershed Protection. Silver Spring, Maryland.

Connecticut Department of Environmental Protection. 2004. Connecticut Stormwater Quality Manual. International Stormwater BMP Database, Biofilter – Grass Strip, http://www.bmpdatabase.org Knox County, Stormwater Management Manual, Volume 2, Section 4.3.9, Filter Strip, Pp. 4-155 to 4-164, http://knoxcounty.org/stormwater/pdfs/vol2/4-3-9%20 Filter%20Strip.pdf

Knoxville, City of, 2003, Knoxville BMP Manual Stormwater Treatment, Filter Strips and Swales, Practice No. ST – 05, http://www.ci.knoxville.tn.us/ engineering/bmp_manual/ST-05.pdf

Maine Department of Environmental Protection. 2006, Maine Stormwater Best Management Practices Manual, Chapter 5, Pp. 5-1 to 5-18, http:// www.maine.gov/dep/blwq//docstand/stormwater/ stormwaterbmps/vol3/chapter5.pdf

Maryland Department of the Environment, 2000, Maryland Stormwater Design Manual, Volume I, Chapter 2, Unified Sizing Criteria, P. 2.39, http://www. mde.state.md.us/assets/document/chapter2.pdf

Massachusetts Highway Department. 2004. Storm Water Handbook for Highways and Bridges.

Metropolitan Council. 2001. Minnesota Urban Small Sites BMP Manual: Stormwater Best Management Practices for Cold Climates. Prepared by Barr Engineering Company. St. Paul, Minnesota.

New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection, 2004, Best Management Practice Manual, Chapter 9.10, Standard for Vegetated Filter Strip, Pp. 9.10-1 to 9.11-10, http://www.njstormwater.org/tier_A/pdf/ NJ_SWBMP_9.10.pdf

New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYDEC). 2001. New York State Stormwater Management Design Manual. Prepared by Center for Watershed Protection. Albany, New York.

United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). 1999. Preliminary Data Summary of Urban Storm Water Best Management Practices. EPA 821-R99-012.

L - Rain Garden

This site contains a rain garden. This rain garden treats stormwater prior to discharge and eventual flow into wetlands, and must be maintained regularly.

Maintenance requirements are on the following page.

Rain Garden shown on BMP ID Plan as 'RG'.

Date	Inspector	Notes

On-site soil mixing or placement is not allowed if soil is saturated or subject to water within 48 hours. Cover and store soil to prevent wetting or saturation.

Test soil for fertility and micro-nutrients and, only if necessary, amend mixture to create optimum conditions for plant establishment and early growth.

Grade the area to allow a ponding depth of 6 to 8 inches; depending on site conditions, more or less ponding may be appropriate.

Cover the soil with 2 to 3 inches of fine-shredded hardwood mulch.

The planting plan shall include a mix of herbaceous perennials, shrubs, and (if conditions permit) understory trees that can tolerate intermittent ponding, occasional saline conditions due to road salt, and extended dry periods. A list of plants that are suitable for bioretention areas can be found at the end of this section. To avoid a monoculture, it is a good practice to include one tree or shrub per 50 square feet of bioretention area, and at least 3 species each of herbaceous perennials and shrubs. Invasive and exotic species are prohibited. The planting plan should also meet any applicable local landscaping requirements.

All exfiltrating bioretention areas must be designed to drain within 72 hours. However, rain gardens are typically designed to drain water within a day and are thus unlikely to breed mosquitoes.

Bioretention cells, including rain gardens, require pretreatment, such as a vegetated filter strip. A stone or pea gravel diaphragm or, even better, a concrete level spreader upstream of a filter strip will enhance sheet flow and sediment removal.

Bioretention cells can be dosed with sheet flow, a surface inlet, or pipe flow. When using a surface

inlet, first direct the flow to a sediment forebay. Alternatively, piped flow may be introduced to the bioretention system via an underdrain.

For bioretention cells dosed via sheet flow or surface inlets, include a ponding area to allow water to pond and be stored temporarily while stormwater is exfiltrating through the cell. Where bioretention areas are adjacent to parking areas, allow three inches of freeboard above the ponding depth to prevent flooding.

Most bioretention cells have an overflow drain that allows ponded water above the selected ponding depth to be dosed to an underdrain. If the bioretention system is designed to exfiltrate, the underdrain is not connected to an outlet, but instead terminates in the bioretention cell. If the bioretention area is not designed to exfiltrate, the underdrain is connected to an outlet for discharge or conveyance to additional best management practices.

Construction

During construction, avoid excessively compacting soils around the bioretention areas and accumulating silt around the drain field. To minimize sediment loading in the treatment area, direct runoff to the bioretention area only from areas that are stabilized; always divert construction runoff elsewhere.

To avoid compaction of the parent material, work from the edge of the area proposed as the location of an exfiltrationg bioretention cell. Never direct runoff to the cell until the cell and the contributing drainage areas are fully stabilized.

Place planting soils in 1-foot to 2-foot lifts and compact them with minimal pressure until the desired elevation is reached. Some engineers suggest flooding the cell between each lift placement in lieu of compaction.

Maintenance

Premature failure of bioretention areas is a significant issue caused by lack of regular maintenance. Ensuring long-term maintenance involves sustained public education and deed restrictions or covenants for privately owned cells. Bioretention areas require careful attention while plants are being established

Bioretention Maintenance Schedule		
Activity	Time of Year	Frequency
Inspect & remove trash	Year round	Monthly
Mulch	Spring	Annually
Remove dead vegetation	Fall or Spring	Annually
Replace dead vegetation	Spring	Annually
Prune	Spring or Fall	Annually
Replace entire media & all vegetation	Late Spring/early Summer	As needed*

* Paying careful attention to pretreatment and operation & maintenance can extend the life of the soil media Structural BMPs - Volume 2 | Chapter 2 page 27 and seasonal landscaping maintenance thereafter.

In many cases, a landscaping contractor working elsewhere on the site can complete maintenance tasks. Inspect pretreatment devices and bioretention cells regularly for sediment build-up, structural damage, and standing water.

Inspect soil and repair eroded areas monthly. Re-mulch void areas as needed. Remove litter and debris monthly. Treat diseased vegetation as needed. Remove and replace dead vegetation twice per year (spring and fall).

Proper selection of plant species and support during establishment of vegetation should minimize—if not eliminate—the need for fertilizers and pesticides. Remove invasive species as needed to prevent these species from spreading into the bioretention area. Replace mulch every two years, in the early spring. Upon failure, excavate bioretention area, scarify bottom and sides, replace filter fabric and soil, replant, and mulch. A summary of maintenance activities can be found on the previous page.

Because the soil medium filters contaminants from runoff, the cation exchange capacity of the soil media will eventually be exhausted. When the cation exchange capacity of the soil media decreases, change the soil media to prevent contaminants from migrating to the groundwater, or from being discharged via an underdrain outlet. Using small shrubs and plants instead of larger trees will make it easier to replace the media with clean material when needed.

Plant maintenance is critical. Concentrated salts in roadway runoff may kill plants, necessitating removal of dead vegetation each spring and replanting. The operation and maintenance plan must include measures to make sure the plants are maintained. This is particularly true in residential subdivisions, where the operation and maintenance plan may assign each homeowner the legal responsibility to maintain a bioretention cell or rain garden on his or her property. Including the requirement in the property deed for new subdivisions may alert residential property owners to their legal responsibilities regarding the bioretention cells constructed on their lot.

Cold Climate Considerations

Never store snow in bioretention areas. The Operation and Maintenance plan must specify where on-site snow will be stored. All snow dumps must comply with MassDEP's guidance. When bioretention areas are located along roads, care must be taken during plowing operations to prevent snow from being plowed into the bioretention areas. If snow is plowed into the cells, runoff may bypass the cell and drain into downgradient wetlands without first receiving the required water quality treatment, and without recharging the groundwater.

References

Center for Watershed Protection, 2000, Bioretention as a Water Quality Best Management Practice, Article 110 from Watershed Protection Techniques; http:// www.cwp.org/Downloads/ELC_PWP110.pdf Federal Highway Administration , YEAR, Bioretention Fact Sheet, http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/environment/

Low Impact Development Center, 2003, Drainage – Bioretention Specification, http://www. lowimpactdevelopment.org/epa03/biospec.htm

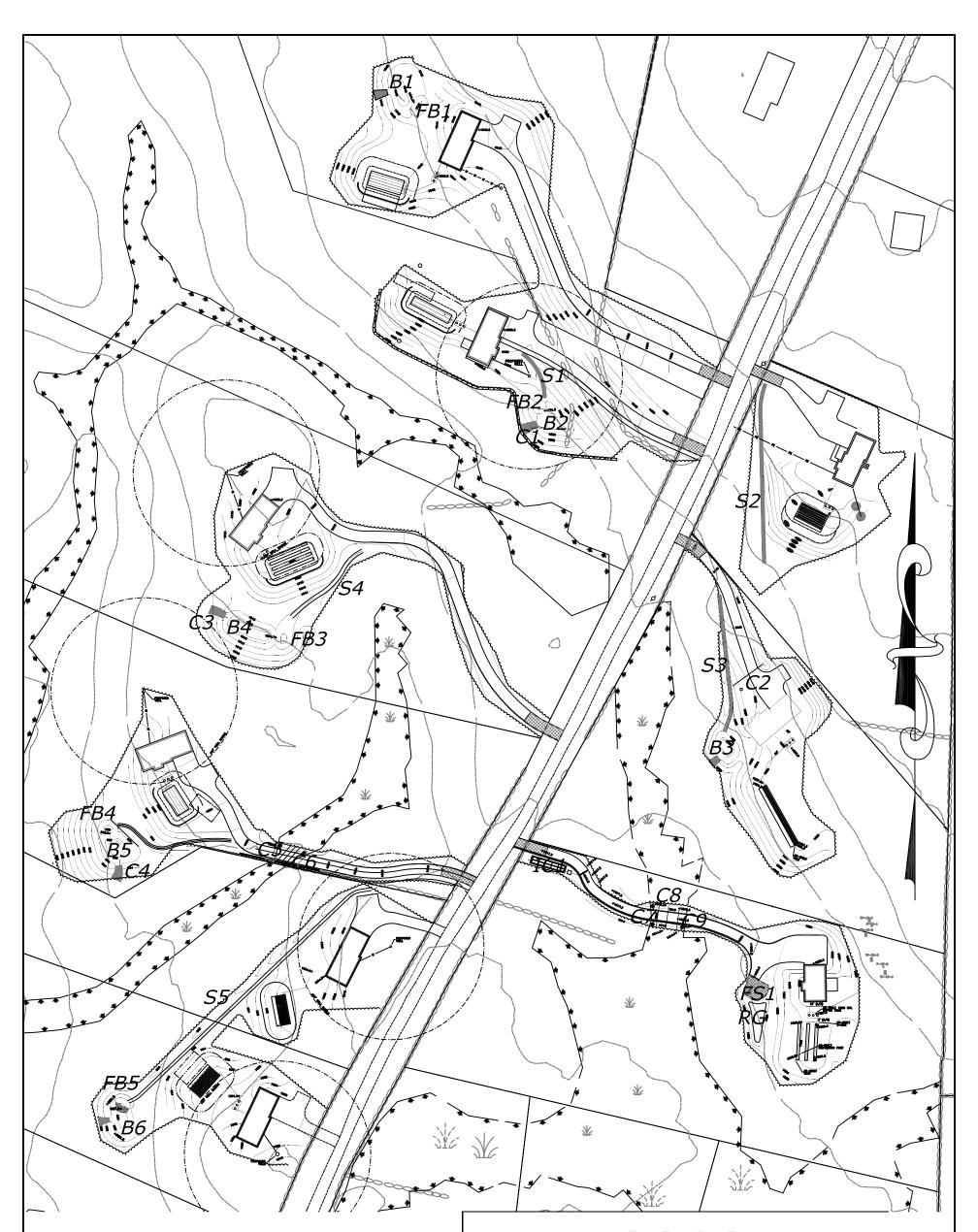
Prince Georges County, 2002, Bioretention Manual, http://www.goprincegeorgescounty.com/der/bioretention.asp

Puget Sound Action Team, 2005, Low Impact Development, Pp. 174 - 184 http://www.psat.wa.gov/ Publications/LID_tech_manual05/LID_manual2005. pdf

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 1999, Stormwater Technology Fact Sheet, Bioretention, EPA 832-F-99-012, http://www.epa.gov/owm/mtb/biortn. pdf

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 2005, National Management Measures to Control Nonpoint Source Pollution from Urban Areas, Publication Number EPA 841-B-05-004, Pp. 5-29 http://www.epa.gov/nps/ urbanmm/

University of North Carolina, www.bae.ncsu.edu/topic/bioretention www.bae.ncsu.edu/stormwater/PublicationFiles/ DesigningRainGardens2001.pdf



S1 SWALE B1 BASIN

0

- C1 CULVERT
- FB1 SEDIMENT FOREBAY
- RG RAIN GARDEN

100

FS VEGETATED FILTER STRIP

SCALE: 1"=100' ON ORIGINAL

IC1 INFILTRATOR CHAMBER BED

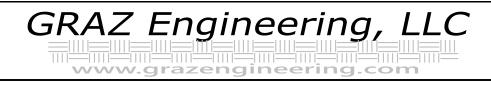
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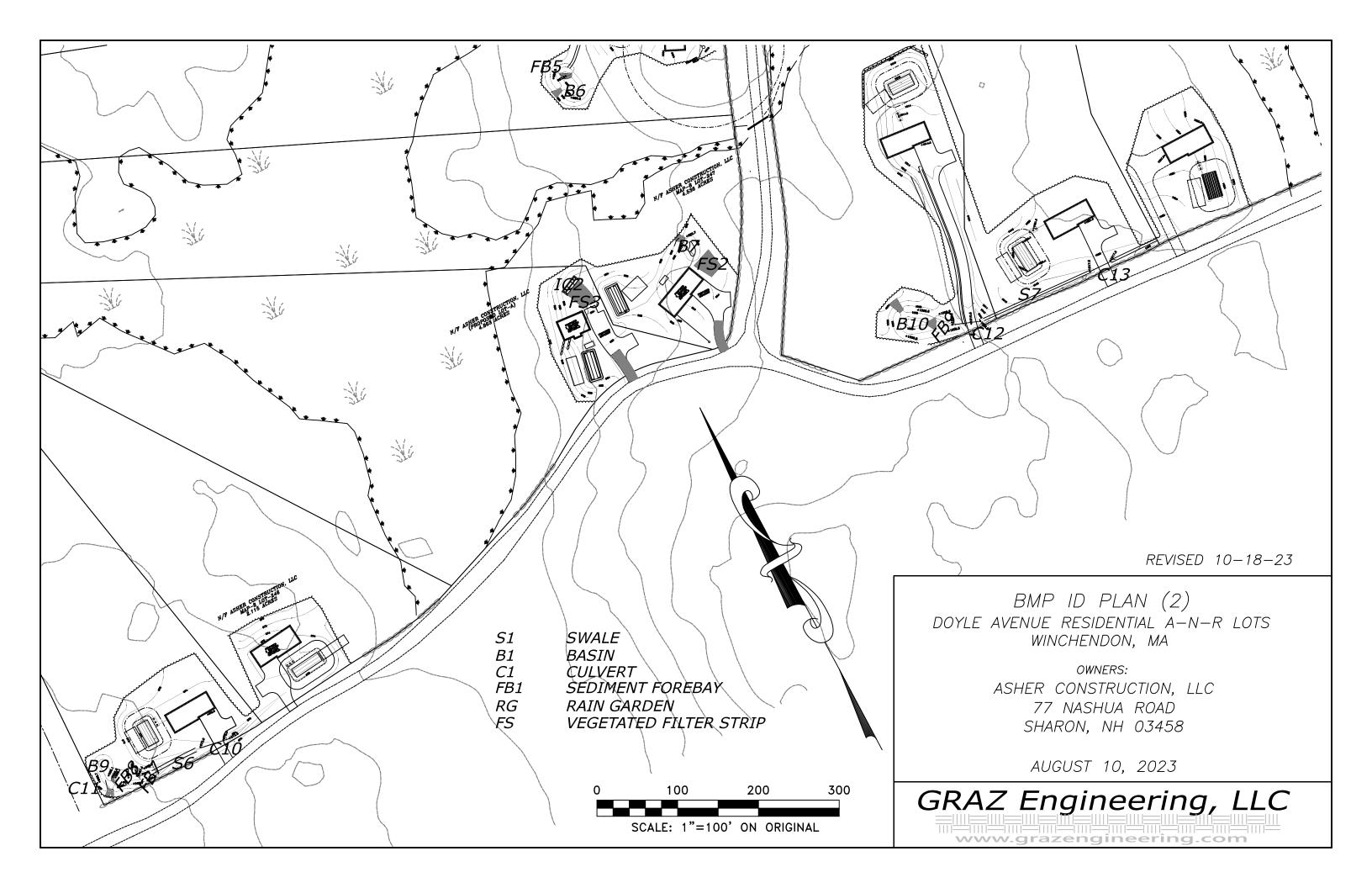
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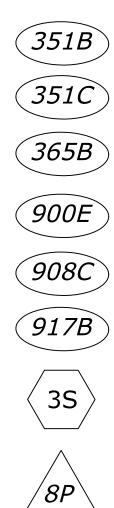
owners: ASHER CONSTRUCTION, LLC 77 NASHUA ROAD SHARON, NH 03458

AUGUST 10, 2023









BECKET FINE SANDY LOAM, 3-8% SLOPES (HSG C) BECKET FINE SANDY LOAM, 8-15% SLOPES (HSG C)

SKERRY FINE SANDY LOAM, 3-8% SLOPES (HSG C/D)

BEKCET-MONADNOCK ASSOC, 15-45% SLOPES (HSG B)

BECKET-SKERRY ASSOC, 0-15% SLOPES (HSG C)

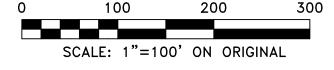
PILLSBURY-PEACHAM ASSOC, 0-8% SLOPES (HSG C/D)

POND (TYP)

SUBCATCHMENT (TYP)

20R

REACH (TYP)



EXISTING CONDITION DRAINAGE PLAN

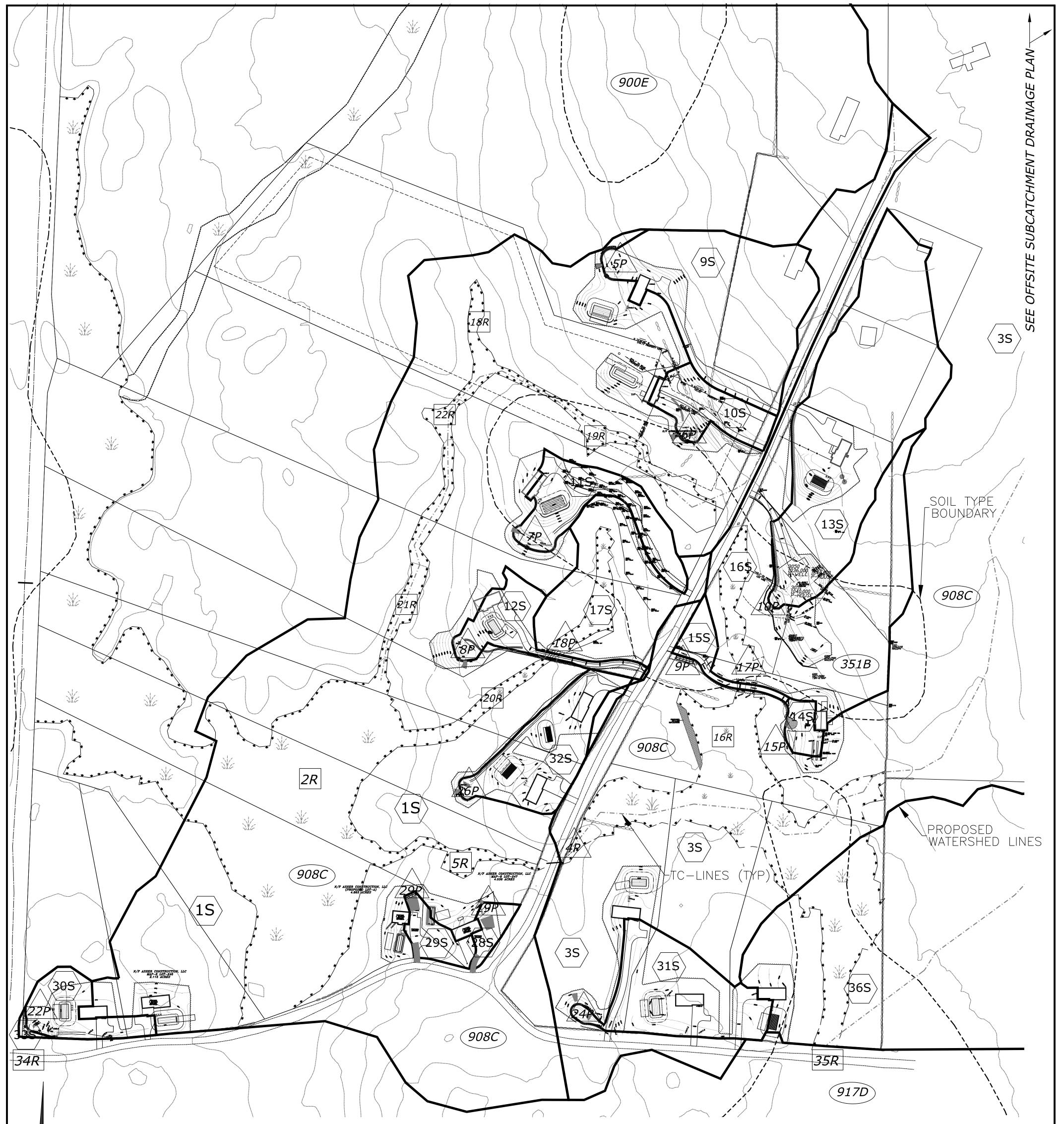
DOYLE AVENUE RESIDENTIAL A-N-R LOTS WINCHENDON, MA

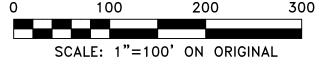
OWNERS:

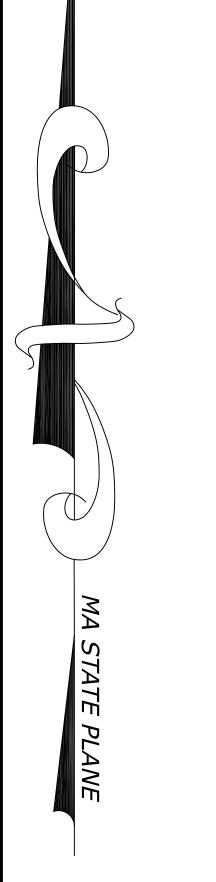
ASHER CONSTRUCTION, LLC 77 NASHUA ROAD SHARON, NH 03458

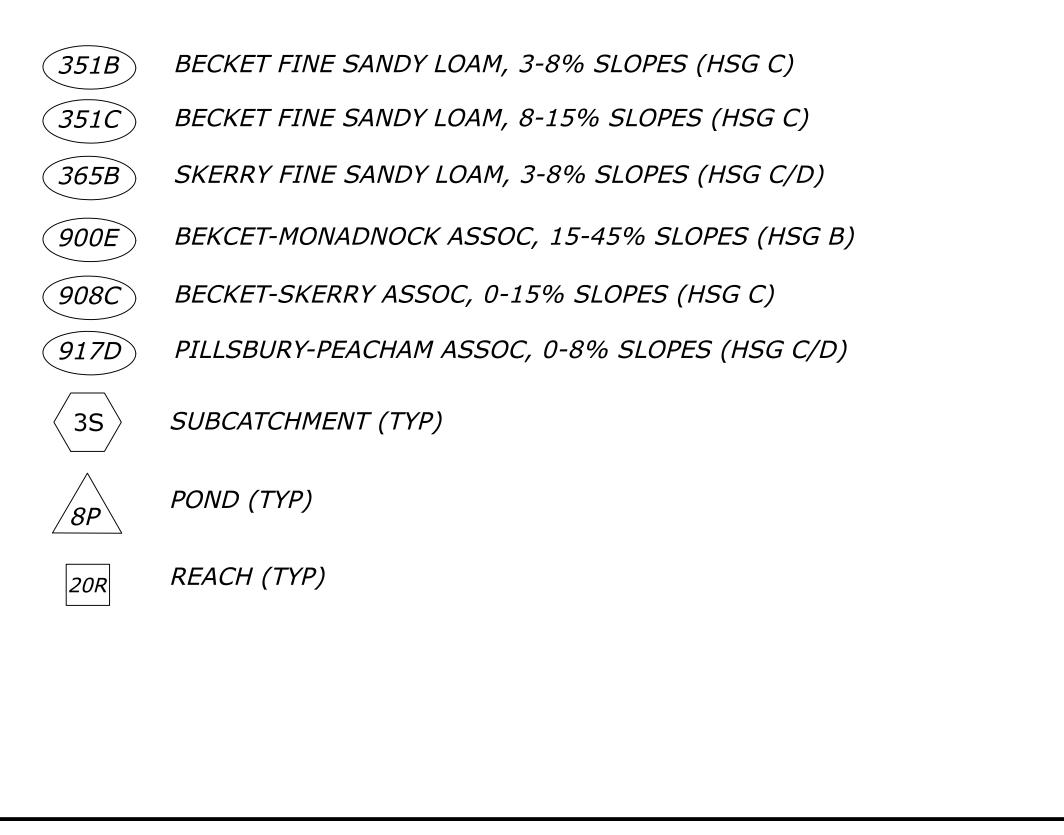
AUGUST 10, 2023

GRAZ Engineering, LLC









REVISED 10-18-23

PROPOSED CONDITION DRAINAGE PLAN

DOYLE AVENUE RESIDENTIAL A-N-R LOTS WINCHENDON, MA

OWNERS:

ASHER CONSTRUCTION, LLC 77 NASHUA ROAD SHARON, NH 03458

AUGUST 10, 2023

GRAZ Engineering, LLC

